State of California The Natural Resources Agency DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES Division of Statewide Integrated Water Management Water Use and Efficiency Branch

A Guidebook to Assist Agricultural Water Suppliers to Prepare a 2012 Agricultural Water Management Plan



October 8, 2012

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Copies of this report are available from:

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This Guidebook is also available on the Water Use and Efficiency website at: http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/sb7/committees/ag/a6/

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List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

AF Acre foot

AWMC Agricultural Water Management Council

AWMP Agricultural Water Management Plan

CVPIA Central Valley Project Improved Act (1992)

CCR California Code of Regulations

CWC California Water Code

EWMP Efficient Water Management Practices

DWR Department of Water Resources

MOU Memorandum of Understanding

RRA Reclamation Reform Act (1982)

SB X7-7 The Senate Bill X7-7, the Water Conservation Act of 2009

SWP State Water Project

SWRCB State Water Resources Control Board

§ Code or Regulatory Section

USBR United States Bureau of Reclamation

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1 Introduction

1.1 Using this Guidebook

The "Guidebook to Assist Agricultural Water Suppliers to Prepare a 2012 Agricultural Water Management Plan" (Guidebook) was prepared by the California Department of Water Resources (DWR) to assist agricultural water suppliers in complying with the requirements of the Water Conservation Act of 2009 (SB X7-7, Section I, Part 2.55, Division 6 of the Water Code), the associated Agricultural Water Management Planning Act (Part 2.8 Division 6 of The Water Code), and the subsequent Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation requirements. It is meant to help agricultural water suppliers better understand the SB X7-7 Agricultural Water Management Plan (AWMP or Plan) requirements and assist them in developing an AWMP. The Guidebook also provides information on how agricultural water suppliers may meet the AWMP documentation requirements of the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation (described in Title 23 California Code of Regulations) and describes how plans submitted to the Agriculture Water Management Council (AWMC) or U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) can be supplemented to satisfy SB X7-7 requirements. However, the water suppliers are solely responsible for ensuring that they have complied with SB X7-7 or other applicable laws and regulations.

A DWR Guidebook to Assist Agricultural Water Suppliers to Prepare a 2012 Agricultural Water Management Plan is posted on DWR website at:

http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/sb7/committees/ag/a6/

1.2 Guidebook Objectives

The objectives of this Guidebook are to assist agricultural water suppliers in preparing their AWMP and to meet the requirements of SB X7-7, the Water Conservation Act of 2009. **This guidebook is not a rule; use of this guidebook is encouraged but is not required.**

The Guidebook objectives focus on providing information on how to complete the required components for preparing an AWMP in a manner that facilitates the water management planning process. Specifically, the objectives are to:

- Inform water suppliers of AWMP required elements identified in the California Water Code (CWC).
- Describe the relationship between SB X7-7 and Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation and reporting requirements (Title 23 California Code of Regulations [CCR], Section 597 et seq.).
- Provide guidance to demonstrate compliance with SB X7-7.
- Describe how to submit a completed 2012 AWMP to DWR.

1.3 Important Deadlines

Upcoming deadlines specified in SB X7-7 and the Ag Water Measurement Regulation are as follows:

July 2012	Implement the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation and complete any measurement device testing/certification in accordance with the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation. Include in the 2012 Agriculture Water Management Plan (AWMP), if applicable, the required documentation and a plan for corrective action if existing measurement devices are not in compliance.
July 31, 2012	Begin implementing critical EWMPs and conditional EWMPs (for the latter, only if these are locally cost-effective and technically feasible).
December 31, 2012	Adopt 2012 Plan. Submit 2012 Plan to DWR within 30 days of adoption.
July 31, 2013	Submit Agricultural Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Report to DWR.
December 31, 2015	Complete corrective action for agricultural water measurement devices, if applicable, in accordance with the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation and the 2012 Plan.
December 31, 2015	Adopt 2015 Plan. Submit 2015 Plan to DWR within 30 days of adoption.

1.4 Agricultural Water Management Planning Background

SB X7-7 states:

An Agricultural water supplier shall prepare and adopt the Plan on or before December 31, 2012, and shall update that Plan on December 31, 2015, and on or before December 31 every five years thereafter.

"Agricultural water supplier" is defined as a water supplier, either publicly or privately owned, providing water to 10,000 or more irrigated acres, excluding recycled water. "Agricultural water supplier" includes a supplier or contractor for water regardless of the basis of right that distributes or sells water for ultimate resale to customers.

Every water supplier that becomes an agricultural water supplier after December 31, 2012, shall prepare and adopt the Plan within one year after the date it has become an agricultural water supplier.

Agricultural water supplier shall make its proposed Plan available for public review and provide copies of its adopted Plan to certain entities.

Agricultural water supplier shall implement its Plan according to the schedule set forth in its Plan.

On or after July 1, 2013 an agricultural water supplier is not eligible for a water grant or loan awarded or administered by the State unless the supplier complies with SB X7-7 (adopts the Plan and implements EWMPs). No agricultural water supplier that provides water to less than 25,000 irrigated acres,

Important note regarding water supplier loan and grant eligibility

AWMPs that meet SB X7-7 requirements are necessary for grant eligibility on or after July 1, 2013. If an agricultural water supplier doesn't implement all the EWMPs, the supplier can still be eligible if the following documentation is submitted to DWR:

- ✓ Schedule to Implement EWMPs (Chapter 3.7 of the Guidebook)
- ✓ Documentation justifying EWMPs are not locally cost effective or technically feasible. (Chapter 3.7 of the Guidebook)

excluding recycled water, shall be required to adopt and implement the Plan unless sufficient funding has specifically been provided to that water supplier for these purposes.

If the agricultural water supplier adopts an urban water management plan pursuant to SB X7-7 or by participating in area-wide, regional, watershed, or basin-wide water management planning, the supplier may satisfy the requirements of the Agriculture Water Management Planning Act (Part 2.8 of Water Code) if these plans meet or exceed the requirements of this Part.

1.5 Submittal Requirements - What to Submit

Option 1: Agricultural water suppliers that submit Plans to DWR in accordance to SB X7-7 Plan Content requirements

Agricultural water suppliers (defined above) must submit an AWMP to DWR. The AWMP contents are outlined in section 10826 of the California Water Code and are described in the AWMP Guidebook. All agricultural water suppliers are to report the EWMPs implemented and those planned, an estimate of efficiency improvement since the last report, and improvement expected in the next five and ten years. If an EWMP is determined to be not locally cost-effective or technically feasible, the water supplier is to submit documentation for the determination in the Plan (see Chapter 3.7 of the Guidebook). All agricultural water suppliers should also include any additional documentation necessary to comply with water measurement (see Chapters 3.8 and 6 of the Guidebook).

Option 2: Agricultural water suppliers that submit Plans to the Agricultural Water Management Council (AWMC)

Agricultural water suppliers that submit water management plans in compliance with Agricultural Water Management Council Memorandum of Understanding (AWMC MOU) requirements may submit these plans with additional information to satisfy SB X7-7 plan requirements. The plan's preparation should follow CWC Part 2.8 (see Chapter 4 of the Guidebook). Additional documentation are information on EWMPs implemented, EWMPs planned for implementation, estimate of efficiency improvements since the last report, and efficiency improvements expected in the next 5 and 10 years. If any EWMP is determined to be not locally cost-effective or technically feasible, documentation for that determination

All agricultural water suppliers subject to SB X7-7 implement the critical EWMPs (outlined in CWC 10608.48 (b)) and also conditional EWMPs (outlined in 10608.48 (c) if they are locally cost effective or technically feasible and report it (10608.48(d) and (e)).

should be included (see Chapter 3.7 of the Guidebook). Additional documentation required by the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation, as Attachments A through E of the AWMP, should also be included (see Chapter 6 of the Guidebook). All additional documentations should be reviewed and adopted by the water supplier and be part of the plan submitted to the AWMC.

Option 3: Agricultural water suppliers that submit Plans to U.S. Bureau of Reclamation

Agricultural water suppliers that submit water management/conservation plans under the Central Valley Improvement Act of 1992 (CVPIA) or Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (RRA) may submit these plans and additional documentation to DWR in order to satisfy SB X7-7 plan requirements under certain conditions: 1) the water management/conservation plan has been adopted by the agricultural water supplier and submitted to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) within the previous four years and 2)

the USBR has accepted the water management/conservation plan as adequate. SB X7-7 does not require these agricultural water suppliers to prepare and adopt water management/ conservation plans on a schedule different from that required by the USBR. The agricultural water suppliers that submit a plan to USBR may meet the requirements of section 10608.48 (d) and (e) [report of EWMPs implemented, planned for implementation, and estimate of efficiency improvements, as well as documentation for not locally cost effective EWMPs] by submitting the USBR-accepted plan to DWR. Additional documentation required by the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation, as Attachments A through E of the AWMP, should also be included (see Chapter 6 of the Guidebook). This documentation should be in the plan submitted to the USBR for plans that have not yet been accepted as adequate by the USBR. This documentation must be submitted with the plans to DWR for those that have already been accepted by the USBR. DWR encourages CVPIA/RRA water suppliers to also provide a report on water use efficiency information (required by section 10608.48(d); see Chapter 3.7 of Guidebook). CVPIA/RRA plans accepted as adequate by Reclamation are acceptable as 2012 plans to DWR, provided the water supplier submits the additional documentation to DWR and the plan was accepted as adequate after January 1, 2009. The plan's preparation should follow CWC Part 2.8 (see Chapter 5 of the Guidebook).

1.6 Plan Submittal

All agricultural water suppliers that are required to prepare and implement an AWMP submit a copy of the Plan to DWR and a copy to the California State Library as well as other entities as specified in Chapter 3.1.

Additionally, all agricultural water suppliers subject to SB X7-7 must provide documentation required by the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation (see Chapter 6 of the Guidebook) as Attachments A through E, when appropriate:

Attachment A - Legal
Certification and
Apportionment Required for
Water Measurement

Attachment B - Engineer Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement

Attachment C - Description of Water Measurement Best Professional Practices

Attachment D Documentation of flow,
velocity, or water level to
volume

Attachment E - Device Corrective Action Plan Required for Water Measurement

A. Submission to DWR

Send the AWMP and applicable documentation required by SB X7-7 and the Agriculture Water Measurement Regulations directly to DWR. DWR requests one (1) electronic copy and one (1) hardcopy of the AWMP and all applicable documentation.

The electronic copy can be sent by email to agwue@water.ca.gov (attachment size not to exceed 20 MB) or on a CD.

CDs and hard copies should be mailed to:

Agricultural Water Use Efficiency
Department of Water Resources
Statewide Integrated Water Management
Water Use and Efficiency Branch
PO Box 942836
Sacramento, CA 94236-0001

Or, dropped off in person at:

Agricultural Water Use Efficiency
Department of Water Resources
Statewide Integrated Water Management
Water Use and Efficiency Branch
901 P Street, Room 314
Sacramento, CA 95814

For members of the AWMC with water management plans submitted to the AWMC, the water supplier is responsible for timely submittal of these plans to DWR. These water suppliers may submit the AWMC plan directly to DWR. One (1) electronic copy and one (1) hard copy of the plan and applicable documentation should be submitted.

For CVPIA/RRA water supplier plans accepted as adequate by Reclamation, the water supplier is responsible for the timely acceptance of the plan. These suppliers submit the plan and applicable documentation directly to DWR.

B. Submission to the California State Library

Complete AWMPs must also be submitted to the California State Library. Complete AWMPs include the plan and any applicable required supporting documentation, attachments, or additional documentation.

Hardcopies or CDs should be mailed to:

California State Library
Government Publications Section
ATTN: Water Management Plan Coordinator
P.O. Box 942837
Sacramento, CA 94237-0001

Electronic copies (preferably Adobe .pdf files) should be emailed to: cslgps@library.ca.gov

Include, "Agricultural Water Management Plan submission" in the subject line.

1.7 DWR's Review of Submittals

DWR will review all submittals to determine if plans and other documents meet the requirements of SB X7-7 and the Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation. DWR will inform water suppliers about the status of their plans as follows:

• If a water supplier submits all the required documentation, the submittals will be accepted as meeting the requirements of SB X7-7. If information is missing, the supplier will be notified that the submittals do not meet the requirements of SB X7-7. The supplier may revise the submittals and, if needed, amend and resubmit them to DWR for review.

1.8 DWR Report to the California Legislature

In accordance with SB X7-7, DWR, in consultation with the State Water Resources Control Board, will report to the Legislature on or before December 31, 2013, on the status of all submittals. DWR will not approve, disapprove, or critique individual submittals in its report to the Legislature and will provide a copy to the agricultural water suppliers that submitted plans.

The report will:

- Identify agricultural water suppliers that have submitted a plan that meets the requirements of SB X7-7,
- Identify agricultural water suppliers that have not met the requirements,
- Identify outstanding elements of the plans,
- Include EWMPs that have been implemented and planned for implementation,
- Include an evaluation of the effectiveness of SB X7-7 in promoting efficient water management practices,
- Include an assessment of how the implementation of EWMPs has affected and will affect agricultural operations including an estimate of water use efficiency improvements,
- Include the efficiency improvements identified in the plans, and
- May make recommendations to the legislature on proposed changes to the SB X7-7.

1.9 Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Report

Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Reporting is <u>not</u> required for compliance with the SB X7-7 AWMP process. Information on the Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Report has been included in this Guidebook for informational purposes.

All agricultural water suppliers providing water (excluding recycled water) to at least 25,000 irrigated acres (and those supplying 10,000 to 25,000 acres if funding is provided) must measure water delivery to their customers according to the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation. That regulation specifies the format of the data to be reported to DWR (see Appendix B.4 for aggregated farm-gate deliveries table in Article 2 Form (Rev. 6-20-2012)).

In addition, the following agricultural water suppliers, as required by AB 1404, use best professional practices to measure water deliveries to their customers and also submit the above report to DWR:

- Suppliers providing water for 10,000 to 25,000 acres of irrigated land <u>if no funding is provided</u>,
 and
- Suppliers providing water for 2,000 to 10,000 acres of irrigated land or delivering 2,000 acre-feet or more of water annually.

DWR has issued a News Release on September 6, 2012 providing the necessary form for submittal of the agricultural water supplier farm-gate delivery reporting to DWR. DWR website http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/agricultural/farmgatedelivery.cfm.

1.10 Guidebook Organization

The Guidebook is organized into seven parts:

- Introduction includes background information, important dates, and submittal process
- Agricultural Water Management Plan Preparation includes a template that can be used to prepare an SB X7-7-compliant Agricultural Water Management Plan (AWMP)
- SB X7-7 Agricultural Water Management Plan Preparation Guidance includes specific guidance and recommendations for addressing SB X7-7 AWMP requirements as identified in the California Water Code (CWC)
- **AWMC MOU Process Guidance** includes SB X7-7 compliance guidance for members of the AWMC who submit plans under the AWMC MOU process
- USBR CVPIA/RRA Process Guidance includes SB X7-7 compliance guidance for agricultural water suppliers that submit plans to the USBR under the CVPIA/RRA process
- Water Measurement Documentation includes Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation requirements for documentation in the AWMP.
- Appendix A: Worksheets includes tables that agricultural water suppliers may use in completing the AWMP and reporting information
- Appendix B: Supporting Information –includes detailed discussions of specific subjects, supporting documents related to preparing the AWMP, Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation compliance and documentation, Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Reporting Format for Article 2 (Rev.6-20-12), and text of SB X7-7 and the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation.

In using Refer to **Frequently Asked Questions** (FAQs) Section of this Guidebook (Appendix B.1) for further information. See Appendix B.2, Figure 1 for an overview of the AWMP and Figure 2 for agricultural water measurement compliance processes. Appendix B.3 compares the entire agricultural water supplier planning requirements among the SB X7-7, Agricultural Water Management Council's MOU, and the Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) plans.

Table A summarizes the relationship between SB X7-7 AWMP required contents/elements, the AWMC MOU water management plan requirements, and USBR water management/conservation plan requirements. **Table B** shows applicable Efficient Water Management Practices (EWMPs) and Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation documentation.

Table A. Comparison of California Water Code AWMP Required Elements with AWMC MOU and USBR Plan Requirements				
Required Element	CA Water Code §	AMWC 1999 MOU ¹	USBR CVPIA and RRA ²	
Coordination	N/A	Step 1	N/A	
Plan Adoption	10821	Step 7	Section 8	
Previous Water Management Activities	10826 (d)	Step 4	N/A	
Agricultural Water Supplier Service Area	10826 (a)	Step 2	Section 1	
Inventory of Water Supplies	10826 (b)	Step 3A-C	Section 2	
Source Water Quality Monitoring Practices	10826 (b) (4)	Step 3D	Section 2D	
Water Uses	10826 (b) (5)	Step 3E	Section 2E	
Drainage from the water supplier's surface area	10826 (b) (6)	Step 3F	Section 2F	
Water accounting	10826 (b) (7)	Step 3G	Section 2G	
Water Supply Reliability	10826 (b) (8)	Step 3H	N/A	
Effects of Climate Change on Future Supply	10826 (c)	N/A	N/A	
EWMPs	10826(e) & 10608.48(b)-(c)	Step 5	Section 3	
Regional Plan	10829	N/A	Section 7	

Notes:

Step 6: "Develop schedules, budgets, and projected results" is unique to the MOU.
 Sections 4-7 are unique to USBR's process (Section 4: BMPs for Urban Contractors; Section 5: Plan Implementation; Section 6: Exemption Process)

Table B. EWMPs and Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation Documentation Required For the Three Options				
Required by	Requirement details	SB X7-7 Plan (Option 1)	AWMC MOU Plan (Option 2)	CVPIA/RRA Plan (Option 3)
	Documentation R	lequired as a Par	rt of the Plan	
Required by SB X7-7 (see Chapter 3.7)	Table VII.A: Report of 10608.48 EWMPs Implemented Table VII.B: Non- Implemented 10608.48 EWMPs Documentation	Required These suppliers may meet this requirement by submitting CVPIA/RRA Plan		may meet this requirement by
	Attachment A- Legal Certification	Required		
Required by	Attachment B- Engineer Certification	Required		
Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation, where applicable	Attachment C- Description of Best Professional Practices	Required		
(see Chapter 6)	Attachment D- Water Measurement Conversion	Required		
	Attachment E- Correction Action	Required		
Documentation Required, If Water Supplier Has Not implemented All EWMPs, for Loan and Grant Eligibility				
Required by SB Table VII.B: Non-Implemented 10608.48 EWMPs Documentation Required if any of the CWC 10 EWMPs is not locally cost effective.				
X7-7 (see Chapter 3.7)	Worksheet 49- Schedule to Implement 10608.48 EWMPs	Required if all of the CWC 10608.48 EWMPs have not been implemented.		

2 Agricultural Water Management Plan Preparation

This chapter identifies SB X7-7 requirements for compliance with Water Conservation Act of 2009 preparation of an AWMP. The requirements to be included in an AWMP are provided in a template that can be used to prepare the AWMP. Agricultural water suppliers may use the worksheets provided in Appendix A to report the information in the AWMP. The AWMP Template outline and the use of worksheets are encouraged but are not required. The following section, Chapter 3, details SB X7-7 requirements, identifies what data may be useful in required descriptions, and provides examples, explanations, and links that may be useful in preparing an AWMP.

The following checklist can be used by the water supplier to ensure compliance with all AWMP plan content, and plan preparation and adoption requirements. Completion of this checklist is encouraged for all water suppliers submitting plans for compliance with SB X7-7.

2.1 Checklist

AWMP* Location	Guidebook Location	Description	SB X7-7 Section (or other, as identified)
	1.4	AWMP Required?	10820, 10608.12
	1.4	At least 25,000 irrigated acres or	10853
	1.4	Less than 25,000 acres and funding provided	10853
	1.4	Initial AWMP prepared and adopted by December 31, 2012?	10820 (a)
	1.4	December 31, 2015 update?	10820 (a)
	1.4	5-year cycle update?	10820 (a)
	1.4	New agricultural water supplier after December 31, 2012 - AWMP prepared and adopted within 1 year?	10820 (b)
	1.5, 4.2	AWC 1999 MOU: Report on EWMP implemented or scheduled for implementation included?	10827
	1.5, 5	USBR water management/conservation plan:	10828(a)
	1.5, 5.1	Adopted and submitted to the United States Bureau of Reclamation within the previous four years? AND	10828(a)(1)

1.5, 5.1	The United States Bureau of Reclamation has accepted the water management/conservation plan as adequate?	10828(a)(2)
1.4	UWMP or participation in areawide, regional, watershed, or basinwide water management planning: does the plan meet requirements of SB X7-7 2.8? (use checklist)	10829
3.1 A	Description of previous water management activities	10826(d)
3.1 B.1	Was each city or county within which supplier provides water supplies notified that the agricultural water supplier will be preparing or amending a plan?	10821(a)
3.2 B.2	Was the proposed plan available for public inspection prior to plan adoption?	10841
3.1 B.2	Publically-owned supplier: Prior to the hearing, was the notice of the time and place of hearing published within the jurisdiction of the publicly owned agricultural water supplier in accordance with Government Code 6066?	10841
3.1 B.2	14 days notification for public hearing?	GC 6066
3.1 B.2	Two publications in newspaper within those 14 days?	GC 6066
3.1 B.2	At least 5 days between publications ? (not including publication date)	GC 6066
3.1 B.2	Privately-owned supplier: was equivalent notice within its service area and reasonably equivalent opportunity that would otherwise be afforded through a public hearing process provided?	10841
3.1 C.1	After hearing/equivalent notice, was the plan adopted as prepared or as modified during or after the hearing?	10841
3.1 C.2	Was a copy of the AWMP, ammendments, or changes, submitted to the entities below, no later than 30 days after the adoption?	10843(a)
3.1 C.2	The department.	10843(b)(1)
3.1 C.2	Any city, county, or city and county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.	10843(b)(2)
3.1 C.2	Any groundwater management entity within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier extracts or provides water supplies.	10843(b)(3)
3.1 C.2	Any urban water supplier within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.	10843(b)(4)
3.1 C.2	Any city or county library within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.	10843(b)(5)
3.1 C.2	The California State Library.	10843(b)(6)

3.1 C.2	Any local agency formation commission serving a county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.	10843(b)(7)
3.1 C.3	3.1 C.3 Adopted AWMP availability	
3.1 C.3	Was the AWMP available for public review on the agricultural water supplier's Internet Web site wtihin 30 days of adoption?	10844(a)
3.1 C.3	If no Internet Web site, was an electronic copy of the AWMP submitted to DWR within 30 days of adoption?	10844(b)
3.1 D.1	Implement the AWMP in accordance with the schedule set forth in its plan, as determined by the governing body of the agricultural water supplier.	10842
3.2	Description of the agricultural water supplier and service area including:	10826(a)
3.2 A.1	Size of the service area.	10826(a)(1)
3.2 A.2	Location of the service area and its water management facilities.	10826(a)(2)
3.2 A.3	Terrain and soils.	10826(a)(3)
3.2 A.4	Climate.	10826(a)(4)
3.2 B.1	Operating rules and regulations.	10826(a)(5)
3.2 B.2	Water delivery measurements or calculations.	10826(a)(6)
3.2 B.3	Water rate schedules and billing.	10826(a)(7)
3.2 B.4	Water shortage allocation policies.	10826(a)(8)
3.3	Water uses within the service area, including all of the following:	10826(b)(5)
3.3 A	Agricultural.	10826(b)(5)(A)
3.3 B	Environmental.	10826(b)(5)(B)
3.3 C	Recreational.	10826(b)(5)(C)
3.3 D	Municipal and industrial.	10826(b)(5)(D)
3.3 E	Groundwater recharge.	10826(b)(5)(E)
3.3 F	Transfers and exchanges.	10826(b)(5)(F)
3.3 G	Other water uses.	10826(b)(5)(G)
3.4 A	Description of the quantity of agricultural water supplier's supplies as:	10826(b)
3.4 A.1	Surface water supply.	10826(b)(1)
3.4 A.2	Groundwater supply.	10826(b)(2)
3.4 A.3	Other water supplies.	10826(b)(3)

3.4 A.4	Drainage from the water supplier's service area.	10826(b)(6)
3.4 B	Description of the quality of agricultural waters suppliers supplies as:	10826(b)
3.4 B.1	Surface water supply.	10826(b)(1)
3.4 B.2	Groundwater supply.	10826(b)(2)
3.4 B.3	Other water supplies.	10826(b)(3)
3.4 C	Source water quality monitoring practices.	10826(b)(4)
3.4 B.4	Drainage from the water supplier's service area.	10826(b)(6)
3.5	Description of water accounting, including all of the following:	10826(b)(7)
3.5 A	Quantifying the water supplier's water supplies.	10826(b)(7)(A)
3.5 B	Tabulating water uses.	10826(b)(7)(B)
3.5 C	Overall water budget.	10826(b)(7)(C)
3.5 D	Description of water supply reliability.	10826(b)(8)
3.6	Analysis of climate change effect on future water supplies analysis	10826(c)
3.7	Water use efficiency information required pursuant to Section 10608.48.	10826(e)
3.7 A	Implement efficient water management practices (EWMPs)	10608.48(a)
3.7 A.1	Implement Critical EWMP: Measure the volume of water delivered to customers with sufficient accuracy to comply with subdivision (a) of Section 531.10 and to implement paragraph (2).	10608.48(b)
3.7 A.1	Implement Critical EWMP: Adopt a pricing structure for water customers based at least in part on quantity delivered.	10608.48(b)
3.7 A.2	Implement additional locally cost-effective and technically feasible EWMPs	10608.48(c)
3.7 B	If applicable, document (in the report) the determination that EWMPs are not locally cost-effective or technically feasible	10608.48(d)
3.7 A	Include a report on which EWMPs have been implemented and planned to be implemented	10608.48(d)
3.7 A	Include (in the report) an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements that have occurred since the last report, and an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements estimated to occur five and 10 years in the future.	10608.48(d)
 5	USBR water management/conservation plan may meet requirements for EWMPs	10608.48(f)
6 A	Lack of legal access certification (if water measuring not at farm gate or delivery point)	CCR §597.3(b)(2)(A)
6 B	Lack of technical feasibility (if water measuring not at farm gate or delivery point)	CCR §597.3(b)(1)(B), §597.3(b)(2)(B)

6 A, 6 B	Delivery apportioning methodology (if water measuring not at farm gate or delivery point)	CCR §597.3.b(2)(C),
6 C	Description of water measurement BPP	CCR §597.4(e)(2)
6 D	Conversion to measurement to volume	CCR §597.4(e)(3)
Existing water measurement device corrective action plan? (if applicable, including schedule, budget and finance plan)		CCR §597.4(e)(4))

^{*} Note where compliance with this requirement is located in your AWMP

2.2 SB X7-7 Plan Content and AWMP Template

SB X7-7 required elements of an AWMP are identified in the AWMP Template, below. As noted above, the outline/organizational structure is not required but it is encouraged. AWMP Template boxes are for format, only, and do not denote any expectation or requirements as to the quantity of information to be presented. Details on what the agricultural water supplier may consider in completing the AWMP Template are provided in Chapter 3, following the same outline as the AWMP Template (e.g., guidance for AWMP Template Section IV.A.3 is found in Chapter 3.4.A.3).

AWMP Template

Agricultural Water Management Plan

Prepared Pursuant to [select Water Code Section 10826, or AWMC MOU, or CVPIA/RAA]

[Insert Agricultural Water Supplier's Name]

[Insert Representative Name] [Insert Complete Address]

Adopted on [Insert Date of Plan Adoption]

Section I: Introduction

A. Description of Previous Water Management Activities

Insert description of previous water management activities.

B. Coordination Activities

1. Notification of AWMP Preparation

Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 1 (Appendix A) to assist them in completing this section.

2. Public Participation

Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 1 to assist them in completing this section.

C. Plan Adoption and Submittal

1. Plan Adoption

A copy of the water supplier signed Resolution of Plan Adoption may be attached. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 1 to assist them in completing this section.

2. Plan Submittal

Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 1 to assist them in completing this section.

3. Plan Availability

Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 1 to assist them in completing this section.

D. Plan Implementation Schedule

Provide plan implementation schedule.

Section II: Description of the Agricultural Water Supplier and Service Area

A. Physical Characteristics

1. Size of the service area

Insert description of the size of the service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 2 and 3 to assist them in completing this section.

Location of the service area and water management facilities

Insert description of the location of the service area and water management facilities. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 4 and 6 to assist them in completing this section.

3. Terrain and soils

Insert description of the service area terrain and soils. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 7 to assist them in completing this section.

4. Climate

Insert description of the service area climate. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 8 and 9 to assist them in completing this section.

B. Operational Characteristics

1. Operating rules and regulations

Insert description of the agricultural water supplier's operating rules and regulations. A copy of your Operating Rules and Regulations may be attached. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 10 through 12 to assist them in completing this section.

2. Water delivery measurements or calculations

Insert description of the agricultural water supplier's water delivery measurements or calculations. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 13 to assist them in completing this section.

3. Water rate schedules and billing

Insert description of your water rate schedules and billing. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 14 through 16 to assist them in completing this section.

4. Water shortage allocation policies

Insert description of your water shortage allocation policies. You may attach a copy of your Water Shortage Allocation Policy. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 17 and 18 to assist them in completing this section.

Section III: Description of Quantity of Water Uses

A. Agriculture Water Use

Insert description of quantity water used for agriculture uses within your service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 19 through 23 to assist them in completing this section.

B. Environmental Water Use

Insert description of quantity water used for environmental uses within your service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 24 to assist them in completing this section.

C. Recreational Water Use

Insert description of quantity water used for recreational uses within your service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 25 to assist them in completing this section.

D. Municipal and Industrial Use

Insert description of quantity of water used for municipal and industrial uses within your service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 26 to assist them in completing this section.

E. Groundwater Recharge Use

Insert description of quantity of water used for groundwater recharge within your service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 27 to assist them in completing this section.

F. Transfer and Exchange Use

Insert description of quantity of water used for transfers and exchanges within your service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 28 to assist them in completing this section.

G. Other Water Use

Insert description of quantity of water used for other water uses within your service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 29 to assist them in completing this section.

Section IV: Description of Quantity and Quality of the Water Resources of the Agricultural Water Supplier

A. Water Supply Quantity

1. Surface Water Supply

Insert description of quantity of your surface water supplies. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 30 and 31 to assist them in completing this section.

2. Groundwater Supply

Insert description of quantity of your groundwater supplies. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 31 through 34 to assist them in completing this section.

3. Other Water Supplies

Identify any other water supply(s) you may have and insert description of its(their) quantity(s). Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 30 and 31 to assist them in completing this section.

4. Drainage From the Water Supplier's Service Area

Insert description of quantity of drainage water from the service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 35 to assist them in completing this section.

A. Water Supply Quality

1. Surface Water Supply

Insert description of the quality of your surface water supplies. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 36 to assist them in completing this section.

2. Groundwater Supply

Insert description of the quality of groundwater supplies. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 36 to assist them in completing this section.

Other Water Supplies

Insert description of the quality of you other water supplies. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 36 to assist them in completing this section.

4. Drainage From the Water Supplier's Service Area

Insert description of the quality of drainage water from the service area. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 37 to assist them in completing this section.

C. Water Quality Monitoring Practices

1. Source Water

Insert description of your source water quality monitoring practices. Include all source water types including any drainage water considered part of your water supplies. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 38 and 39 to assist them in completing this section.

Section V: Water Accounting and Water Supply Reliability

A. Quantifying the Water Supplier's Water Supplies

1. Agricultural Water Supplier Water Quantities:

Insert water supply quantification. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 40 and 41 or similar tables to assist them in completing this section.

2. Other Water Sources Quantities:

Insert water supply quantification. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 41 and 42 or similar tables to assist them in completing this section.

B. Quantification of Water Uses

Insert tabulation of water uses. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 43 through 46 or similar tables to assist them in completing this section.

C. Overall Water Budget

Quantify overall water budget. Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 47 and 48 or similar tables to assist them in completing this section.

D. Water Supply Reliability

Insert description.

Section VI: Climate Change

Insert analysis on the effect	of climate change	on future water supplies.	

Section VII: Water Use Efficiency Information

DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to briefly describe EWMP implementation effects on operations that may have been experienced or that are anticipated.

A. EWMP Implementation and Reporting

Insert report on which efficient water management practices have been implemented and are planned to be implemented, an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements that have occurred since the last report , and an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements estimated to occur five to 10 years in the future. Complete Table VII.A., below. DWR encourages completing Worksheet 49 if grant funding is pursued.

Table VII.A. Report of EWMPs (CWC <u>§10608.48(d)</u> , <u>§10608.48 (e)</u> , and <u>§10826 (e)</u>)					
EWMP No.*	Description of EWMP Implemented	Estimate of Water Use Efficiency Improvements That Occurred Since Last Report EWMPs Planned		Estimated Water Use Efficiency Improvements 5-10 years in future	
Critical	EWMPs				
1					
2					
Condition	Conditionally Required EWMPs (locally cost-effective and technically feasible EWMPs)				
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					

10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
Other Optional EWMPs (as applicable)				
Other	Optional EwiviPs (a	s applicable)		
1	Optional Ewimps (a	s applicable)		
1 2	Optional EWMPs (a	s аррисавіе <i>)</i>		

B. Documentation For Non-Implemented EWMPs

Submit information documenting non-technically feasible and/or not locally cost-effective EWMPs. Complete Table VII.B., below.

Table VII.B. Non-Implemented EWMP Documentation (CWC <u>§10608.48(d)</u> , <u>§10608.48 (e)</u> , and <u>§10826 (e)</u>)					
		(check one or both)			
EWMP#	Description	Technically Infeasible	Not Locally Cost- Effective	Justification/Documentation*	

Notes:

^{*}Justification/Documentation can include summary cost-benefit analysis or engineering determination with reference to the specific study/agency/engineer responsible for making that determination.

Section VIII: Supporting Documentation

Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation Documentation (as applicable)

A. Legal Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement

Insert Legal Certification and apportionment methodology, if applicable. Refer to Chapter 6.

B. Engineer Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement

Insert Engineer Certification and apportionment methodology, if applicable. Refer to Chapter 6.

C. Description of Water Measurement Best Professional Practices

Insert description of Water Measurement Best Professional Practices. Refer to Chapter 6.

D. Documentation of Water Measurement Conversion to Volume

Insert documentation of flow, velocity, or water level conversions to water volume, if applicable. Refer to Chapter 6.

E. Device Corrective Action Plan Required for Water Measurement

Insert device repair plan, schedule, budget, and finance plan, if applicable. Refer to Chapter 6.

Other Documents (as applicable)

Attach other supporting documentation, as applicable.

3 SB X7-7 Agricultural Water Management Plan Preparation Guidance

This chapter of the Guidebook contains detailed information and instructions to assist agricultural water suppliers in completing an AWMP based on the requirements identified in SB X7-7. It groups the requirements by topic and presents the topics in the order in which an agricultural water supplier may consider for preparation of its AWMP. Each section includes the pertinent legislative reference, what is required for compliance, and references Worksheets the water supplier may use to prepare and present information in its AWMP. Information an agricultural water supplier may include in its AWMP, but that is not required by legislation, is also identified.

In preparing an AWMP, the agricultural water supplier should consider not only what is legally required, but also what is needed to make it a comprehensive longer-term water supply planning document. There are AWMP required components/elements that must be included in an AWMP that are determined by statutes. An agricultural water supplier has the discretion to present the information for required components/elements in whatever manner the agricultural water supplier chooses.

It is suggested that agricultural water suppliers with mutual needs work together to develop agreements/MOUs to prepare and/or implement regional AWMPs; however, regional agreements or AWMPs are not required. If a regional approach to AWMP is elected, the AWMP should describe mutual agreements/MOU with other signatories or agencies, and should meet or exceed the requirements of SB X7-7.

Chapter 3 is organized consistent with the AWMP Template outline (Chapter 2.2). DWR uses the general organizational outline, below, to discuss the contents of an AWMP. The AWMP required components/elements within each section are included within pertinent sections of the outlined discussion. Relevant Worksheets are referenced where applicable.

3.1 Plan Preparation and Adoption

This section of the AWMP includes specific information on previous water management activities, how the AWMP was prepared and coordinated with other agencies and the public, how/when it was adopted, and submittal/availability of the AWMP. Although the SB X7-7 does not require the agricultural water supplier to present the following information in this format, it does require compliance with the elements identified below. See Section I of the AWMP Template.

All regulated agricultural water suppliers, regardless of whether they submit plans through the SB X7-7 (Option 1), AWMC-MOU (Option 2), or USBR CVPIAA/RRA (Option 3) process should follow SB X7-7 plan adoption and submittal requirements. Refer to Chapters 4 and 5 for what to do under Option 2 and Option 3 processes, respectively.

A. Description of Previous Water Management Activities (§10826 (d)).

"Describe previous water management activities." (SB X7-7 §10826(d)).

As stated, the agricultural water supplier is required to describe previous water management activities in the AWMP. Under this element, the agricultural water supplier may provide the water management plan name, program under which the plan was developed, adoption date by the water supplier, approval or acceptance date (by the AWMC or USBR, respectively), management agency and representative, and other pertinent information, including any amendments and/or revision dates.

B. Coordination Activities

1. Notification of AWMP Preparation

"An agricultural water supplier required to prepare a plan pursuant to this part shall notify each city or county within which the supplier provides water supplies that the agricultural water supplier will be preparing the plan or reviewing the plan and considering amendments or changes to the plan. The agricultural water supplier may consult with, and obtain comments from, each city or county that receives notice pursuant to this subdivision." (SB X7-7 §10821(a))

As stated above, the law does not specify how much advance time is required for notification to cities or counties. It does not require notification to any other agency(s) and does not require that comments from any city, county, or other agency must be solicited and considered.

To show compliance with Notification of AWMP Preparation, the agricultural water supplier is encouraged to provide supporting documentation in the AWMP. This could include a list of contacted cities and counties, copies of the notice of preparation, and copies of any other

records demonstrating compliance. If the agricultural water supplier chooses to also notify other agencies, a list of these agencies could be provided.

If the agricultural water supplier chooses to consult with and obtain comments from contacted city(s), county(s), or any other agencies, a list of each agency and organization contacted or involved in the preparation, discussion, or coordination of the AWMP may be provided. A description of the coordination process, outreach materials used, any substantial comments that affected development of the AWMP, and if the comments were incorporated in the AWMP would also be beneficial.

DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide information showing compliance with notification requirements.

2. Public Participation

"Prior to adopting a plan, the agricultural water supplier shall make the proposed plan available for public inspection, and shall hold a public hearing on the plan. Prior to the hearing, notice of the time and place of hearing shall be published within the jurisdiction of the publicly owned agricultural water supplier pursuant to Section 6066 of the Government Code. A privately owned agricultural water supplier shall provide an equivalent notice within its service area and shall provide a reasonably equivalent opportunity that would otherwise be afforded through a public hearing process for interested parties to provide input on the plan" (SB X7-7 §10841).

Government Code §6066 states that:

"Publication of notice pursuant to this section shall be once a week for two successive weeks. Two publications in a newspaper published once a week or oftener, with at least five days intervening between the respective publication dates not counting such publication dates, are sufficient. The period of notice commences upon the first day of publication and terminates at the end of the fourteenth day, including therein the first day."

Public Water Suppliers: To demonstrate compliance with the above listed requirements, publicly-owned agricultural water suppliers can provide copies of the public notifications on hearing time and place and copies of the notice of the availability of the AWMP (or amendment to the AWMP) for public review. A description of any substantial public comments that affected adoption or amendment of the AWMP would also be beneficial.

Private Water Suppliers: To demonstrate compliance with the above listed requirements, privately-owned agricultural water suppliers may provide documentation of the process used to

comply with the reasonably equivalent notice of AWMP, or amendment to the AWMP, availability for public review within their service area and reasonably equivalent opportunity for the public to provide input on the AWMP. This could include information such as copies of notices in the local newspaper, website postings, copies of flyers/letters sent out, a list of mailings, copies of a public meeting notification, or other mechanisms used to notify the public within their service area and to provide opportunity for input on the AWMP. A description of any substantial public comments that affect adoption or amendment of the AWMP would also be beneficial.

Copies of a proposed AWMP may also be submitted to local, regional, state, and federal agencies; special districts; land use agencies; and, the public (business, environmental, social) to notify interested parties that an AWMP is under preparation and to allow opportunity for their input into the plan prior to notification of a public hearing or similar public review.

Incorporation of comments from the Notification and Public Participation processes is not mentioned in the statute. However, because this is a planning document, addressing the potential issues in the AWMP may assist in facilitating implementation and provide a stronger basis or rationale for decisions.

The agricultural water supplier may use of Worksheet 1 to provide information showing compliance with public participation requirements.

C. Plan Adoption, Submittal, and Availability

Specific requirements for AWMP adoption and submittal are contained in the CWC. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide information showing compliance with plan adoption, submittal, and availability requirements.

1. Plan Adoption

"After the public hearing, the plan shall be adopted as prepared or as modified during or after the hearing." (SB X7-7 §10841)

"Amendments to, or changes in the plan shall be adopted and submitted in the manner set forth in Article 3 (commencing with Section 10840)." (SB X7-7 §10820(b))

The agricultural water supplier is encouraged to include a copy of the Resolution of Plan Adoption in AWMP Section VIII to show compliance with plan adoption requirements. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide information showing compliance with plan adoption requirements.

2. Plan Submittal

"An agricultural water supplier shall submit to the entities identified in subdivision (b) a copy of its plan no later than 30 days after the adoption of the plan. Copies of amendments or changes to the plans shall be submitted to the entities identified in subdivision (b) within 30 days after the adoption of the amendments or changes." (SB X7-7 §10843(a))

Within 30 days of adoption, the agricultural water supplier must submit copies of the AWMP, amendments, or changes to the AWMP to the following entities (SB X7-7 §10843(b)):

"The DWR.

Any city, county, or city and county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

Any groundwater management entity within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier extracts or provides water supplies.

Any urban water supplier within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

Any city or county library within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

The California State Library.

Any local agency formation commission serving a county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies."

The agricultural water supplier could document compliance with this requirement by including a list of entities receiving the submittal and the dates of mailing or other form of submittal. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide information showing compliance with submittal requirements.

Refer to Chapter 1.6 of this Guidebook for details on submittal of the AWMP to DWR and the California State Library.

3. Plan Availability

"Not later than 30 days after the date of adopting its plan, the agricultural water supplier shall make the plan available for public review on the agricultural water supplier's Internet Web site (SB X7-7 §10844 (a)). An agricultural water supplier that does not have an Internet Web site shall submit to the department, not later than 30 days after the date of adopting its plan, a copy of the adopted plan in an

electronic format. The department shall make the plan available for public review on the department's Internet Web site." (SB X7-7 §10844 (b))

The agricultural water supplier could document compliance with this requirement by listing the website address and link on their Internet Web site, along with the date of posting, in the AWMP. Alternatively, if the agricultural water supplier does not have an Internet Web site, they can document submittal of the electronic copy to DWR to demonstrate compliance with this requirement. Electronic copies sent to the DWR should preferably be in Adobe™ pdf or MS-Word™ format. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide information showing compliance with plan availability requirements.

D. Plan Implementation

"An agricultural water supplier shall implement the plan adopted pursuant to this chapter in accordance with the schedule set forth in its plan, as determined by the governing body of the agricultural water supplier" (SB X7-7 §10842).

SB X7-7 does not require a general implementation schedule as part of the AWMP. However, the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation requires that certain schedule information be included in the AWMP if a water measurement device corrective action plan is required. SB X7-7 also requires information on which EWMPs are implemented and which EWMPs are scheduled for implementation.

DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to provide a general schedule for implementation of the AWMP. The EWMP implementation and water measurement corrective action plan schedules can be described in Sections VII and VIII of the AWMP, respectively.

3.2 Description of the Agricultural Water Supplier and Service Area

SB X7-7 §10826 (a) requires a description of the some characteristics of the agricultural water supplier and services area:

"(a) Describe the agricultural water supplier and the service area, including all of the following:

- (1) Size of the service area.
- (2) Location of the service area and its water management facilities.
- (3) Terrain and soils.
- (4) Climate.
- (5) Operating rules and regulations.
- (6) Water delivery measurements or calculations.
- (7) Water rate schedules and billing.
- (8) Water shortage allocation policies." (SB X7-7 §10826(a))

The intent of this section is to form a basis for evaluating structural or operational improvements as well as to provide the basic information about physical and operational aspects that may affect water management.

This section is also an opportunity to provide some background information such as the agricultural water supplier date of formation, sources of water supply (such as Central Valley Project (CVP), State Water Project (SWP), local surface or groundwater), or any other pertinent information.

It should be noted that while the legislation requires a description of these elements in the AWMP, details are not specified. In this section, the Guidebook suggests a reasonable level of detail to assist the agricultural water supplier in preparing an AWMP that can be used for water management planning and for providing information to addressing §10826 (b) requirements for a description of the quantity and quality of water resources of the agricultural water supplier. The organizational outline groups descriptions into Physical Characteristics – elements (a)(1) to (a)(4) and Operational Characteristics – elements (a)(5) to(a)(8). See Section II of the AWMP Template.

A. Physical Characteristics

1. Size of the service area (§10826 (a)(1))

While the water supplier is required to describe the size of the service area in the AWMP, details regarding how to describe the size are not specified in the CWC requirements. To facilitate planning and analysis, it is suggested that the water supplier include a calculation of:

a) Gross acreage within the service area boundary

Expected changes to the service area size or boundaries may also be identified. If there are special management or usage areas, reporting the sizes of each area could also assist the agricultural water supplier in water use efficiency determination, management, and planning. For instance, special management or usage areas might be identified if water supplies are typically distributed on a rotational basis. Reporting the acreage of each sub-area within the service area would assist in water use calculations and efficient water management.

b) Average irrigated acres per year

The agricultural water supplier is encouraged to report average irrigated acres in the service area, as well as the method used to calculate/determine irrigated acreage. If irrigated acreage widely varies from year to year, an average of the past five years would be applicable. If there are special management or usage areas, reporting average irrigated acres within each area could also assist the agricultural water supplier in water use management and planning. (refer to Worksheets 2 and 3)

2. Location of the service area and water management facilities ((§10826 (a)(2))

A description of the location of the service area and water management facilities is required. However, the manner in which the water supplier service area and water management facilities are described is at the discretion of the water supplier. To facilitate planning and analysis, it is suggested that the water supplier include in this section:

- A map of the service area showing county or other pertinent boundaries, where
 possible, existing water diversion(s). Planned water diversions, if applicable, could also
 be described and/or mapped.
- A map showing the water storage, conveyance, controls, and delivery system components within the service area such as canals, pipelines, drains, water quality testing stations, water measurements locations, pumping stations, reservoirs, and others.
- A map showing any special management or usage areas within the service area, if applicable.
- Text descriptions accompanying maps would also be beneficial. If maps are not available, a written description can be included. Descriptions of the supplier's facilities may also be included in this section as well as their location(s) on a map.

Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheets 4 through 6 and associated information along with any applicable maps. Oversized maps can be included as a folded attachment/exhibit if necessary.

3. Terrain and soils (§10826 (a)(3))

A description of the terrain and soils is required. However, the manner in which the service area landscape parameters, terrain and soils are described is at the discretion of the water supplier. It is suggested that the water supplier:

- Describe the topography of the water supplier's service area (e.g., hilly, flat, rolling, sloping to a water course, and others).
- Describe the local surface drainage characteristics of the service area. Include
 information, if applicable, on water courses, wetlands, and direction of surface runoff
 and where drainage features are located. A map with labeled features and drainage
 directions would be beneficial.
- Describe the general soil classifications found in the service area and where the soils are
 generally located. A map showing areas of major soil types is encouraged. It is also
 suggested that information such as erosion and runoff potential (e.g., soils hydrologic
 group), infiltration/percolation constraints (e.g., presence shallow bedrock, shallow
 water table, heavy soils, sandy soils and other characteristics), and other irrigation
 management information for the soils types be included in the description.

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) provides general soils maps that may be a useful tool. Soils classification and water management properties information can be obtained at: http://soils.usda.gov/. The Web Soil Survey tool is available at: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm. This tool can be used to delineate portions of the service area and calculate summary information for soils within the area.

It may also be useful to include a discussion on the potential for terrain and soil conditions to affect water operations and management within the service area. What constraints may be present? What opportunities may be present?

Agricultural water suppliers may use Worksheet 7 and associated information along with any applicable maps.

4. Climate (§10826 (a)(4))

A description of the climate is required. However, the detailed description of the service area climate is at the discretion of the water supplier. It is suggested that the water supplier provide a description of the historic climate in the area including, but not necessarily limited to: (refer to Worksheet 8)

Average monthly and annual precipitation

- Average monthly maximum and monthly minimum precipitation, and the months in which these occur
- Average monthly maximum and minimum temperatures and the months in which these occur
- Average annual wet season (typically October through March) precipitation.

As a general rule, where available, climate averages should be calculated based on at least 20 years of historical data. Regardless, the years used to determine the average should be identified. The National Weather Service provides weather data from climatological stations throughout California and is a useful tool to describe historical climates: http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/climsum.html.

Other useful climate information may be reported in order to facilitate water management and planning and in determining the overall water budget within the service area. Such information could include: (refer to Worksheet 9)

- Extreme conditions information (e.g., daily maximums and minimums, 100-year storm events, and others).
- Monthly average reference evapotranspiration (ETo) for the area(s) to facilitate future
 water use efficiency calculations/analysis. (Refer to DWR California Irrigation
 Management Information System (CIMIS) at:
 http://www.cimis.water.ca.gov/cimis/welcome.jsp for ETo information and data).

For areas within the water supplier's service area that are known to have substantially different climate conditions, a qualitative or quantitative description of the differences and how this may affect water management decisions and operations would also be beneficial. Additional tables can be used to summarize climate characteristics of areas experiencing different climate characteristics. (refer to Worksheets 8 and 9)

B. Operational Characteristics

1. Operating rules and regulations (§10826 (a)(5))

A description of the operating rules and regulations is required. How they are described is at the discretion of the water supplier. Agricultural water suppliers may attach a copy of their operating rules and regulations and/or describe their water allocation policy(s); the lead time necessary for water orders and water shut-off; any policies regarding return flows and /or drainage leaving the water supplier's service area; restrictions on deliveries; and, other practices, as appropriate. (refer to Worksheets 10 through 12).

2. Water delivery measurements or calculations (§10826 (a)(6))

A description of the water delivery measurements or calculations is required. The manner in which these are described is at the discretion of the water supplier. In this section, the agricultural water supplier is encouraged to provide information on the type(s) of measurement device(s), frequency of measurements, calibration, and maintenance, along with the estimated level of measurement accuracy. (refer to Worksheet 13).

The agricultural water supplier's compliance with the water measurement EWMP is discussed in Section VII of the AWMP. Details on the water measurement system, as applicable for compliance with the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulations (refer to Chapter 5 of this Guidebook) can be included in Section VIII (Supporting Documentation) of the AWMP.

3. Water rate schedules and billing (§10826 (a)(7))

Water rate schedules and billing must be described in the AWMP. The details for describing these are at the discretion of the agricultural water supplier. It is suggested that the AWMP describe: (refer to Worksheet 14 through 16)

- The basis for agricultural usage water charges and the adopted pricing structure. A copy of the water supplier's written operating rules and regulations may be used to provide this information if they describe the basis for water charges at least in part based on quantity delivered (i.e., by quantity and other factors such as acre, crop, land assessment, or other charges). The pricing structure is an EWMP that is a required element and must be reported on in the AWMP (Section VII of the AWMP Template).
- The rate structure used (e.g., allocation-based, uniform, or increasing block rate).
- The billing frequency (e.g., monthly, bimonthly, annually).

4. Water shortage allocation policies (§10826(a)(8))

Although the AWMP must include a description of the water shortage allocation policies, details described are at the discretion of the agricultural water supplier; what constitutes a description of the water shortage allocation policy has not been identified in SB X7-7. It is suggested that if the water supplier has a Water Shortage Allocation Policy, the agricultural water supplier attach a copy of the policy in Section VIII of the AWMP and refer to the attachment in this section. If the supplier does not have such a policy, the agricultural water supplier may describe how reduced water supplies, including hardship water, are allocated.

If the water supplier has a Water Shortage Contingency Plan, this plan may be referenced here and a copy may be attached to the AWMP in Section VIII. If there is no water shortage contingency plan, a description of actions that will be taken by the agricultural water supplier in the event of a catastrophic reduction in water suppliers is encouraged. The Water Shortage Contingency Plan or water shortage allocation policies description may also include an assessment of how responding to water shortages affects revenues and expenditures and how

the agricultural water supplier would address these potential effects. DWR also encourages the agricultural water supplier to describe the water supplier policies that address wasteful use of agricultural water be included, along with a description of enforcement methods, if applicable. (refer to Worksheets 17 and 18)

3.3 Description of the Quantity of Water Uses of the Agricultural Water Supplier (Demands)

This section describes the agricultural water system uses for agricultural, environmental, recreational, municipal and industrial, groundwater recharge, transfers and exchanges, and other water uses within the agricultural water supplier's service area. See Section III of the AWMP Template.

SB X7-7 §10826 (b) requires a description of the quantity of all underlying items, including the water uses identified under SB X7-7 §10826 (b)(5). SB X7-7 §10826 (b)(5) requires that the AWMP include a description of:

"Water uses within the agricultural water supplier's service area, including all of the following:

- (A) Agricultural.
- (B) Environmental.
- (C) Recreational.
- (D) Municipal and industrial.
- (E) Groundwater recharge.
- (F) Transfers and exchanges.
- (G) Other water uses."

The legislation also does not require a specific method, timescale, or other parameters for quantifying water uses under this element. In this section, the Guidebook provides a process and suggested level of detail to assist the agricultural water supplier in preparing an AWMP that can be used for water management planning and for addressing §10826 (b)(7) requirements for tabulating water uses and an overall water budget.

If available, it is suggested (but not required) that quantities of water used from each water source within the service area, for each water use type, be reported, along with additional information that can be used in determining the overall water budget. This would allow for greater flexibility in water management planning.

In order to provide a meaningful and consistent basis for water accounting in accordance with §10826 (b)(7), it is suggested that:

- Information be reported using the same year(s) and timeframe for all water use types as listed under §10826 (b)(5).
- Monthly or bi-monthly water usage data be provided for each water use type.
- Data for each water use type can be presented in a similar format as shown in the Worksheets 20 through 29. Depending upon the number of locations or complexity regarding each type of water use in the service area, this table can be expanded or summarized as necessary. For

instance, for a particular water use type, if the same amount of water is required each year and/or each month, it would not provide more information to report monthly use for the past five years; reporting the consistent demand quantity and a notation to that effect would be essentially the same.

If special management or usage areas have been identified in Section II of AWMP, it would further assist in water management planning to provide a table of water use estimates, delineating the water use in each applicable area for each water use type (e.g., agriculture, environmental, and others).

It is suggested that the AWMP also include a detailed description of basis for reporting water quantities: what year(s) are used to describe the water quantities and if there were any special conditions relevant to the determination of quantities (e.g., excessively wet year, water measurement system only partially implemented, couldn't measure a particular source or use, or others). A Representative Year and/or the Plan Cycle year can be used as a basis for determining water quantities; however, the same basis (year(s)) and timeframe (e.g., Water Year months, calendar year, or other) to report water quantities in all tables/descriptions in Sections III through IV of the AWMP (detailed in Chapter 3.3 through 3.5 of this Guidebook) is encouraged. For example, the agricultural water supplier may use Plan Cycle 1 (year 2012) data and identify that data is based on the Water Year from October 2011 to September 2012.

DWR encourages agricultural water suppliers to report water quantities based on a Plan Cycle yearly-basis and include information for the past five years. For 2012 plans, reporting quantities for at least year 2012 is encouraged. Up to five years of information can be reported if data is available.

If a Representative Year is used to describe and tabulate water uses and supplies, it should be defined and the year(s) it is based on identified. The Representative Year can be a 'normal' year or an average of years. The rationale/description of what constitutes a Representative Year should be included in this section, if applicable (refer to Worksheet 19).

If water uses are estimated instead of measured, DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to provide justification and documentation of calculations and data used for the estimation. This information can be summarized in the discussion pertaining to quantification of the specific supplies and/or uses, with details included as an attachment in Section VIII.

For water management planning, it is often advantageous to estimate future water use demands. While not required, the agricultural water supplier may also include a description of any anticipated changes or trends in water demand within their service area to facilitate the AWMP's use as a planning document. This could include changes in water use related to:

- Changes in crop types resulting in different crop water use requirements than current conditions;
- Expected market fluctuations that would affect the type and amount of crops grown;
- Increased water use efficiency that would reduce water uses through reduced non-recoverable water;

- Increased energy costs that would potentially reduce the amount of water used from higher energy sources (e.g., pumped groundwater); and/or,
- Anticipated changes in land use (e.g., conversion of agricultural land to developed land).

A. Agriculture Water Use (§10826 (b)(5)(A))

A description of the quantity of agricultural water use within the service area must be included in the AWMP. The agricultural water suppliers may provide the following information in the AWMP: (refer to Worksheet 20)

- Tabulation of water delivered to all of the agricultural water supplier's agricultural customers within the service area
- To the extent available, an estimation of the private groundwater used to meet agricultural water use in the service area
- To the extent available, an estimation of other water sources used to meet agricultural water use demands in the service area from sources such as recycled water, precipitation, return flows, and others.

It is also suggested that the AWMP describe the type and acreage of crops grown in the service area in order to provide data that may be used in tabulating water uses and calculating the water budget (refer to Chapter 3.5 and Section V of Appendix A, in this Guidebook). Suggested additional data include: (refer to Worksheet 21 through 23)

- Types and acreage of crops grown within the service area
- At least seasonal evapotranspiration amounts for each crop type
- Water required for cultural practices (e.g., climate control, seedbed preparation)
- The leaching requirement for each crop/soil type to maintain the salt balance in the soil
- The types of irrigation systems used for each crop
- Amount of irrigated acres

DWR's CIMIS database is a useful tool for obtaining crop ET in your area:

http://www.cimis.water.ca.gov/cimis/info.jsp

Alternate cropping systems that may affect water use each year (e.g., intercropping)

B. Environmental Water Use (§10826 (b)(5)(B))

A description of quantity of environmental water use within the service area must be included in the AWMP. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to describe what environmental resources (e.g., wetlands, vernal pools, streams, wildlife refuges) are located within their service area, which

types and areas actively receive water supplies from the agricultural supplier, and what, if any, are the dedicated/jurisdictional amounts the supplier must deliver. Where possible, a distinction between supplier water and other water used to support environmental resources may be provided. If no environmental use demands are to be accounted for, a simple statement indicating such would be sufficient. (refer to Worksheet 24)

C. Recreational Water Use (§10826 (b)(5)(C))

A description of the quantity of recreational water use within the service area must be included in the AWMP. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to describe what recreational uses in the service area are supported by their water supplies and quantify the amount of water to maintain these uses/facilities. These uses could be demands such as releases to provide recreational flows or the amount of water that must be left in reservoirs to provide boating access. Identification and quantification of any applicable jurisdictional requirements is also encouraged. If no recreational uses are to be accounted for, a simple statement indicating such would be sufficient. (refer to Worksheet 25)

D. Municipal and Industrial Use (§10826 (b)(5)(D))

A description of the quantity of municipal and industrial uses within the service area must be included in the AWMP. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to describe what municipal and industrial uses in the service area receive water from the agricultural water supplier, as well as how much water is typically used by these entities. If no municipal or industrial uses are within the service area, a simple statement indicating such would be sufficient. (refer to Worksheet 26)

E. Groundwater Recharge Use (§10826 (b)(5)(E))

A description of the quantity of groundwater recharge uses within the service area must be included in the AWMP. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to describe the amount of water used for groundwater recharge annually (on a monthly or bimonthly basis, if available), method of recharge, location of recharge, and the amount of any recharge water applied for conjunctive water uses. Identification and quantification of any jurisdictional or agreement-based recharge commitments is also encouraged. If no groundwater recharge is to be accounted for, a simple statement indicating such would be sufficient.

If percolating irrigation water would contribute to groundwater recharge in the overall water balance, this component should be excluded from the description of the quantity of Groundwater Recharge Use, unless this excess irrigation water was applied specifically for groundwater recharge. (refer to Worksheet 27)

Although not required by this legislation, if the agricultural water supplier contributes to groundwater recharge outside of the service area, it is encouraged that this groundwater recharge use also be identified and quantified in the AWMP.

F. Transfer and Exchange Use (§10826 (b)(5)(F))

A description of the quantity of transfers and exchanges water uses within the service area must be included in the AWMP. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to describe the annual amount of water (if available, a monthly or bimonthly basis is preferred) that is transferred and/or exchanged into or out of the water supplier's service area. The agricultural water supplier is also encouraged to describe any typical water transactions or agreements and describe: to whom/where the water is transferred/exchanged; how often this typically occurs; and, the typical quantity and source of water. (refer to Worksheet 28)

If transactions and/or exchanges do not occur on a regular basis it is suggested that the agricultural water supplier also provide information on the likelihood of transactions and/or exchanges and, if possible, the anticipated quantities or range of quantities. If no transactions or trades occur or are part of any agreement, a simple statement indicating such would be sufficient.

G. Other Water Use (§10826 (b)(5)(G))

The agricultural water supplier must describe the quantity any other water uses in their service area. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to identify other water uses and quantify the annual amount of water that is used for these uses (if available, a monthly or bimonthly basis is preferred). Other water uses could include uses such as road dust abatement; facility/structure cleaning, flushing, operations, and management; and other potential demands on water supplies. If there are no other water uses, a simple statement of such would suffice. (refer to Worksheet 29)

3.4 Description of Quantity and Quality of the Water Resources of the Agricultural Water Supplier

The intent of this section is to describe the sources of water available to the agricultural water supplier. It describes the quantity and quality of each water source including surface water, groundwater, and other sources of water supplies. This section also provides information on the quantity and quality of drainage from the service area, as well as source water quality monitoring practices. See Section IV of the AWMP Template.

A. Water Supply Quantity

SB X7-7 §10826 requires that the AWMP:

"(b) Describe the quantity and quality of water resources of the agricultural water supplier, including all of the following:

(1) Surface water supply.

- (2) Groundwater supply.
- (3) Other water supplies.
- (4) Source water quality monitoring practices.
- (5) Water uses within the agricultural water supplier's service area...
- (6) Drainage from the water supplier's service area."

[Note: Item (5) is addressed in Chapter 3.3 of this Guidebook.]

The legislation does not specify the mechanisms or level of detail that would satisfy requirements for describing the quantity of water supplies. In this section, the Guidebook provides a process and level of detail to assist the agricultural water supplier in preparing an AWMP that can be used for water management planning and for addressing §10826 (b) and §10826 (b)(7) requirements.

For each water source type, DWR encourages agricultural water suppliers to include discussions on origin (there may be multiple origins for a particular water source—for example, groundwater supplies can be obtained from different groundwater basins), customers, and use limitations of each water supply source.

If wholesale water supplies are received from another supplier or provided to another water user, the AWMP should make note of this. For water obtained from wholesale sources, the agricultural water supplier can include a reference to the wholesalers UWMP/AWMP and a brief summary of the water supply's origin.

The AWMP must include a description of the estimated or calculated quantities of water supplies for each of the three major categories of water supply sources used within the service area (surface water, groundwater, and 'other' water), as well as a description of the estimated or calculated quantities of drainage water leaving the service area. In order to provide a meaningful and consistent basis for water accounting in accordance with §10826 (b)(7), it is suggested that:

- Information be reported using the same year(s) for all water supply sources listed under §10826 (b) and the service area drainage and for reporting water uses. (refer to Worksheet 19)
- 2. Monthly or bi-monthly water usage data provided for each water supply sources and the service area drainage.
- 3. Data for each water supply sources and the service area drainage be presented as shown in the Worksheets 20 through 29 or similar format(s). Depending upon the number of locations or complexity of each water supply source or service area drainage outlets, these tables can be expanded or summarized as necessary. For instance, for a particular water supply source, if the same amount of water is available each year and/or each month, it would not provide more information to report monthly water supplies for the past five

years; reporting the consistent supply quantity and a notation to that effect would be essentially the same. However, if, for example, the service area drainage discharges to two different watersheds, multiple tables are advised.

- 4. The average year water supply quantities and projects to increase water supplies be described for each water supply.
- 5. The descriptions note any restrictions or operational constraints associated with the supplier's water supplies, if applicable, for each water supply type.
- 6. Provide information on water transfers and exchanges, both short- and long- term agreements and opportunities.

If quantities are estimated, the agricultural water supplier is encouraged to provide justification and documentation of calculations and data used for the estimation(s) in the AWMP.

If special management or usage areas have been identified in Section II of the AWMP, a table or tables with water supply estimates for each water supply source available to each applicable area would further assist in water management planning.

1. Surface Water Supply (§10826 (b)(1))

To address the legislative requirements for a description of surface water supply quantities DWR encourages the agricultural water suppliers to provide the following surface water supply information: (refer to Worksheets 30 and 31)

- A brief description of the total amounts and types of each of the water supplier's contracted surface water supplies (i.e., CVP Class I water contract for agriculture, SWP water contract for agriculture, exchange contract).
- A brief description of the total amounts of surface water rights including pre-1914 water rights. This description may include the name of the surface water source, location of diversion(s), annual maximum diversion, monthly maximum diversion, diversion rate, and other water rights limitations on use.

For both contracted and water rights surface water supplies, DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to include in the AWMP:

- The annual amount of water received from each source for representative year or 2012 and Plan Cycle years, if available. (refer to Worksheet 30)
- A description of any restrictions on the time and amount of diversion. (refer to Worksheet 31)
- A description of any anticipated changes in the water supplier's surface water supplies during the next five years. (refer to Worksheet 30)

2. Groundwater Supply (§10826 (b)(2))

In addition to the above suggested information, to address the legislative requirements for a description of the groundwater supplies in the AWMP, DWR encourages the agricultural water suppliers to:

- Identify the groundwater basin(s) directly pumped by the agricultural water supplier to meet demands. Briefly describe the basin(s) characteristics and total available groundwater supplies. (see Worksheet 32)
- Identify the groundwater basin(s) underlying the service area that may be privately used by individual customers to meet water use demands if different from the water supplier's basins. Briefly describe the basin(s) characteristics and total available groundwater supplies within the service area/usage area.
- Provide a map showing the location of the agricultural water supplier's wells and groundwater recharge areas, if applicable.

For managed groundwater basins, a copy of the management plan may be attached as a hardcopy or electronic copy. (refer to Worksheet 33)

If groundwater from a wholesaler is used to meet demands:

- Provide a brief description of the groundwater basin and supplies to the agricultural water supplier.
- Estimate the annual quantity of groundwater pumped by the agricultural water supplier.
 Worksheet 34 can be used to provide this information. Provide the rationale and
 documentation for the method used to estimate groundwater water supplies. While a
 description of the quantity of groundwater pumped by private sources is not required, it
 is suggest that this information is included for calculating the water budget in Section V.
 An estimate of private groundwater supplies may also be provided in Worksheet 34.
- Describe whether there were limitations or challenges to obtaining groundwater during the time period reported in the AWMP to indicate the "sufficiency" of groundwater pumped. A summary of restrictions on groundwater supplies can be included in Worksheet 31.

If the water supplier operates a conjunctive use program, DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to describe this program in the AWMP. A description of any changes or expansions planned for the groundwater supply may also be provided.

For groundwater, if the annual available water is not used, this may result in 'banked' water that could be used in a subsequent year. This may require adjustment of Worksheets to present

groundwater supplies in a meaningful fashion. Additionally, surface water recharge of groundwater supplies may also increase the available groundwater supply from year to year.

Helpful information necessary to describe ground water basins can be found in California DWR Bulletin 118: http://www.water.ca.gov/groundwater/bulletin118/update2003.cfm. Bulletin 118 can be used to identify the basin(s) that underlie the service area and their size, usable capacity, and safe yield. In a few cases, service areas overlie more than one groundwater basin. This bulletin describes the general boundaries of each basin and indicates if there is evidence of overdraft (pumped volume in excess of safe yield).

Information regarding groundwater basins is also available from the California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM) program developed by DWR. The intent of the CASGEM program is to establish a permanent, locally-managed program of regular and systematic monitoring in all of California's alluvial groundwater basins. This information can be used to further describe the groundwater basin(s) and provide information related to potential supply conditions (e.g., lowering water level trends may indicate a declining groundwater supply). For further information, see: http://www.water.ca.gov/groundwater/casgem/

3. Other Water Supplies (§10826 (b)(3))

To address the legislative requirements for a description of the other water supplies, the quantity of any long-term water supplies not described above (e.g., recycled water, transfer agreements, desalinated water, stormwater, and any other source water the water supplier considered part of the agricultural water supplier's water supply "portfolio") must be described. It is suggested that that the monthly and annual supply quantities be reported in the AWMP for each type of 'other' water supply. Quantities of "other" water supplies could be included in a table similar to Worksheet 30. Restrictions on uses can also be included in Worksheet 31.

4. Drainage From the Water Supplier's Surface Area (§10826 (b)(6))

A description of the quantity of drainage from the water supplier's service area is required. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to provide calculation(s) or estimation(s) of the annual volume of drainage from the service area and identification of where surface and subsurface drainage goes (e.g., to wildlife refuge or other wildlife habitat, beneficial reuse within the service area, discharge to a river or other water course, another water service area, a groundwater aquifer, a saline sink, and/or evaporation ponds). If drainage leaves the service area and is reused, it is suggested that the discharge location and quantity also be identified. The agricultural water supplier is also encouraged to include a description of any use limitations (e.g., capture and return is not feasible, water quality constraints for irrigation use, and others). (refer to Worksheets 31 and 35)

Also see the SWRCB's Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program regarding the protection of receiving waters from agricultural water discharges:

http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/water issues/programs/agriculture/

B. Water Supply Quality

SB X7-7 §10826 requires that the AWMP:

- "(b) Describe the quantity and quality of water resources of the agricultural water supplier, including all of the following:
- (1) Surface water supply.
- (2) Groundwater supply.
- (3) Other water supplies.
- (4) Source water quality monitoring practices"

The legislation does not specify the mechanisms or level of detail that would satisfy requirements for describing the quality of water supplies. In this section, the Guidebook provides a process and level of detail to assist the agricultural water supplier in preparing an AWMP that can be used for water management planning.

The AWMP must also include a description of the source water quality. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to report, average values for water quality parameters. It is suggested that the range of values under the current operational system (i.e., if water quality improvements have been implemented, report only those water quality data for the period following the improvements) also be included.

DWR also encourages the agricultural water supplier to include a discussion on whether or not water quality from water supplies would constrain their uses. The AWMP can include an evaluation on the ability of the agricultural water supplier's supplies to support the uses identified in Chapter 3.3 of this Guidebook. Information on applicable water quality criteria/goals for various use categories can be found at:

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/water_quality_goals/. It is also suggested that any planned improvements for water quality be identified in the AWMP.

If extensive information is available, tables and reports on water quality can be included as an attachment or appendix with a brief summary in the AWMP main body. Where quantified information is not available, a qualitative description of water quality must be provided.

If water quality monitoring of water supply sources has been conducted by the agricultural water supplier or their wholesaler, the monitoring practices must also be described in the AWMP (Section IV.C).

1. Surface Water Supply (§10826 (b)(1))

To address the legislative requirement for a description of the surface water supply quality DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to provide water quality information as described above (Chapter 3.B.). A table similar to Worksheet 36 can be used to provide this information. If data is not available, it is suggested that the agricultural water supplier may, at a minimum, identify:

- Potential or known water quality conditions as described in the Regional Basin Plan for the surface water source
- If the surface water source is listed as impaired on the 2010 303(d) list, and if so, for what pollutants (refer to http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/tmdl/integrated2010.shtml for the 2010 303(d) list)
- If the surface water source is subject to a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL), and if so, for what pollutants (refer to
 http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/tmdl/ for applicable TMDLs within the agricultural supplier's regional basin)
- Any known or suspected potential water quality constraints to its use within the service area for uses identified in Chapter 3.3 of this Guidebook.

2. Groundwater Supply (§10826 (b)(2))

To address the legislative requirement for a description of the groundwater supply quality, DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to provide water quality information as described above (Chapter 3.B.). A table similar to Worksheet 36 can be used to provide this information. If data is not available, it is suggested that the agricultural water supplier identify potential or known water quality conditions for the groundwater source as described in the Regional Basin Plan, DWR Bulletin 118, and/or any applicable groundwater management plan or document and identifying any potential water quality constraints to its use within the service area, for the uses described in Chapter 3.3.

Some groundwater useful quality data may be available at:

- DWR's Water Data Library: http://www.water.ca.gov/waterdatalibrary/
- GAMA Groundwater Ambient Monitoring & Assessment Program: http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/gama/
- Groundwater Basin Assessments:
 http://www.water.ca.gov/groundwater/data and monitoring/gw basin assessment.cf
 m

3. Other Water Supplies (§10826 (b)(3))

A description of the other water supply quality is required for all other water supply sources listed in the Water Supply Quantity sub-section. The extent of description and availability of information will depend upon the supply source. For recycled water, quality measurements should be available as required under the applicable Waste Discharge Requirement permit. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to provide water quality information as described above for surface water and groundwater supplies. A table similar to Worksheet 36 can be used to provide this information.

4. Drainage From the Water Supplier's Surface Area (§10826 (b)(6))

To address the legislative requirement for a description of the drainage water quality, DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to provide water quality information as described above (Chapter 3.B.). Drainage water quality can be measured or estimated based on references, calculations, or other methods to be identified in the AWMP. DWR also encouraged identifying potential and known usage constraints associated with drainage water quality. (refer to Worksheet 37)

C. Source Water Quality Monitoring Practices (§10826 (b)(4))

The AWMP must describe the source water quality monitoring practices. This includes the water quality monitoring program for drainage water if it is used as a water supply source. Monitoring allows the agricultural water supplier to assess water quality problems that may limit the use of available source water.

DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to include: (refer to Worksheets 38 and 39)

- A description of water quality monitoring practices currently conducted for surface water and groundwater supplies including: the timing and frequency of monitoring, what constituents are analyzed, and the location of sampling/monitoring
- The outlet location and whether drainage is surface or sub-surface for drainage water supplies
- Contaminants (e.g., selenium, boron, pesticides) that may limit the reuse of drainage water or that may affect discharge locations (e.g., drainage to an environmentally sensitive area) be included in the monitoring program
- A description of the data evaluation process and potential mitigation of identified water quality constraints

A description of the water quality monitoring practices of agricultural surface drainage from the water supplier's service area is not required if it is not used as a source of water supplies. However, because the quality of drainage water must be described, regardless of whether it is used as a

source water supply, it is suggested that the drainage water quality monitoring program also be described in the AWMP, regardless of its status as a source of water supplies. It is suggested that the same information for describing drainage water quality as a source water be included. (refer to Worksheet 39; multiple tables can be used for multiple drainages, as applicable).

Refer to the SWRCB's Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program regarding the protection of receiving waters from agricultural water discharges:

http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/agriculture/

3.5 Water Accounting and Water Supply Reliability

The purpose of this section is to bring together water use and supply for an overall picture of agricultural water used and the ability of water supplies to meet water demands within the supplier's service area. SB X7-7 requires that water accounting of water supplies, water uses, and the overall water budget, along with a description of water supply reliability, be presented in the AWMP. See Section V of the AWMP Template.

SB X7-7 §10826 requires that the AWMP:

- "(b) Describe the quantity and quality of water resources of the agricultural water supplier, including all of the following:
 - (7) Water accounting, including all of the following:
 - (A) Quantifying the water supplier's water supplies.
 - (B) Tabulating water uses.
 - (C) Overall water budget."

The legislation does not specify the mechanisms or level of detail that would satisfy requirements for water accounting. In this section, the Guidebook provides a reasonable process and level of detail to assist the agricultural water supplier in preparing an AWMP that can be used for water management planning and for addressing SB X7-7 §10826 (b)(7) requirements.

Information presented in AWMP Sections III and IV can be used to help complete SB X7-7 requirements for water accounting. As an overview of water supply use within the service area, annual amounts are appropriate; however, to provide more meaningful information to calculate the water budget annual amounts, additional water supply and use information (e.g., monthly/seasonal values, effective precipitation amounts, water losses, and others) can be included in this section. The additional information would also provide the agricultural water supplier with some data useful in estimating water use efficiency.

A. Quantifying the Water Supplier's Water Supplies (§10826 (b)(7)(A))

The legislation requires the agricultural water supplier to quantify their water supplies in the AWMP. Information from AWMP Section IV may be used to assist in quantifying the agricultural water supplier's water supplies. DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to report water supply quantities along with a description of the calculations/process used to arrive at the reported quantities in the AWMP as follows:

- Quantification of all surface water supplies, imported to or originating within the water supplier's service area. Include current (e.g., 2012) and historic water supplies available for use within the service area. Identify conditions (e.g., drought, wet year, other) during which these amounts are available. Include return flows, if applicable. Surface water supplies would also include an estimate of precipitation captured/falling in the supplier's storage facilities and surface conveyances. (refer to Worksheet 40)
- Recycled water available quantities. Include current (e.g., 2012) and historic amounts available for use. Identify conditions (e.g., drought, wet year, other) during which these amounts are available. It would also be beneficial to note if more available recycled water could be expected in the future. (refer to Worksheet 40)
- Other water supplies. Estimate of any other water supplies that might be available (e.g., desalinated water) and include current (e.g., 2012) and historic availability. Identify conditions (e.g., drought, wet year, other) during which these amounts are available or constrained. (refer to Worksheet 40)
- Quantification or estimate of groundwater that can be extracted by the water supplier, including any imported groundwater supplies. Include current (e.g., 2012) and historic minimum, average, and maximum water supplies available for use. Identify conditions (e.g., drought, wet year, other) during which current and historic amounts have been/are available if supplies are limited based on operations/contract conditions. If extracted amounts are unlimited, identify the conditions under which minimum, average, and maximum amounts may occur (e.g., climate, pump capacities, others). (refer to Worksheet 41)

The legislation requires that only the water supplier's water supplies be quantified in the AWMP. However, understanding the amount of **all** water available for meeting agricultural needs within the service area may be helpful for estimating the performance of efficiency improvements, where other/additional improvements could be effective, and other water management considerations. As such, it is suggested that the agricultural water supplier also provide information on the following in the AWMP:

• Estimated groundwater supplies available from non-water supplier parties (e.g., private wells) within water supplier's boundaries (if records are not available, provide an estimate and basis for estimation). (refer to Worksheet 41)

- Estimate of effective precipitation. Estimate the annual effective precipitation within the service area. Not all precipitation that falls down can be used by crops; for instance, some precipitation runs off the landscape, some is evaporated, and some percolates too deep beyond the crop rooting zone (refer to "A Proposed Methodology for Quantifying the Efficiency of Agricultural Water Use: A report to the Legislature, pursuant to Section 10608.64 of the California Water Code, May 8, 2012", as a reference; this is not a required methodology to implement). Include current (e.g., 2012) and historic effective precipitation. Describe the relationship between these values and surface and groundwater supply availability; effective precipitation will affect how much other water supplies are required to meet crop consumptive demands. (refer to Worksheet 42)
- Other water sources (if any). Identify any other sources of water supply that might be available for agricultural uses that are not included in the agricultural water supplier's portfolio (e.g., unmanaged return flows). Include current (e.g., 2011-2012) and historic water suppliers available for use. Identify conditions (e.g., drought, wet year, other) during which these amounts are available or constrained.

An assessment of future water supply is not required in the AWMP. However, understanding potential future water supplies is an important component of the water management planning process. As such, identification of potential changes in future water supplies such as environmental constraints, drought, or changes in water storage capacity is encouraged. Possible management strategies to maximize future water supplies and/or future water supply reliability, such as improvements in conjunctive use programs, or other water management option could also be discussed.

B. Quantification of Water Uses (§10826 (b)(7)(B))

SB X7-7 requires a tabulation of water uses in the AWMP. Information from AWMP Section III may be used to assist in completing SB X7-7 requirements for tabulating water uses. As an overview of water use within the service area, annual amounts are appropriate, although monthly/seasonal amounts would better facilitate water management planning. (refer to Worksheets 43 and 44)

DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to report current (e.g., 2012) and historic water use in order to better understand the potential effects of varying agricultural and climate conditions on water demands.

1. Agricultural Uses

DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to report the amount of water used for agriculture including:

- Delivered water. The total of water delivered for agriculture purposes including all surface water, groundwater, recycled water, and other water from the agricultural water supplier (refer to Worksheet 43 with information from Worksheet 20)
- Agricultural water use. How much is used for agricultural uses including (refer to Worksheet 44 with information from Worksheets 9 and 21):
 - o Crop consumptive use of water
 - o Amount of water used for leaching, if known
 - Amount of water used for other cultural practices (e.g., seedbed preparation, climate control), if known

For estimating agricultural use, you may wish to combine crops grown on less than five percent of the total irrigated acreage. To combine crops, determine an average crop evapotranspiration factor (ET_{crop}), leaching, and cultural requirement for this group of small acreage crops. The ET_{crop} for crops in your area and how to calculate crop water use can be found using the California Irrigation Management Information System (CIMIS) at www.cimis.water.ca.gov/cimis/info.jsp, Center for Irrigation Technology at Fresno State University Water Right Program, Department of Water Resources (DWR) CIMIS Database, www.wateright.org, or obtained from the local farm advisor. The University of California Cooperative Extension (UCCE) has published coefficients required to determine ET_{crop}, available on CIMIS website.

The University of California Cooperative Extension (UCCE) has published information on estimating water used for leaching and cultural practices (frost protection, pre-irrigation, and others).

2. Other Water Uses

DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to report the amount water delivered for other uses including: (refer to Worksheet 43 with information from Worksheet 20)

An estimate of how much is lost through the delivery and storage system. This could
include losses from both the agricultural supplier's and the customer's delivery and
storage system through leaks, spills, and evaporation from reservoirs and unlined
canals, and leaks from pipelines. Leaks and spills may be recoverable. Evaporation losses
would be non-recoverable. (refer to Worksheet 44)

- Any water type water delivered for supporting environmental resources (refer to Worksheet 44 with information from Worksheet 24)
- Any water type water delivered for recreational purposes (refer to Worksheet 44 with information from Worksheet 25)Any water type delivered for municipal and industrial water use (refer to Worksheet 44 with information from Worksheet 26)
- Water exchanges or transfers out of the service area (refer to Worksheet 44 with information from Worksheet 28)
- Any water delivered for groundwater recharge/conjunctive use; include total recycled water, surface water, and other water supply water delivered for groundwater recharge (refer to Worksheet 44 with information from Worksheet 27)
- Other water used/delivered for any other purposes (e.g., road dust suppression) (refer to Worksheet 44 with information from Worksheet 29)

3. Recoverable and Irrecoverable Water Flows

Maximizing use of recoverable flows and minimizing irrecoverable flows may improve the agricultural water supplier's management of their water resources. As such, it is suggested that the agricultural water supplier include an estimate of the amount of recoverable and irrecoverable water flows:

- How much occurs as recoverable surface and subsurface flows, if available.
 - o If drainage water can be reused, it would be 'recoverable' flow. Quantify the drain-water that leaves the district boundaries from surface ditches or through drainpipes. If no measurement data is available, this can be estimated based on the amount of water required for agricultural uses and conveyance and storage system losses (refer to Worksheet 44) subtracted from water delivered to agricultural customers. (refer to Worksheet 45)
 - While an estimate is acceptable, if the estimate exceeds 100 AF per year per outflow location, installation of an outflow measurement device is encouraged. Reliable outflow data is a best management practice and one of the key components of an accurate water inventory. 1
 - o If deep percolation recharges a useable groundwater aquifer, this may be 'recoverable' flow. A rough estimate of the amount of water applied to the land that continues down past the root zone (deep percolation) to a useable aquifer would be beneficial.

¹ U.S. Bureau of Reclamation. 2011. Water Management Planner Developed to meet the 2011 Standard Criteria for Agricultural and Urban Water Management Plan. p 5-6. Prepared December 2011. Available at: http://www.usbr.gov/mp/watershare/documents/Water_mgmt/index.html

• Estimate the quantity of additional irrecoverable flows. If surface or subsurface drainage water flows to a saline sink or perched water table, these flows would not be recoverable. (refer to Worksheet 46)

C. Overall Water Budget (§10826 (b)(7)(C))

SB X7-7 requires quantification of the overall water budget. Water supply and water use data, tabulated or quantified above, along with additional data can be used to help prepare a water budget summary that quantifies water uses, losses, supplies, and the overall budget. DWR encourages that this section report:

- The overall amount of surface water and groundwater supplies, effective precipitation, and transferred water supplies delivered into the service area. This would be a sum of all supplies delivered into the service area (surface water and groundwater) along with recycled water, private groundwater, effective precipitation and any other water supplies. (refer to Worksheet 47)
- How much water is used for all purposes, including amounts delivered for environmental uses and inadvertent drainage from agricultural areas. (refer to Worksheet 48)
- How much water leaves the service area through surface drainage. (refer to Worksheet 45)

As an overview, annual amounts are appropriate, although monthly/seasonal amounts would better facilitate the water management planning process and may be more appropriate to use in calculating annual amounts. Agricultural water suppliers are encouraged to provide details on method used to determine/estimate quantities.

It is suggested that quantification for individual water supply source(s) also be included in the analysis, where applicable, in order to maximize utilization of the results for water management planning (e.g., identifying critical supply component(s), where efficiency can be improved to maximize available water, where conservation is necessary to maximize utilization, and others).

D. Water Supply Reliability

Water supply reliability is an important component of any water management planning process. Several factors can affect the reliability of any water resource supply. In accordance with SB X7-7 §10826 (b)(8), water supply reliability must be described in the AWMP. However, as with many components of the AWMP, details of the description are at the discretion of the agricultural water supplier.

DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to include a discussion on need for firmness of supply based upon factors of importance to the water supplier and the potential for failure. Details on potential climate change effects are addressed under a separate section.

It is suggested that critical needs (e.g., economically valuable crop types with highly sensitive irrigation requirements, environmental uses, and others) be identified, along with the associated water supply constraints. Additionally, the inclusion of a description(s) of the following factors that may affect water supply reliability in the AWMP is encouraged:

- Conveyance infrastructure reliability (such as infrastructure age, ability to withstand catastrophic events, leaking distribution systems, susceptibility to catastrophic flood and other events, and others)
- Water storage reliability (this could include land subsidence and groundwater aquifer volume reductions, susceptibility to catastrophic events, or other factors)
- Contracted water reliability (such as SWP, CVWP-1, wholesaler water, other contracts or trades)
- Natural reliability (such as hydrologic and climate uniformity)
- Land use alterations (these could affect the water demands, water supply sources, groundwater recharge locations, and other conditions)
- Pertinent regulations

It is suggested that the agricultural water supplier also identify mechanisms in place, or planned, that would enhance supply reliability and include a discussion of water supply reliability under potential drought conditions.

3.6 Climate Change

SB X7-7 requires that the AWMP: "Include an analysis, based upon available information, the effect of climate change on future water supplies" (§10826 (c))

Potential climate change could affect agricultural water suppliers within the planning horizon of AWMP. This section should include an analysis of the effects of climate change on water supply availability. While this is a required element of the AWMP, the manner in which the climate change analysis is conducted is at the discretion of the agricultural water supplier. Refer to Appendix B.5: Guidance on Climate Change for details on what factors may be considered in the analysis and discussion. See Section VI of the AWMP Template.

3.7 Water Use Efficiency Information

SB X7-7 §10826 (e) requires that certain water use efficiency information be included in the AWMP per §10608.48. Sections 10608.48 (a) through 10608.48(f) are related to the EWMPs of the AWMP. Sections 10608.48 (a) to 10608.48 (c) require implementation of EWMPs. Section 10608.48 (d) requires a report of which EWMPs have been implemented, an estimate of efficiency improvements, and documentation that non-implemented EWMPs were either not locally cost-effective or technically feasible. Section 10608.48 (e) specifies how to report the information.

Implementation of critical EWMPs (§10608.48 (b)) are required of all agricultural water suppliers. Other EWMPs listed in §10608.48 (c) are required only if they are locally cost-effective and technically feasible. This section lists the AWMP reporting requirements and EWMPs implementation requirements. DWR also encourages the agricultural water supplier to report on how implementation of EWMPs may have affected or are anticipated to affect operations. See Section VII of the AWMP Template.

A. EWMP Implementation and Reporting

SB X7-7 requires that the AWMP:

"Report on which efficient water management practices have been implemented and are planned to be implemented, an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements that have occurred since the last report, and an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements estimated to occur five to 10 years in the future. If an agricultural water supplier determines that an efficient water management practice is not locally cost effective or technically feasible, the supplier shall submit information documenting that determination." (§10608.48 (d)).

As such, the AWMP includes:

- A list of implemented and planned-to-be-implemented EWMPs (refer to Table VII.A of the AWMP Template)
- An estimate of water use efficiency improvements since the previous report. For an initial 2012 AWMP, it is likely there is no previous report to compare improvements. As such, it is suggested that improvements be estimated for EWMPs since implementation and submittal of the 2012 AWMP. (refer to Table VII.A of the AWMP Template)
- Estimate of water use efficiency improvements estimated to occur in five to ten years (refer to Table VII.A of the AWMP Template)

Although it is not required by SB X7-7, inclusion in the AWMP of a plan, schedule, and finance plan to implement EWMPs (§10608.48 (b) and (c)) that have not yet been implemented is suggested because this information is required for obtaining any State loans or grants. (refer to Worksheet 49)

Critical EWMPs must be implemented. Conditional EWMPs may be omitted if they are not locally cost-effective or technically feasible; however, documentation for this determination is required in the AWMP (refer to Table VII.B of the AWMP Template).

1. Critical EMWPs

Specific critical EWMPs must be implemented by the agricultural water supplier. These include (§10608.48(b)):

- (1) Measure the volume of water delivered to customers with sufficient accuracy to comply with subdivision (a) of Section 531.10 and to implement paragraph (2).
- (2) Adopt a pricing structure for water customers based at least in part on quantity delivered.

It is required by the CCR for all water suppliers as defined in the CCR §597 et seq. to measure water with devices that comply with the accuracy standards of the water measurement regulation.

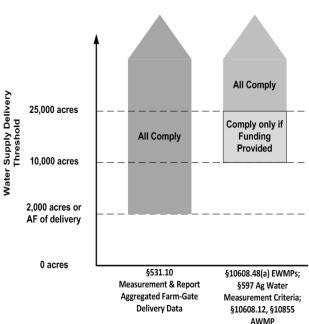
Water suppliers are encouraged to report the total number of farm-gates in the service area, the number of farm-gates complying with the CCR at the farm-gate, number of laterals, and number of laterals complying with the CCR accuracy standards. They should also include the number of each type planned for future water use measurement, if applicable.

If the water supplier is not measuring water at the farm-gate, (i.e., measuring water use at the lateral) the water supplier must provide specific documentation in the AWMP as required by CCR and outlined in Chapter 6 (Appendix B.8 contains the relevant regulation).

It is also required that the AWMP include a description of how compliance with the pricing structure EWMP was implemented or planned for implementation if water measurements cannot be conducted at the farm-gate.

For those agricultural water suppliers with at least 10,000 and less than 25,000 irrigated acres, implementation of the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation for measuring water deliveries is only required if sufficient funding has been provided specifically for that purpose (CCR §597.1 (e)). For agricultural water suppliers without the funding and meeting this size criteria, implementation of both critical EWMPs is still required, however, water measurements do not have to be conducted in accordance with **CWC §597.1 et seq.**

Relationship of Agricultural Water Management Planning and Measurement Provisions



The documentation required by CCR, as described in Chapter 6, may be included in Section VIII of the AWMP.

AWMC-MOU members may include documentation required by CCR in their water management plans (refer to Chapter 4). Federal water suppliers subject to CVPIA and RRA water management/conservation plans may submit Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation information required in the AWMP as an attachment to their water management/conservation plan (refer to Chapter 5).

2. Conditional EWMPs

As noted above, if certain EWMPs are not locally cost-effective or technically feasible they would not have to be implemented. However, if these EWMPs are locally cost-effective and technically feasible, they must be implemented by agriculture water suppliers providing water to at least 25,000 irrigated acres and water suppliers providing water to 10,000 to 25,000 irrigated acres if funding is provided (SB X7-7 §10608.48 (c)).

- (1) "Facilitation of alternative land use for lands with exceptionally high water duties or whose irrigation contributes to significant problems, including problem drainage" [§10608.48 (c)(1)].
- (2) "Facilitation of use of available recycled water that otherwise would not be used beneficially, meets health and safety criteria, and does not harm crops or soils. The use of recycled urban wastewater can be an important element in overall water management" (§10608.48 (c)(2)).

For an example of recycled water use in agriculture, refer to: http://www.pacinst.org/reports/success stories/recycled water and agriculture.htm

(3) "Facilitate the financing of capital improvements for on-farm irrigation systems" (§10608.48 (c)(3)).

- (4) "Implement an incentive pricing structure that promotes one or more of the following goals" (§10608.48 (c)(4)):
 - A. "More efficient water use at the farm level such that it reduces waste" (§10608.48 (c)(4)(A)).
 - B. "Conjunctive use of groundwater" (§10608.48 (c)(4)(B)).

<u>Explanation:</u> In dry years the water suppliers may encourage, through higher prices for surface

The Bureau of
Reclamation's 2011
Standard Criteria,
Addendum A, provides a
suggested detailed
analysis method:
http://www.usbr.gov/mp/watershare/documents/W
ater mgmt/Planner/2011
%20(2)%20Standard%20C
riteria.pdf

water, pumping more groundwater and leaving surface water for environmental uses.

C. "Appropriate increase of groundwater recharge" (§10608.48 (c)(4)(C)).

<u>Explanation</u>: In wet years pricing may be used to encourage greater use of surface water to facilitate recharge. For examples, see: interactive case studies database at http://agwaterstewards.org/

D. "Reduction in problem drainage" (§10608.48 (c)(4)(D)).

For an example, see Red Rock Ranch in: interactive case studies database at http://agwaterstewards.org/

- E. "Improved management of environmental resources" (§10608.48 (c)(4)(E)).
- F. "Effective management of all water sources throughout the year by adjusting seasonal pricing structures based on current conditions" (§10608.48 (c)(4)(F)).
- (5) "Expand line or pipe distribution systems, construct regulatory reservoirs to increase distribution system flexibility and capacity, decrease maintenance, and reduce seepage" [§10608.48 (c)(5)].

Explanation: Lining or piping the distribution system could increase distribution system flexibility and capacity and decrease maintenance and seepage. Seepage and evaporation losses in earthen canals and laterals can be minimized by replacement with pipelines or lining with bentonite clay, pour-in-place concrete or plastics/textile membranes. To reduce on-farm seepage losses, districts may wish to consider helping growers to line their ditches or install pipelines.

- (6) "Increase flexibility in water ordering by, and delivered to, water customers within operational limits" (§10608.48 (c)(6)).
- (7) "Construct and operate supplier spill and tail-water systems" (§10608.48 (c)(7)).

<u>Explanation</u>: This may increase efficiency or, in some cases, reduce losses of water from operational spills. In some areas, interception and recovery of farm tail-water may be advantageous. Consideration must be given to the impacts of such activities on water quality, crop yields, soil salinity and other conditions, third parties, and the environment.

- (8) "Increase planned conjunctive use of surface water and groundwater with the supplier service area" (§10608.48 (c)(8)).
- (9) "Automate canal control devices" (§10608.48 (c)(9)).

<u>Explanation</u>: This may increase flexibility in water deliveries and increase the water supplier's control over its water supplies, thereby providing the opportunity to improve the efficiency of water use.

- (10) "Facilitate or promote customer pump testing and evaluation" (§10608.48 (c)(10)).
- (11) "Designate a water conservation coordinator who will develop and implement the water management plan and prepare progress reports" (§10608.48 (c)(11)).
- (12) "Provide for the availability of water management services to water users. These services may include, but are not limited to, all of the following" (§10608.48 (c)(12)):
 - A. "On-farm irrigation and drainage system evaluations" [§10608.48 (c)(12)(A)].

DWR conducts an eco/mobile lab program that evaluates the performance of irrigation systems. The laboratories measure water application rates and system distribution uniformity and give recommendations for irrigation system improvement, if necessary: http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/irrigation/

B. "Normal year and real-time irrigation scheduling and crop evapotranspiration information" (§10608.48 (c)(12)(B)).

An important source of ET data for California is the California Irrigation Management Information System (CIMIS). CIMIS is a network of over 140 automated weather stations scattered throughout California that provide ETo and weather data to the public free of charge: http://www.cimis.water.ca.gov/cimis/welcome.jsp

- C. "Surface water, groundwater, and drainage water quantity and quality data" (§10608.48 (c)(12)(C)).
- D. "Agricultural water management educational programs and materials for farmers, staff, and the public" (§10608.48 (c)(12)(D)).

These could include such items as: soil moisture and salinity monitoring, in-school awareness programs, Agwater software, efficient irrigation techniques, crop water budget and other approaches, program delivery via workshops, seminars, newsletters, field days and demonstration, and others.

- (13) "Evaluate the policies of agencies that provide the supplier with water to identify the potential for institutional change to allow more flexible water deliveries and storage." (§10608.48 (c)(13)).
- (14) "Evaluate and improve the efficiencies of the supplier's pumps." (§10608.48 (c)(14)).

B. Documentation For Non-Implemented EWMPs

For Conditional EWMPs, the AWMP required EWMP reporting must also include documentation of the agricultural water supplier's determination that a conditional EWMP is not locally cost-effective or technically feasible, if applicable.

Refer to the **Economic Analysis** section of Exhibit E of the 1999 AWMC-MOU for a net benefit analysis approach that can be used to assess local cost-effectiveness for the conditional EWMPs. Exhibit E is available at: http://www.agwatercouncil.org/images/stories/pdfs/awmcmou.pdf. Alternatively, the agricultural water supplier can come up with other approaches to determine local cost-effectiveness.

The determination of technical infeasibility would depend upon the nature of the EWMP being implemented. For instance, if there are no customers within the service area who operate their own groundwater pumps, or if customers are highly resistant to allowing pump testing and evaluation, implementation of EWMP number 10, "Facilitate or promote customer pump testing and evaluation" may not be possible. Documentation of this may require surveys, consultation with customers, and other processes to identify non-feasibility. If available groundwater resources are minimal or under adjudication, EWMP number 8, "Increase planned conjunctive use of surface water and groundwater with the supplier service area", may not be possible. Documentation of technical non-feasibility may include such items as records of basin adjudication and identification of the agricultural water supplier and customers groundwater allotments; groundwater management plan basin descriptions, basin boundaries, other basin characteristics; any other documentation of the lack of groundwater resources or ability to extract groundwater. Alternatively, the canal and distribution system may not be amendable to EWMP number 9, "Automate canal control devices", and an engineering report may be prepared to document the inability to implement this EWMP.

A cost-benefit analysis, engineering determination, or other documentation supporting the omission of a conditional EWMP as not locally cost effective or technically not feasible is encouraged as part of the EWMP report in the AWMP. Table VII.B may be used to document non-implemented EWMP rationale. Additional documentation (e.g., detailed cost-benefit analysis, engineering calculations, and others) can be attached in Section VIII of AWMP (see Chapter 3.8 for details).

3.8 Supporting Documentation

Supporting documentation as required by CCR 23 §597 et seq. for compliance with Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation, described in Chapter 5, can be included in Section VIII. Section VIII can also include any other documentation and information you wish to include to support your descriptions and analyses in AWMP Sections II through VII.

DWR encourages the agricultural water supplier to include in this section:

Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation Supporting Documentation (as applicable):

- A. Legal Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement
- B. Engineer Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement
- C. Description of Water Measurement Best Professional Practices
- D. Documentation of Water Measurement Conversion to Volume
- E. Device Corrective Action Plan Required for Water Measurement

Other Documents (as applicable):

- 1. Coordination documentation, as applicable
 - Notification of AWMP Preparation
 - Comments received on the AWMP
 - Copies of outreach materials
 - Hearing/equivalent process notifications
 - Newspaper ads
 - Copies of AWMP notice of availability
 - Others, as applicable
- 2. Resolution of Plan Adoption
- 3. Water supplier maps
- 4. Water Supplier Opperating Rules and Regulations
- 5. Additional Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation compliance documentation
- 6. Water Shortage Allocation Policy
- 7. Water Shortage Contingency Plan
- 8. Agricultural supplier groundwater wells and recharge locations maps
- 9. Groundwater Management Plan
- 10. Detailed water quality information
- 11. Cost-benefit analysis/ technical infeasibility documentation
- 12. Additional information/data as applicable.

4 AWMC MOU Process Guidance

AWMC-MOU water management plans submitted to the AWMC with the required documentation identified below, and compliance with SB X7-7 Part 2.8 Article 1 notification of preparation and Article 3 public participation and submittal sections would satisfy SB X7-7 requirements for agricultural water management planning.

4.1 AWMC Water Management Plan

SB X7-7 allows the members of the AWMC-MOU to submit the water management plan submitted to the AWMC to comply with SB X7-7 §10826 - Plan Content.

4.2 Additional Documentation

Additional information must be included in the water management plan for compliance with SB X7-7 §10827 and the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation (as applicable in accordance with CCR §597.4 (e)). For 2012 plans, include or attach the following applicable documentation with the AWMC water management plan submitted to DWR.

Refer to Chapter 6 for details on the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation documentation and reporting requirements. This documentation must also be reviewed and approved by the water supplier.

A. EWMPS Documentation

1. Report on EWMPs

A report on the EWMPs implemented, EWMPs planned for implementation, an estimate of efficiency improvements since the last report, and estimated efficiency improvements expected in the next 5 to 10 years must be included (SB X7-7 §10608.48(d)). Use the following table to report EWMPs information (SB X7-7 §10608.48(e)):

EWMP No.*	Description of EWMP Implemented	Estimate of Water Use Efficiency Improvements That Occurred Since Last Report	EWMPs Planned	Estimated Water Use Efficiency Improvements 5-10 years in future
Critical	EWMPs			
1				
2				
Condition	nally Required EWN	IPs (locally cost-effective and tecl	nnically feasible E	WMPs)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
Other C	Optional EWMPs (a	as applicable)		
1				
2				

2. Non-Implemented EWMPs

If any non-critical EWMP is determined to be not locally cost-effective or technically feasible, documentation for that determination must be included (SB X7-7 §10608.48(d)). Use the following table to document non-implemented EWMPs (SB X7-7 §10608.48(e)):

Table 4.B. Non-Implemented EWMP Documentation (CWC §10608.48(d), §10608.48 (e))						
	(check one or both)					
Description	Technically Infeasible	Not Locally Cost- Effective	Justification/Documentation*			
		(check of Technically	(check one or both) Description Technically Infoasible Cost-			

Notes

3. Schedule to Implement (Required for Loan and Grant Eligibility, only)

If the water supplier has not implemented all of the SB X7-7 §10608.48 EWMPs, the water supplier must submit to DWR for approval, a schedule, financing plan, and budget for implementation of remaining EWMPs. (refer to Worksheet 49).

B. Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation Documentation (as applicable)

Attachment A: Legal Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement

Attachment B: Engineer Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement

Attachment C: Description of Water Measurement Best Management Practices

Attachment D: Documentation of Water Measurement Conversion to Volume

Attachment E: Device Corrective Action Plan Required for Water Measurement

4.3 Notification, Public Participation, Adoption, and Submittal Requirements

An AWMC member must prepare and complete all plans in accordance with Part 2.8 Article 1 and Article 3 requirements for notification, public participation, adoption, and submittal (refer to Chapter 3.1 for details).

^{*}Justification/Documentation can include summary cost-benefit analysis or engineering determination with reference to the specific study/agency/engineer responsible for making that determination.

A. Notification of AWMP Preparation

Notify each city or county that receives water from you that you will be preparing a plan or considering amendments to or changes to the plan (SB X7-7 §10821(a)). DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with notification requirements.

B. Public Participation

Prior to adopting the plan, make the plan available for public inspection and hold a public hearing on the plan in accordance with Government Code Section 6066 (public suppliers) or equivalent process (private suppliers) (SB X7-7 §10841). Refer to Chapter 3.1 B.2 for details on the public hearing process. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with public participation requirements.

C. Plan Adoption, Submittal, and Availability

Specific requirements for plan adoption and submittal are contained in the CWC. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with plan adoption, submittal, and availability requirements.

1. Plan Adoption

"After the public hearing, the plan shall be adopted as prepared or as modified during or after the hearing." (SB X7-7 §10841)

"Amendments to, or changes in the plan shall be adopted and submitted in the manner set forth in Article 3 (commencing with Section 10840)." (SB X7-7 §10820(b))

The agricultural water supplier is encouraged to include a copy of the Resolution of Plan Adoption to show compliance with plan adoption requirements. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with plan adoption requirements.

2. Plan Submittal

Within 30 days of adoption, the agricultural water supplier must submit copies of the water management plan, amendments, or changes to the water management plan (including the addition of required attachments/additions identified in Chapter 4.2, above) to the following entities (SB X7-7 §10843(a) and §10843(b)):

"The DWR.

Any city, county, or city and county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

Any groundwater management entity within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier extracts or provides water supplies.

Any urban water supplier within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

Any city or county library within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

The California State Library.

Any local agency formation commission serving a county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies."

DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with submittal requirements. Refer to Chapter 1.6 of this Guidebook for details on submittal of the water management to DWR and the California State Library.

3. Plan Availability

Within 30 days after plan adoption by the agricultural water supplier's governing entity, the water management plan must be made available for public review on the agricultural water supplier's website or an electronic copy submitted to DWR if the supplier does not have an internet website (SB X7-7 §10844 (b)). Electronic copies sent to the DWR should preferably be in Adobe™ pdf or MS-Word™ format. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with plan availability requirements.

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5 USBR CVPIA/RRA Process Guidance

New water management/conservation plan, the required documentation identified below, and compliance with SB X7-7 Part 2.8 Article 1 notification of preparation and Article 3 public participation and submittal sections, would satisfy SB X7-7 requirements for agricultural water management planning. For existing plans, those adopted by the water supplier and accepted as adequate by the USBR, submission of those plans, along with the required documentation identified below, would also satisfy SB X7-7 requirements.

5.1 USBR- CVPIA/RRA Water Management/ Conservation Plans That Are Accepted as Adequate

SB X7-7 allows agricultural water suppliers subject to the USBR CVPIA/RRA Water management/ conservation plan process to submit those plans for compliance with SB X7-7 §10826 provided that: 1) the water management/conservation plan has been adopted by the agricultural water supplier and submitted to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) within the previous four years, and 2) the USBR has accepted the water management/conservation plan adequate. DWR accepts CVPIA/RRA Water management/conservation plans that have been accepted as adequate by the USBR no earlier than January 1, 2009. These agricultural water suppliers must also submit additional documentation to DWR as identified in below in Chapter 5.2.

5.2 Additional Documentation

Additional information must be included in the water management/conservation plan submitted to DWR for compliance with the Water Measurement Regulations (<u>CCR §597.4 (e)</u>). For 2012 and later plans, submit to DWR the following documentation as an attachment with the USBR-accepted water management/ conservation plan. Refer to Chapter 6 for details regarding the Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation reporting and documentation requirements. This documentation must also be approved by the water supplier.

A. Agriculture Water Measurement Regulation Documentation (as applicable)

Attachment A: Legal Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement

Attachment B: Engineer Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement

Attachment C: Description of Water Measurement Best Professional Practices

Attachment D: Documentation of Water Measurement Conversion to Volume

Attachment E: Device Corrective Action Plan Required for Water Measurement

B. Optional Documentation (Required for Loan and Grant Eligibility, only)

It is suggested that the following documentation also be included as an attachment to the water management/conservation plan because loan and grant eligibility will be contingent upon the following additional documentation:

1. Report on EWMPs

A report on the EWMPs implemented, EWMPs planned for implementation, an estimate of efficiency improvements since the last report, and estimated efficiency improvements expected in the next 5 to 10 years must be included. (refer to AWMP Template Table VII.A)

2. Non-Implemented EWMPs

If any non-critical EWMP is determined to be not locally cost-effective or technically feasible, documentation for that determination must be included. (refer to AWMP Template Table VII.B)

3. Schedule to Implement

If the water supplier has not implemented all of the Section 10608.48 EWMPs, the water supplier must submit to DWR for approval, a schedule, financing plan, and budget for implementation of remaining EWMPs. (refer to Worksheet 50).

5.3 Notification, Public Participation, Adoption, and Submittal Requirements

All agricultural water suppliers required to prepare new agricultural water management/conservation plans must prepare and complete their plan in accordance with Part 2.8 Article 1 and Article 3 requirements for notification, public participation, adoption, and submittal (refer to Chapter 3.1 for details). The federal review process may incorporate many requirements specified in Part 2.8 Articles 1 and 3; the agricultural water supplier would also have to complete those requirements in Part 2.8 Articles 1 and 3 that are not already a part of the federal review process.

For 2012 plan submittals, if the agricultural water supplier already has an adopted a water management/ conservation plan accepted as adequate by the USBR, then only Chapters 4.3 C.2 (Plan Submittal) and 4.3 C.3 (Plan Availability) would apply; the agricultural water supplier would not have to retroactively complete Chapter 4.3 A through 4.3 C.1 requirements.

A. Notification of AWMP Preparation

Notify each city or county that receives water from you that you will be preparing a plan or considering amendments to or changes to the plan (SB X7-7 §10821(a)). DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with notification requirements.

B. Public Participation

Prior to adopting the plan, make the plan available for public inspection and hold a public hearing on the plan in accordance with Government Code Section 6066 (public suppliers) or equivalent process (private suppliers) (SB X7-7 §10841). Refer to Chapter 3.1 B.2 for details on the public hearing process. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with public participation requirements.

C. Plan Adoption, Submittal, and Availability

Specific requirements for plan adoption and submittal are contained in the CWC. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with plan adoption, submittal, and availability requirements.

1. Plan Adoption

"After the public hearing, the plan shall be adopted as prepared or as modified during or after the hearing." (SB X7-7 §10841)

"Amendments to, or changes in the plan shall be adopted and submitted in the manner set forth in Article 3 (commencing with Section 10840)." (SB X7-7 §10820(b))

The agricultural water supplier is encouraged to include a copy of the Resolution of Plan Adoption to show compliance with plan adoption requirements. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with plan adoption requirements.

2. Plan Submittal

Within 30 days of adoption, the agricultural water supplier must submit copies of the water management plan, amendments, or changes to the water management plan (including the required attachments/additions identified in Chapter 5.2, above) to the following entities (SB X7-7 §10843(a) and §10843(b)):

"The DWR.

Any city, county, or city and county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

Any groundwater management entity within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier extracts or provides water supplies.

Any urban water supplier within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

Any city or county library within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

The California State Library.

Any local agency formation commission serving a county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies."

DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with submittal requirements. Refer to Chapter 1.6 of this Guidebook for details on submittal of the water management to DWR and the California State Library.

3. Plan Availability

Within 30 days after plan adoption by the agricultural water supplier's governing entity, the water management plan must be made available for public review on the agricultural water supplier's website or an electronic copy submitted to DWR if the supplier does not have an internet website (SB X7-7 §10844 (b)). Electronic copies sent to the DWR should preferably be in Adobe™ pdf or MS-Word™ format. DWR encourages the use of Worksheet 1 to provide minimum information showing compliance with plan availability requirements.

6 Water Measurement Documentation

The Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation requires that water measurements be conducted at the Delivery Point or Farm-gate of a single customer and that measurement devices are certified as accurate through field-testing, laboratory/engineer certification, or inspection. There are specific requirements for water measurement and reporting in the AWMP that are identified in <u>CCR</u> §597.3(b)(2), §597.4(b)(2) and §597.4 (e). This Chapter describes the pertinent Agricultural Water Measurement Regulation documentation that must be included in the AWMP, if applicable.

All documentation needed for water measurement compliance may be included in Section VIII of the AWMP or included as attachments submitted with AWMC-MOU water management plans or CVPIA/RRA water management/conservation plans to DWR.

If the agricultural water supplier cannot measure water deliveries at the Delivery Point or Farm-gate of a single customer, they may be able to measure deliveries at an upstream location, provided certain criteria are met and that this is documented in the AWMP. The criteria for allowing upstream measurements are specified in CCR §597.3(b)(1). The criteria for measurement device accuracy and certification are specified in CCR §597.3(a), §597.4(a), and §597.4(b).

The following information is required in the AWMP to document that this criterion was satisfied, if applicable:

A. Legal Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement – Lack of Legal Access to Farm-gate

If a water supplier cannot measure water at the farm-gate because of lack of legal access needed to install, measure, maintain, operate, and monitor a measurement device (<u>CCR §597.3(b(1)(A)</u>), the following must be included in the AWMP or as Attachment A with the AWMC-MOU or CVPIA/RRA plans:

- 1. Certification for lack of legal access by the water supplier legal counsel (CCR §597.3(b(2)(A))
- Documentation on apportionment of volume of water delivered to customers (<u>CCR</u> §597.3(b)(2)(C)).

Under <u>CCR §597.4.b(2)(C)</u>, if water measurements cannot be conducted at the Delivery Point or Farm-gate of a single customer, all of the following criteria about how the agricultural water supplier apportions the volume of water delivered to individual downstream customers must be documented in the AWMP:

- a. How differences in water use among individual customers is accounted for based on (but not limited to):
 - Duration of water delivery
 - Annual customer water use patterns
 - Irrigated acreage
 - Crops planted, and
 - On-farm irrigation system
- b. That this delivery apportioning is sufficient for establishing a pricing structure based at least in part on the volume delivered, and
- c. That it was approved by the agricultural water supplier's governing board or body.

B. Engineer Certification and Apportionment Required for Water Measurement – Technically Infeasible

If a water supplier does not measure water at the Farm-gate but instead measures water at the lateral (upstream of multiple customers) because flow or water level fluctuations or other conditions prevent the ability to accurately measure at the Farm-gate, the water supplier must provide the following in the AWMP or as Attachment B with the AWMC-MOU or CVPIA/RRA plans:

- 1. Engineer determination that accuracy standards of <u>CCR §597.3(a)</u> cannot be met at the farm-gate (<u>CCR §597.3(b)(1)(B)</u> and §597.3(b)(2)(B)),
- 2. Documentation on apportionment of volume of water delivered to customers as described above (Guidebook section 5.1 A.2) (CCR §597.3(b)(2)(C)).

C. Description of Water Measurement Best Professional Practices

All water suppliers required to implement agricultural water measurement in accordance with <u>CCR</u> <u>§597</u> must include a description of Best Professional Practices about, but not limited to: (<u>CCR</u> <u>§597.4(e)(2)</u>)

- The collection of water measurement data
- Frequency of measurements
- Method for determining irrigated acres
- Quality control and quality assurance procedures.

Include this description in the AWMP or as Attachment C with the AWMC-MOU or USBR plans submitted to DWR.

D. Documentation of Water Measurement Conversion to Volume

If water measurement device(s) are not measuring water volume, all water suppliers required to implement agricultural water measurement in accordance with <u>CCR §597</u> must provide documentation on how measurements are converted to volume (<u>CCR §597.4(b)(2)(e)</u>). Specific flowrate, velocity, and water elevation measurement conversions are identified in <u>CCR</u> <u>§597.4(b)(2)(e(3)</u>). Include this description in the AWMP or as Attachment D with the AWMC-MOU or USBR plans submitted to DWR.

E. Device Corrective Action Plan Required for Water Measurement

All existing water measurement devices must measure water delivered at the Delivery Point or Farm-gate of a single customer with the following accuracy: (CCR §597.3(a))

- Existing devices with an accuracy of + 12% by volume
- New or replacement devices with a laboratory certified accuracy of 5% by volume or fieldcertified accuracy of 10% by volume

<u>CCR §597.4(a)</u> describes the initial certification of device accuracy protocols and <u>CCR §597.4(b)</u> describes the field-testing and field-inspection of existing devices protocols. Field-testing must be conducted as a statistically random representative sample of devices. Field inspections and analysis must be completed for every measurement device. In both cases, only trained and qualified individuals can perform these assessments and they must be approved by an engineer.

If field testing or inspection shows that a measurement device does not meet the accuracy criteria, it must be repaired and brought into compliance or replaced with a measurement device meeting the accuracy criteria above. If this cannot be accomplished by submittal of the 2012 plans, a corrective action plan is required to bring devices into compliance by 2015 (CCR §597.4 (b)(2) and §597.4 (e). This corrective action plan must be included in the 2012 plan submittal to DWR and must include a schedule, budget, and finance plan for taking corrective action (CCR §597.4 (e)(4)). Include this description in the AWMP or as Attachment E with the AWMC-MOU or USBR plans submitted to DWR.

Table C. Water Measurement Documentation Information:

Information that may be submitted to DWR in the AWMP or as an attachment to an AWMC-MOU water management plan or with a USBR-accepted water management/conservation plan to satisfy water measurement requirements.

Subject	State Regulation (CCR)	Information that may be submitted
Requirements for Measuring at Upstream of Multiple Customers	Section 597.3(b) – allows installing measurement device upstream of multiple customers if certain conditions are met.	If water measurement device is installed upstream of multiple farmgates, provide information on lack of legal access or conditions as described in Sections 597.3(b)(1)(A), 597.3(b)(1)(B), and 597.3(b)(2) of regulation
Performance Requirements	Section 597.4(d) — 1. Devices shall be correctly installed, maintained, operated, inspected, and monitored 2. Devices no longer meeting the accuracy requirements shall be repaired or replaced	Provide a description of device performance.
Reporting Requirements	Section 597.4(e)(1)-(4) - Document compliance w/ 597.3 (b) Description of best professional practices used Protocols used to convert non-volume readings Schedule, budget and finance plan for taking corrective actions	Provide documents for Section 597.4(e)(1)-(4).
Requirements for bringing existing devices under compliance	Section 597.4(e)(4) – Schedule, budget and finance plan	If applicable, provide information for Section 597.4(e)(4).

Appendix A: Worksheets

This section provides worksheets that can be populated with data and information by the agricultural water supplier and used in the AWMP to complete required elements.

Use of Worksheets and provision of information to be included in these worksheets is encouraged by the DWR. However, worksheet use, format, and information do not constitute a requirement for the AWMP or compliance with SB X7-7. These worksheets are provided to facilitate the preparation of AWMPs, to provide examples of what information may be submitted and how, and to provide a consistent format for information submittal and organization. Worksheets can also be modified as applicable.

Worksheets are organized corresponding to the AWMP Template outline in Chapter 2.2 and detailed guidance provided in Chapter 3.

Section I.B.

Workshee	Worksheet 1. Summary of Coordination, Adoption, and Submittal Activities					
Potential Interested Parties [Provide names(s)]	Notified of Plan Preparation	Requested Copy of Draft (Optional)	Commented on Draft/Action Taken by Supplier (Optional)	Notified of Public Meetings	Attended Public Meetings (Optional)	Copy of Adopted Plan/ Amendment Sent
Local City(s)	[Insert Date]					[Insert Date]
Local County(s)	[Insert Date]					[Insert Date]
Groundwater Management Entity						[Insert Date]
Urban Water Supplier(s)						[Insert Date]
City or County Library						[Insert Date]
Local Agency Formation Commission						[Insert Date]
DWR						[Insert Date]
Local Newspaper/ Equivalent Process [Identify which]				[Insert Dates]		
Other Local government agency						
Other Special districts						
Regional agency						
Environmental citizen group						

Land Use Agencies				
Business group				
Social citizen group				
Other State government agency				
Federal government agency				
Other [Identify]				
Website				[Insert Date Posted or Sent to DWR for Posting]
Note: Additional rows/colu	umns can be added	as applicable.		

Section II.A.1

Worksheet 2. Water Supplier History and Size			
Date of Formation Date:			
Source of Water	Check applicable sources		
Local Surface Water			
Local Groundwater			
Wholesaler			
USBR			
SWP			
Service Area Gross Acreage	acres		
Service Area Irrigated Acreage	irrigated acres		

ate of Magnitude Effect on the Water Supplier
educed area]
ncreased area]
effect on service area]
n

Section II.A.2

Worksheet 4. Water Conveyance and Delivery System				
System Used	Number of Miles			
Unlined Canal				
Lined Canal				
Pipelines				
Drains				
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.				

Worksheet 5. Water Supplier Reservoirs				
Number				
Total Capacity				
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.				

Worksheet 6. Tailwater/Spill Recovery System			
System Yes/N			
District Operated Tailwater/Spill Recovery			
Grower Operated Tailwater/Spill Recovery			
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.			

Section II.A.3

Worksheet 7. Landscape Characteristics					
Topography Characteristic	% of the District	Effect or	n Water Operations and Drainage		
Soil Characteristic/ Classification	% of the District	Percolation Rate (inches/hour)	Effect on Water Operations and Drainage		

Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.					

Section II.A.4

Worksheet 8. Summary Climate Characteristics				
Climate Characteristic	Value			
Average Annual Precipitation (inches)				
Annual Minimum Precipitation (inches)				
Annual Maximum Precipitation (inches)				
Average Annual Minimum Temperature (°F)				
Average Annual Maximum Temperature (°F)				
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.				

	Worksheet 9. Detailed Climate Characteristics*					
Month/Time	Average Precipitation, Inches	Precipitation, Evapotranspiration (Et _o), To		Average Maximum Temperature, °F		
January						
February						
March						
April						
Мау						
June						
July						
August						
September						
October						
November						
December						
Wet Season**						
Dry Season**						

Extreme		
Conditions (if		
applicable) [Insert		
type, e.g., 100-year		
event]		
Other [Identify]		

Notes:

Section II.B.1

Worksheet 10. Supplier Delivery System					
Type Check if Used Percent of System Supplied					
On Demand					
Modified Demand					
Rotation					
Other					
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.					

Worksheet 11. Water Allocation Policy					
	(0	(Check if applicable) Allocation			cation
Basis of Water Allocation	Flow	Volume	Seasonal Allocations	Normal Year	Percent of Water Deliveries (%)
Area within the service area					
Amount of land owned					
Riparian rights					
Other					
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.					

^{*}Please provide as much information as is available. If data is not available, delete column/row or ignore cell(s). Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

**Wet season is typically October through April or November through May, depending upon location. Identify months used in the

table Notes.

Worksheet 12. Actual Lead Times			
Operations Hours/Days			
Water orders			
Water shut-off			
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.			

Section II.B.2

Worksheet 13. Water Delivery Measurements				
Measurement Device	Frequency of Measurement (Days)	Frequency of Calibration (Months)	Frequency of Maintenance (Months)	Estimated Level of Accuracy (%)
Orifices (meter gates)				
Propeller Meters				
Weirs				
Flumes				
Verturi Meters				
Pump, Run Time				
Pump, KWH				
Other				
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.				

Section II.B.3

Worksheet 14. Water Rate Basis					
Water Charge Basis	Check if Used	Percent of Water Deliveries (%)	Description		
Volume of Water Delivered					
Rate and Duration of Water Delivered					
Acre					
Стор					
Land Assessment					
Other					
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.					

Worksheet 15. Rate Structure					
Type of Billing	Check if Used	Description			
Declining					
Uniform					
Increasing Block Rate					
Other					
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.					

Worksheet 16. Frequency of Billing				
Frequency Check if Used				
Weekly				
Biweekly				
Monthly				
Bimonthly				
Semiannually				
Annually				
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.				

Section II.B.4

Worksheet 17. Decreased Water Supplies Allocations				
Allocation Method Check if used				
Ву сгор				
First come first served				
Area in district				
Other				
No specific policy				
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.				

Worksheet 18. Enforcement Methods of Allocation Policies			
Enforcement Method Check if used			
Fines			
Water Shut-off			

Other	
No specific policy	
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable	

Section II.C.

Worksheet 19. Representative Year						
Description						
Representative year(s) based upon	[include year(s)]					
First month of representative year						
Last month of representative year						
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.						

Section III.A.

Worksheet 20. Annual Agricultural Water Use (AF)								
			Р	lanning Cyc	le			
Source	Representative Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]		
Agricultural Water Supplier Delivered								
Surface Water								
Groundwater								
Other (define)								
Other Water Supplies Used								
Surface Water								
Groundwater								
Other (define)								

Notes: Insert data if available. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable. A minimum of one year should be reported.

	Worksheet 21. Agricultural Crop Data For [Insert year*]									
Crop	Total Acreage	Irrigation Method	Planting Month	Harvest Month	ET crop (AF/Ac)	Cultural Practices (AF/Ac)	Leaching Requirement (AF/Ac)	Total Crop Water Needs (AF)		
TOTAL										

Notes:

*Complete a separated table for the Representative Year or each year in the Planning Cycle where data is available. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable. A minimum of one year should be reported.

Worksheet 22. Irrigated Acres									
		Planning Cycle							
	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]			
Total Irrigated Acres	Il Irrigated Acres								

Notes:

Insert data if available. If data is not available, columns or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable. A minimum of one year should be reported.

Worksheet 23. Multiple Crop Information								
		Planning Cycle						
Cropping System	Representative Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]		
Single-Cropped Acres								
Inter-cropping								
Double Cropping								

Note:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section III.B.

Worksheet 24. Environmental Water Uses (AF)								
			!	Planning C	ycle			
Environmental Resources	Representative Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]		
		From S	upplier					
Vernal pools								
Streams								
Lakes or reservoirs								
Riparian Vegetation								
Other [Identify]								
TOTAL								
		All So	urces					
Vernal pools								
Streams								
Lakes or reservoirs								
Riparian Vegetation								
Other [Identify]								
TOTAL								

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section III.C.

Worksheet 25. Recreational Water Uses (AF)								
			ı	Planning C	ycle			
Recreational Facility	Representative Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]		
TOTAL								

Notes

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section III.D.

Worksheet 26. Municipal/Industrial Water Uses (AF)								
				Planning C	ycle			
Municipal/ Industrial Entity	Representative Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]		
Municipal Entity								
Industrial Entity		<u> </u>						
TOTAL								

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section III.E.

Worksheet 27. Groundwater Recharge Water Uses (AF)									
				Planning C	ycle				
Location/ Groundwater Basin	Method of Recharge	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]			
Commitments/Dedicate	Commitments/Dedicated								
Voluntary/Opportunis	tic			1					
TOTAL									

Notes

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section III.F.

From What Agency	To What Agency	Type (Ag to M&I, M&I to Ag, or Ag to Ag)	Volume (AF)
Representative Year			
Planning Cycle Year 1			
Planning Cycle Year 2		· ·	
Planning Cycle Year 3			
Planning Cycle Year 4			
Planning Cycle Year 5			

they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, rows can be left blank or alternatively

Section III.G.

Worksheet 29. Other Water Uses (AF)								
				Planning C	ycle			
Water Use	Representative Year	1st Year 2nd Year 3rd Year 4th Year 5th Year [Insert [Insert [Insert [Insert Year Year Year Year						
[Identify Use]								
[Identify Use]								
[Identify Use]								
[Identify Use]								
TOTAL								

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section IV.A.1.

	Worksheet 30. Surface Water Supplies (AF)							
				Pla	nning Cyc	е		
Source	Diversion Restriction	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]	Anticipated Changes
Pre-1914 water rights								
CVP class I water contract								
SWP water contract								
Other imported water surface water								
Local surface water [Identify]								
Upslope drain water								
Transfers /Exchanges								
TOTAL								

Notes:

Insert data if available. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable. A minimum of one year should be reported.

Worksheet 31. Restrictions on Water Sources							
Source	Restrictions*	Name of Agency Imposing Restrictions	Operational Constraints				
Notes: *Examples of possible restrictions are amount of water supplied by DWR, USBR; environmental laws.							

Section IV.A.2.

	Worksheet 32. Gr	oundwater Basins	
Basin Name	Size (Sq. Mi.)	Usable Capacity (AF)	Safe Yield (AF/Yr)

Worksheet 33. Groundwater Management Plan						
Written By						
Year						
Is Appendix Attached?	Is Appendix Attached?					
Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.						

Worksheet 34. Groundwater Supplies (AF)								
		Planning Cycle						
Groundwater Basin	Diversion Restriction	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]	Anticipated Changes
Water Supplier Direct Pumping								
Private Pumping								

Transfers				
/Exchanges				
TOTAL				

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section IV.A.3.

Worksheets 30 and 31

Section IV.A.4.

	Worksheet 35. Drainage Discharge (AF)							
			Pla	anning Cyc	le			Inside/
Surface/ Subsurface Drainage Path	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]	End Use	Outside Service Area

Note:

Insert data if available. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable. A minimum of one year should be reported.

Section IV.B.1. - IV.B.3.

	Worksheet 36. [Insert Source*] Water Supply Quality**						
				F	Planning Cycle	e	
Parameter	Units	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]
TDS							
Se							
В							
Мо							
As							
Na							

CI				
Pesticide				
Herbicide				
Fertilizer(NO ₃)				
Other [Identify]				
Other [Identify]				

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank or alternatively they can be deleted. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

- * Identify supply source, for example, surface water, groundwater, or other water. If 'Other' water source is used, specify what the 'Other' water source is.
- ** Report average value and the range of values in parenthesis. For example, 10 (2 14), where 10 units is the yearly average and measurements ranged from 2 to 14 units. Units are specified in the 'Units' column.

Section IV.B.4.

	Worksheet 37. Drainage Reuse Effects						
			Drainage R	euse Limitations	(Check)		
Analyte	Detected (Check)	Increased Leaching	Blending Supplies	Restricted Area of Use	Restricted Crops	Other	
TDS							
Se							
В							
Мо							
As							
Na							
CI							
Pesticide							
Herbicide							
Fertilizer(NO ₃)							
Other							

Note:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section IV.C.1.

	Worksheet 38. Water Quality Monitoring Practices						
Water Source	Monitoring Location	Measurement/ Monitoring Method or Practice	Frequency				
Note: Additiona	Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.						

Section IV.C.2.

Worksheet 39. Water Quality Monitoring Programs for Surface/Sub-Surface Drainage								
Monitoring Program	Monitoring Program Analyses Performed Frequency of Analysis							
Note: Additional rows/columns can be ad	Note: Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.							

Section V.A.1.

Worksheet 40. Surface and Other Water Supplies For [Insert year*] (AF)												
Source	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Dec	Total
CVP Class 1 Contracts												
Pre-1914 Rights												
SWP												

Local Surface Water						
Upslope Drain Water						
Transfers & Exchanges						
Recycled Water						
Other [Identify]						
Total						

*Identify whether this data is for the Representative Year or 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, or 5th Plan Cycle Year. Prepare one table, as applicable, for each year with data. Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Worksheet 41. Groundwater Supplies Summary For [Insert Year*] (AF)									
	Pumped	by the Wate	r Supplier	Pumped					
Month	Basin 1 Basin 2 Basin 3		Basin 1	Basin 2	Basin 3	TOTAL			
January									
February									
March									
April									
May									
June									
July									
August									
September									
October									
November									
December									
TOTAL									

*Identify whether this data is for the Representative Year or 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, or 5th Plan Cycle Year. Prepare one table, as applicable, for each year with data. Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section V.A.2.

	Worksheet 42. Effective Precipitation Summary (AF)									
Month	Representative Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]	Average			
January										
February										
March										
April										
Мау										
June										
July										
August										
September										
October										
November										
December										
TOTAL										

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section V.B.

Worksheet 43. Applied Water (AF)												
	Planning Cycle											
	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]										
Applied Water* (from Worksheet 20)												
Note: * Water delivered to agricultural customers from Section III.												

Worksheet 44. Quantify Water Use (AF)											
		Planning Cycle									
Water Use	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]					
Crop Water Use (from Worksheet 21)											
1 Crop Evapotranspiration											
2 Leaching											
3 Cultural practices											
Conveyance & Storage System											
4 Conveyance seepage											
5 Conveyance evaporation						<u></u>					
6 Conveyance operational spills											
7 Reservoir evaporation											
8 Reservoir seepage											
Environmental Use (Consumptive)											
Environmental use – 9 wetlands (from Worksheet 24)											
10 Environmental use – Other (from Worksheet 24)											
11 Riparian vegetation (from Worksheet 24)											
12 Recreational use (from Worksheet 25)											
Municipal and Industrial											
13 Municipal (from Worksheet 26)											
14 Industrial (from Worksheet 26)											
Outside the District											
Transfers or Exchanges out 15 of the service area (from Worksheet 28)											
Conjunctive Use											
16 Groundwater recharge (from Worksheet 27)											
Other (from Worksheet 29)											
Subtotal			1								

Notes:
Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

	Worksheet 45. Quantify Water Leaving the District (AF)						
				F	Planning Cyc	le	
		Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]
1	Surface drain water leaving the service area						
2	Subsurface drain water leaving the service area						
	Subtotal						

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Worksheet 46. Irrecoverable Water Losses* (AF)						
		Planning Cycle				
	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]
Flows to saline sink						
Flows to perched water table						
Subtotal						

Notes:

Section V.C.

	Worksheet 47. Quantify Water Supplies (AF)						
			Planning Cycle				
	Water Supplies	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]
1	Surface Water* (summary total from Worksheet 40)						
2	Groundwater (summary total from Worksheet 41)						

^{*}Insert data if available and describe how it was calculated. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

3 Annual Effective Precipitation (summary total			
from Worksheet 42) 4 Water purchases			
Subtotal			

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

^{*}Subtract water purchases if included in totals; water purchases will be included on line 4.

Worksheet 48. Budget Summary (AF)							
			Planning Cycle				
	Water Accounting	Rep. Year	1 st Year [Insert Year]	2 nd Year [Insert Year]	3 rd Year [Insert Year]	4 th Year [Insert Year]	5 th Year [Insert Year]
1	Subtotal of Water Supplies (Worksheet 47)						
2	Subtotal of Water Uses (Worksheet 44)						
3	Drain Water Leaving Service Area (Worksheet 45)						
Ex	cess Deep Percolation*						

Notes:

Insert data if available. A minimum of one year should be reported. If data is not available, columns, rows, or cells can be left blank. Alternatively, additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.

Section VII.A.

Worksheet 49. Schedule to Implement EWMPs (SB X7-7 §10608.56 (d))							
EWMP	Implementation Schedule	Finance Plan	Budget Allotment	AWMC MOU Demand Measures			
Critical							
1 – Water Measurement				C-1			
2 - Volume-Based Pricing				No equivalent			

^{*}Calculated from lines 2 and 3 subtracted from line 1

Conditional					
1 – Alternate Land Use				B-1	
2 - Recycled Water Use				B-2	
3 – On-Farm Irrigation Capital Improvements				B-3	
4 – Incentive Pricing Structure				C-2	
5 – Infrastructure Improvements				B-5	
6 – Order/Delivery Flexibility				B-6	
7 – Supplier Spill and Tailwater Systems				B-7	
8 – Conjunctive Use				B-8	
9 – Automated Canal Controls				B-9	
10 – Customer Pump Test/Eval.				No equivalent	
11 – Water Conservation Coordinator				A-2	
12 – Water Management Services to Customers				A-3	
13 – Identify Institutional Changes				A-5	
14 – Supplier Pump Improved Efficiency				A-6	
Other EWMPs:					
AWMC MOU A-4: Improve communication and cooperation among water suppliers, users, and other agencies. AWMC MOU B-4: Facilitate voluntary water transfers.					
Grand Total all EWMPs					
Note: There is no equivalent AWMP Critical EWMP #2 or Conditional EWMP #10					

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Worksheet Footnotes

WORKSHEET NO.	EXPLANATION			
1	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 1 except that required items are highlighted, additional information is requested for some items, and additional optional items added.			
2	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 2.			
3	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 8 except that a column had been added to allow for reporting of the expected change in size/magnitude.			
4	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 3.			
5	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 4.			
6	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 5.			
7	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 9 and 10 except that terrain/ topography effects on drainage conditions are also suggested			
8	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 11 except that annual minimum and maximum monthly precipitation reporting is also requested.			
9	This worksheet has no comparable AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets table.			
10	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 6.			
11	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 12.			
12	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 13.			
13	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 14.			
14	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 15 except that a description of the water charge basis is requested and that charges based on water quantity be identified as volume- or rate- based.			
15	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 16.			
16	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 17.			
17	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 18.			
18	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 19.			
19	This worksheet is essentially the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 24 except actual year(s) used has to be reported.			
20	This worksheet replaces AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 24 with additional columns for data from multiple years.			
21	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 25.			
22	This worksheet is essentially the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 26 with additional columns for data from multiple years.			
23	This worksheet is essentially the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 27 with additional columns for data from multiple years.			
24	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 28 except that the supplier volume of water used is separated from total uses.			
25	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 29.			
26	This worksheet has no corresponding AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets table.			
27	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 30 except that the location of recharge is identified and the volume of water used that is dedicated for groundwater recharge is separated from voluntary/ opportunistic groundwater recharge			

28	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 31.					
29	This worksheet has no corresponding AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets table.					
30	This worksheet is essentially the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 20 except that local groundwater supply information is added.					
31	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 7 except that a column has been added to identify the water source. Additional rows/columns can be added as applicable.					
32	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 21.					
33	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 22.					
34	This worksheet has no corresponding AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets table.					
35	This worksheet is similar to the AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 32.					
36	This worksheet is similar to the AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 34 except this is for source water quality.					
37	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 34.					
38	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 23 except that a column has been added to identify the water source.					
39	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 33.					
40	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 35.					
41	This worksheet is the same as AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 36.					
42	This worksheet has no corresponding AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets table.					
43	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 37 except that columns have been added for additional years.					
44	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 38 except that columns have been added for additional years.					
45	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 39 except that columns have been added for additional years.					
46	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 40 except that columns have been added for additional years.					
47	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 41 except that columns have been added for additional years.					
48	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 42 except that columns have been added for additional years.					
49	This worksheet is similar to AWMC MOU Agricultural Water Management Plan Worksheets Table 44 but re-orders EWMPs to correspond to SB X7-7 EWMPs and provides the corresponding SB X7-7 EWMP number and finance plan has been added.					

Appendix B: Supporting Information

B.1 Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

Q1: Who has to submit an Agricultural Water Management Plan (AWMP)?

A1: The law specifies agricultural water suppliers that provide water to greater than 25,000 irrigated acres, excluding recycled water, shall be required to adopt and implement an AWMP and submit a plan to DWR.

Suppliers that provide less than 25,000 irrigated acres are not required to adopt and submit a plan unless sufficient funding has specifically been provided to that water supplier for these purposes.

Q2: What happens if an agricultural water supplier doesn't submit a plan?

A2: An agricultural water supplier is not eligible for a water grant or loan awarded or administered by the state unless the supplier adopts and implements an AWMP per Water Code §10852.

Q3: Why does DWR use the years 2012 and 2015 as two AWMP cycles since a cycle is 5 years?

A3: Agricultural Water Management Plans submittal years 2012 and 2015 are set by the SB X7-7 legislation. After 2015, plans are to be submitted every 5 years.

Q4: Do Bureau of Reclamation contractor suppliers submit AWMPs to DWR?

A4: Agricultural water suppliers that are required to submit water conservation plans also known as water management plan every five years to the Bureau of Reclamation pursuant to the CVPIA or the RRA, or both, may submit those plans to DWR to satisfy the requirements to adopt an AWMP as required by SB X7-7 if the following apply:

- The agricultural water supplier has adopted and submitted the plan to the Bureau of Reclamation within the previous four years (§10828(a)(1)).
- The Bureau of Reclamation has accepted the plan as adequate (§10828(a)(2)).

Q5: Do Bureau of Reclamation contractor suppliers comply with the state's agricultural water measurement regulation?

A5: All agricultural water suppliers as described in Water Measurement Regulation are subject to the Regulation. Federal water suppliers that currently comply with

Reclamation's 2011 Criteria and measure water using devices that are maintained and calibrated to meet the federal standards would meet the accuracy standards of state regulation. Information submitted to DWR should include the following:

- If measurement is done at upstream of multiple customers farm-gates due to lack of legal access or water level or flow conditions, the supplier should provide needed information that includes a water supplier's legal counsel document for lack of legal access or documents for existence of fluctuating water flow conditions as described in section 597.3(b) of regulation.
- Water measurement conversion to volume.
- Performance information, including devices correctly installed, maintained, operated, inspected, and monitored.
- Description of best professional practices used; protocols used to convert nonvolume readings; schedule, budget and finance plan for taking corrective actions.
- If existing devices are not in compliance with Reclamation, provide schedule, budget, and finance plan to replace the device with new devices by 2015.
- Q6: Is there anything in the Water Conservation Act of 2009 which requires tiered water pricing for agricultural water suppliers?
- A6: There is not any language in SB X7-7 regarding tiered pricing per se. However, see the following sections from the law regarding pricing structure:

Water Code 10608.48 states:

- (b) Agricultural water suppliers shall implement all of the following critical efficient management practices:
 - (2) Adopt a pricing structure for water customers based at least in part on quantity delivered, and...
- (c) Agricultural water suppliers shall implement additional efficient management practices, including, but not limited to, practices to accomplish all of the following, if the measures are locally cost effective and technically feasible:...
 - (4) Implement an incentive pricing structure that promotes one or more of the following goals:
 - (A) More efficient water use at the farm level.
 - (B) Conjunctive use of groundwater.
 - (C) Appropriate increase of groundwater recharge.
 - (D) Reduction in problem drainage.
 - (E) Improved management of environmental resources.

- (F) Effective management of all water sources throughout the year by adjusting seasonal pricing structures based on current conditions
- Q7: Explain the condition of "sufficient funding provided to a water supplier" that would make the implementation of the requirements of SB X7-7 mandatory (e.g., adoption and submission to DWR of an AWMP).
- A7: For suppliers providing water to 10,000 or more but less than 25,000 irrigated acres, funding from the State or other entities may be made available for implementing a specific requirement (e.g., preparation of AWMPs). When the funding is part of a grant program requiring local match, then any supplier receiving such funds and agreeing to providing match would be required under the term of the grant agreement to implement that requirement. In the event where full funding has been provided to a supplier to implement a specific SB X7-7 requirement, then the supplier would be required to implement that requirement. Funding may be from state or other entities including local.
- Q8: When an agricultural water supplier recharges a groundwater basin for the purpose of providing irrigation water to customers who pump the water through private wells, how is the supplier's total irrigated acreage calculated for the purpose determining SB X7-7 applicability?
- A8: When a supplier recharges a groundwater basin used by customers to pump water for irrigation, and there exists a customer supplier relationship, then the total irrigated acres supplied from the pumped groundwater would count toward the supplier's total irrigated acreage.
- Q9: SB X7-7 states that federal water suppliers' plans accepted by Reclamation can be submitted to satisfy the requirements of Section 10826 if they are submitted to Reclamation within the previous four years. Are federal plans accepted by Reclamation within the four years prior to the passage of SB X7-7 (November 10 2009) acceptable?
- A9: No, only federal plans accepted by Reclamation within the four years prior to the due date of the agricultural water management plans are acceptable. For the first round of AWMPs due December 31, 2012, federal plans accepted by Reclamation on or after December 31, 2008 are acceptable. For the second round of AWMPs due December 31, 2015, federal plans accepted by Reclamation on or after December 31, 2011 are acceptable. For the third round of AWMPs due December 31, 2020, federal plans accepted by Reclamation on or after December 31, 2016 are acceptable.

- Q10: We have 33,000 acres within the district, but we transfer 20,000 acre feet to a neighboring district. We only irrigate 9,000 acres within our district. Are we subject to SB X7-7 planning requirements?
- A10: It depends on the total irrigated acres served by the water supplier's water. If agricultural water supplier A routinely transfers a portion of its water to agricultural water supplier B (receiving water supplier), supplier A is a wholesale water supplier and its irrigated acreage is determined by the irrigated area of its direct customers and the irrigated area of the receiving water supplier customers served by the transfer.

B.2 AWMP and Ag Water Measurement Compliance Flow Charts

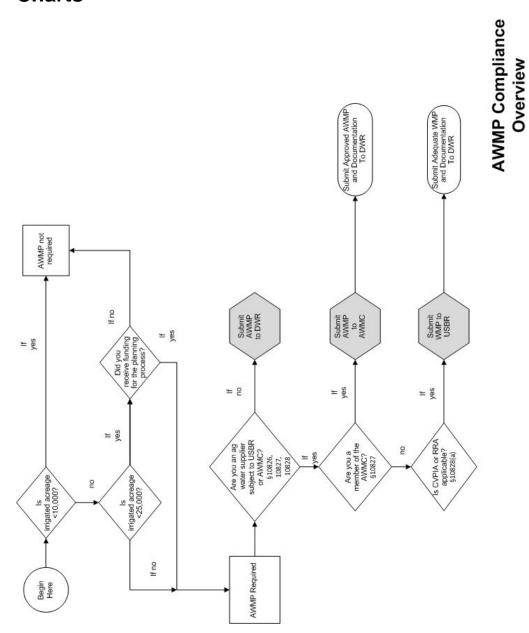


Figure 1 AWMP Compliance Overview

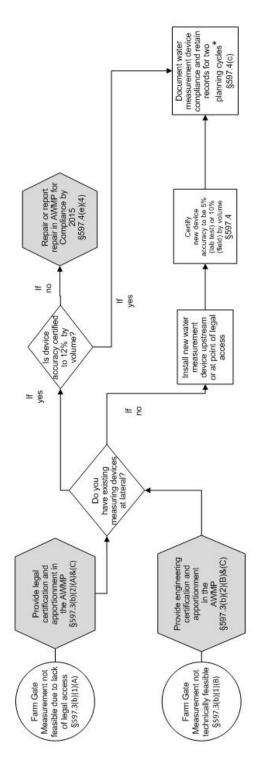


Figure 2 Agricultural Water Measurement Compliance Overview

Document water measurement device compliance and retain records for two

= 8

± 2

Farm Gate Measurement

§597.3(a)

Repair or report repair in AWMP for Compliance by 2015 \$597.4(e)(4)

= 2

Is device accuracy certified to 12% by volume?

Do you have existing measuring devices at farmy gate?

± se

planning cycles* §597.4(c)

Certify
new device
accuracy to be 5%
(lab) or 10% (field) by
volume
§597.4

Install new water measurement device at farm gate

B.3 Detailed Comparison of SB X7-7, AWMC MOU and USBR CVPIA Processes

	SB X7-7	AWMC 1999 MOU	USBR CVPIA
1	Not Required (N/R)	Step 1: Coordinate with other agencies and the public	N/R
2	§10826. An agricultural water management plan shall be adopted in accordance with this chapter. The plan shall do all of the following: (a) Describe the agricultural water supplier and the service area, including all of the following:	Step 2: Describe the water supplier	Section 1 Description of the District
3	(1) Size of the service area.	A. History and size	Section 1A History
4	(2) Location of the service area and its water management facilities	B. Location and facilities	Section 1B Location and facilities
5	(3) Terrain and soils	C. Terrain and soils	Section 1C Topography and Soils
6	(4) Climate	D. Climate	Section 1D Climate
7	N/R	N/R	Section 1E Natural and Cultural Resources
8	(5) Operating rules and regulations	E. Operating rules and regulations	Section 1F Operating Rules and Regulations
9	(6) Water delivery measurements or calculations	F. Water delivery measurement or calculations	Section 1G Water Measurement, Pricing and Billing
10	(7) Water rate schedules and billing	G. Water rate schedules and billing	Section 1G Water Measurement, Pricing and Billing
11	(8) Water shortage allocation policies	H. Water shortage allocation policies	Section 1H Water Shortage Allocation Policies
12	(b) Describe the quantity and quality of water resources of the agricultural water supplier, including all of the following:	Step 3: Inventory water resources	Section 2 Inventory water resources
13	(1) Surface water supply	A. Surface water supply	Section 2A Surface Water Supply
14	(2) Groundwater supply	B. Groundwater supply	Section 2B Groundwater Supply
15	(3) Other water supplies	C. Other water supplies	Section 2C Other Water Supplies
16	(4) Source water quality monitoring practices	D. Source water quality monitoring practices	Section 2D Source Water Quality Monitoring Practices
17	(5) Water uses within the agricultural water supplier's service area, including all of the following:	E. Water uses within the water supplier's service area	Section 2E Water Uses with the District
18	(A) Agricultural	1. Agricultural	Section 2E1 Agricultural
19	(B) Environmental	2. Environmental	N/R
20	(C) Recreational	3. Recreational	N/R
21	(D) Municipal and industrial	4. Municipal and industrial	Section 2E2 Urban
22	(E) Groundwater recharge	5. Groundwater recharge	Section 2E3 Groundwater

			Management Plan/Banking
			Programs
23	(F) Transfers and exchanges	6. Transfers and exchanges	Section 2E4 Transfers, Exchanges, Rescheduling, Purchases, or Sales
24	(G) Other water uses	7. Other water uses	Section 2E5 Other
25	(6) Drainage from the water	F. Drainage from the water	Section 2F Outflow from the
23	supplier's service area	supplier service area	District
26	(7) Water accounting, including all	G. Water accounting	Section 2G Water
	of the following:	_	Accounting
	(A) Quantifying the water supplier's	Quantify water supplier's	Section 2G1 Quantify
27	water supplies	water supplies	Contractor's Water Supplies
28	(B) Tabulating water uses	2. Tabulate water uses	Section 2G2 Quantify Water Used
29	(C) Overall water budget	3. Overall water budget	Section 2G3 Overall Water Budget
30	(8) Water supply reliability	H. Supply reliability	N/R
	(c) Include an analysis, based on		
31	available information, of the effect of climate change on future water supplies	N/R	N/R
32	(d) Describe previous water management activities	N/R	N/R
	(e) Include in the plan the water	Stop 5: Identify officient water	Section 3A Critical BMPs
33	use efficiency information required pursuant to Section 10608.48	Step 5: Identify efficient water management practices	for Agricultural Contractors
34	§10608.48. (a) On or before July 31, 2012, an agricultural water supplier shall implement efficient water management practices pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c). (b) Agricultural water suppliers shall implement all of the following critical efficient management practices:	Step 8: Implement justified efficient water management practices	Section 3A Critical BMPs for Agricultural Contractors
35	Chapter 3, Article 1, §10820 (a) An agricultural water supplier shall prepare and adopt an agricultural water management plan in the manner set forth in this chapter on or before December 31, 2012, and shall update that plan on December 31, 2015, and on or before December 31 every five years thereafter.	Exhibit A, List A 1. Prepare and adopt a Water Management Plan using as a guideline Exhibit B of this Memorandum of Understanding for Agricultural Water Suppliers	Section 210 of the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (RRA) Requires federal contractors to prepare and submit plans ever 5 years
36	§10608.48 (a)(1) Measure the volume of water delivered to customers with sufficient accuracy to comply with subdivision (a) of Section 531.10 and to implement paragraph (2) (2) Adopt a pricing structure for water customers based at least in part on quantity delivered	Exhibit A, List C 1. Water measurement and water use report. 2. Pricing or other incentives.	Section 3A1 Water Measurement Section 3A4 Pricing Structure

38	(c) Agricultural water suppliers shall implement additional efficient management practices, including, but not limited to, practices to accomplish all of the following, if the measures are locally cost effective and technically feasible:	(see below)	Section 3B Exemptible BMPs for Agricultural Contractors
39	(1) Facilitate alternative land use for lands with exceptionally high water duties or whose irrigation contributes to significant problems, including drainage	Exhibit A, List B 1. Facilitate alternative land use	Section 3B1 Facilitate Alternative Land Use
40	(2) Facilitate use of available recycled water that otherwise would not be used beneficially, meets all health and safety criteria, and does not harm crops or soils	2. Facilitate use of available recycled water that otherwise would not be used beneficially, meets all health and safety criteria, and does not cause harm to crops or soils.	Section 3B2 Facilitate Use of Available Recycled Water that Otherwise Would Not be Used Beneficially, Meets all Health and Safety Criteria, and Does Not Cause Harm to Crops or Soils.
41	(3) Facilitate the financing of capital improvements for on-farm irrigation systems	3. Facilitate the financing of capital improvements for onfarm irrigation systems.	Section 3B3 Facilitate the Financing of Capital Improvements for On-Farm Irrigation Systems.
42	N/A	4. Facilitate voluntary water transfers that do not unreasonably affect the water user, water supplier, the environment, or third parties.	N/R
43	(4) Implement an incentive pricing structure that promotes one or more of the following goals:	Exhibit A, List C 2. Pricing or other incentives.	Section 3B4 Incentive Pricing
44	(A) More efficient water use at the farm level	b. A volumetric rate structure may be tiered, whereby the water supplier sets a higher price for that portion of water applied above crop evapotranspiration, leaching requirement, system evaporation, and other beneficial requirements.	N/R
45	(B) Conjunctive use of groundwater	c. A water supplier may implement a pricing arrangement or other financial incentives to improve the conjunctive use of surface and groundwater supplies.	Section 3B9 Optimize Conjunctive Use
46	(C) Appropriate increase of groundwater recharge	(see above)	(see above)
47	(D) Reduction in problem drainage	N/R	N/R
48	(E) Improved management of environmental resources	N/R	N/R
49	(F) Effective management of all water sources throughout the year by adjusting seasonal pricing structures based on current	N/R	N/R

	conditions		
50	(5) Expand line or pipe distribution systems, and construct regulatory reservoirs to increase distribution system flexibility and capacity, decrease maintenance, and reduce seepage	Exhibit A, List B 5. Line pipe ditches and canals. (in part)	N/R
51	(6) Increase flexibility in water ordering by, and delivery to, water customers within operational limits	Exhibit A, List B 6. Increase flexibility in water ordering by, and delivery to, the water users within operational limits.	Section 3B6 Increase Flexibility in Water Ordering By, and Delivery To, Water Users
52	(7) Construct and operate supplier spill and tailwater recovery systems	7. Construct and operate water supplier spill and tailwater recovery systems.	Section 3B7 Construct and Operate Spill and Tailwater Recovery Systems
53	N/R	N/R	Section 3B8 Plan to Measure Outflow
54	(8) Increase planned conjunctive use of surface water and groundwater within the supplier service area	8. Optimize conjunctive use of surface and groundwater.	Section 3B9 Optimize Conjunctive Use
55	(9) Automate canal control structures.	9. Automate canal structures.	Section 3B10 Automate Distribution and/or Drainage System Structures
56	(10) Facilitate or promote customer pump testing and evaluation	N/R	Section 3B11 Facilitate or Promote Water User Pump Testing and Evaluation
E-7			Section 3B12 Mapping
57	N/R	N/R	(GIS)
58	N/R (11) Designate a water conservation coordinator who will develop and implement the water management plan and prepare progress reports	Exhibit A, List A 2. Designate a Water Conservation Coordinator	
	(11) Designate a water conservation coordinator who will develop and implement the water management plan and prepare	Exhibit A, List A 2. Designate a Water	(GIS) Section 3A2 Designate the Water Conservation
58	(11) Designate a water conservation coordinator who will develop and implement the water management plan and prepare progress reports (12) Provide for the availability of water management services to water users. These services may include, but are not limited to, all of	Exhibit A, List A 2. Designate a Water Conservation Coordinator	GIS) Section 3A2 Designate the Water Conservation Coordinator Section 3A3 Provide or Support the Availability of Water Management Services to Water Users Section 3A3a On-farm evaluations
58	(11) Designate a water conservation coordinator who will develop and implement the water management plan and prepare progress reports (12) Provide for the availability of water management services to water users. These services may include, but are not limited to, all of the following: (A) On-farm irrigation and drainage	Exhibit A, List A 2. Designate a Water Conservation Coordinator (see below) Exhibit A, List A 3a. On-farm irrigation and	(GIS) Section 3A2 Designate the Water Conservation Coordinator Section 3A3 Provide or Support the Availability of Water Management Services to Water Users Section 3A3a On-farm
58 59 60	(11) Designate a water conservation coordinator who will develop and implement the water management plan and prepare progress reports (12) Provide for the availability of water management services to water users. These services may include, but are not limited to, all of the following: (A) On-farm irrigation and drainage system evaluations (B) Normal year and real-time irrigation scheduling and crop	Exhibit A, List A 2. Designate a Water Conservation Coordinator (see below) Exhibit A, List A 3a. On-farm irrigation and drainage system evaluation 3b. Normal year and real-time irrigation scheduling and crop	GIS) Section 3A2 Designate the Water Conservation Coordinator Section 3A3 Provide or Support the Availability of Water Management Services to Water Users Section 3A3a On-farm evaluations Section 3A3b Normal year and real-time irrigation scheduling and crop ET information Section 3A3c Surface, ground, and drainage water quantity and quality data.
59 60 61	(11) Designate a water conservation coordinator who will develop and implement the water management plan and prepare progress reports (12) Provide for the availability of water management services to water users. These services may include, but are not limited to, all of the following: (A) On-farm irrigation and drainage system evaluations (B) Normal year and real-time irrigation scheduling and crop evapotranspiration information (C) Surface water, groundwater, and drainage water quantity and	Exhibit A, List A 2. Designate a Water Conservation Coordinator (see below) Exhibit A, List A 3a. On-farm irrigation and drainage system evaluation 3b. Normal year and real-time irrigation scheduling and crop evapotranspiration information 3c. Surface water, groundwater, and drainage	GIS) Section 3A2 Designate the Water Conservation Coordinator Section 3A3 Provide or Support the Availability of Water Management Services to Water Users Section 3A3a On-farm evaluations Section 3A3b Normal year and real-time irrigation scheduling and crop ET information Section 3A3c Surface, ground, and drainage water

64		communication and cooperation among water suppliers, water users, and other agencies.	
65	(13) Evaluate the policies of agencies that provide the supplier with water to identify the potential for institutional changes to allow more flexible water deliveries and storage	Exhibit A, List A 5. Evaluate the need, if any, for changes in policies of the institutions to which the water supplier is subject.	Section 1I Evaluate Polices of Regulatory Agencies Affecting the Contractor and Identify Policies that Inhibit Good Water Management
66	(14) Evaluate and improve the efficiencies of the supplier's pumps.	Exhibit A, List A 3e. Water user pump testing and evaluation. 6. Evaluate and improve efficiencies of water suppliers' pumps.	Section 3A5 Evaluate and Improve Efficiencies of Contractor's Pumps
67	N/R	Step 6: Develop schedules, budgets, and projected results	N/R
68	§10608(d) Agricultural water suppliers shall include in the AWMPs a report on which EWMPs have been implemented and are planned to be implemented, an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements since the last report, and an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements estimated to occur five and 10 years in the future. Submit documentation if an EWMPs is not locally cost effective or technically feasible.	Exhibit E "Net Benefit Analysis for EWMPs by Agricultural Water Suppliers", for evaluating which of the EWMPs are appropriate for their service area.	Section 3B Exemptible BMPs for Agricultural Contractors Each contractor shall implement the following BMPs, unless the contractor has an approved exemption from Reclamation. The contractor is required to follow the exemption process (see Addendum A) to justify exemptions. Refer to Addendum B for example justifications for each exemptible BMP. Document the exemption in this section.
69	§10608(e) The data shall be reported using a standardized form developed pursuant to §10608.52	N/R	N/R
70	§10841 (Plan Review) Prior to adopting a plan, the agricultural water supplier shall make the proposed plan available for public inspection, and shall hold a public hearing on the plan. Prior to the hearing, notice of the time and place of hearing shall be published within the jurisdiction of the publicly owned agricultural water supplier pursuant to Section 6066 of the Government Code. A privately owned agricultural water supplier shall provide an equivalent notice within its service area and shall provide a reasonably equivalent opportunity that would otherwise be	Step 7: Review, evaluate, and adopt the water management plan	USBR releases the plans for public comment after they are received from the water supplier and deemed adequate.

71	afforded through a public hearing process for interested parties to provide input on the plan. After the hearing, the plan shall be adopted as prepared or as modified during or after the hearing	Step 9: Monitor, evaluate, and update the water management plan	N/R
72	§10608.48(g) on or before December 31, 2013, and December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2021, DWR, in consultation with the Water Board, shall submit to the Legislature a report on the agricultural efficient water management practices that have been implemented and are planned to be implemented, and an assessment how those measures have affected and will affect agricultural operations, and estimated water use efficiency improvements, if any. §10845 DWR shall prepare and submit to the Legislature, on or before December 31, 2013, and thereafter in the years ending in six and one, a report summarizing the status of the plans adopted.	N/R	N/R – No Congressional report required. A Ten-year progress report was issued in 2004 for years 1993-2002, and covered all aspects of CVPIA.
73	§10608.56 On and after July 1, 2013, an agricultural water supplier is not eligible for a water grant or loan awarded or administered by the state unless the supplier complies with this part.	N/R	Consequences of Non-Compliance (2011 Standard Criteria) An adequate Plan must be in place before Reclamation will consider extending any discretionary benefits, such as financial and technical assistance. Consequences of noncompliance may include, but are not limited to ineligibility for any Reclamation grants.

B.4 Annual Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Report

The Agricultural Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Report is required under the AB 1404 (CWC 531.10); however, it does not need to be included in the AWMP or alternate plans for compliance with SB X7-7 agriculture management planning. It is due annually on July 31 of each year, beginning in 2013 and each year thereafter. The form can be found on DWR's web site at:

http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/agricultural/farmgatedelivery.cfm

A. Guidance for Compliance with the Requirements of submitting Agricultural Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Report

- 1. Agricultural Water Suppliers, as defined by the SB X7-7 as greater than 25,000 irrigated acres (or greater than 10,000 irrigated acres if funding is available) are required to measure water delivery to its customers and send an annual report to DWR. The water suppliers use the Form Article 2 to submit data to DWR.
- 2. Water suppliers (as defined by AB 1404, in CWC §531.10) that are less than 10,000 irrigated acres (or less than 25,000 acres if no funding is available) and greater than 2,000 irrigated acres are to measure water deliveries and report annually to DWR and use the same form, however, only if measurement is locally cost effective and using best professional practices.

B. Definitions of Terms (from AB 1404 and SB X7-7)

Agricultural Water Supplier:

For the purpose of AB1404 requirements, CWC §531.1 defines "agricultural water supplier" as "a supplier either publicly or privately owned, supplying 2,000 acre-feet or more of surface water annually for agricultural purposes or serving 2,000 or more acres of agricultural land. An agricultural water supplier includes a supplier or contractor for water, regardless of the basis of right, which distributes or sells water for ultimate resale to customers" (CWC §531.b)

For the purpose of SB X7-7 requirements (Article 2), §10608.12(a) defines "agricultural water supplier" as "a water supplier, either publically or privately owned, providing water to 10,000 or more irrigated acres, excluding recycled water. "Agricultural water supplier" includes a supplier or contractor for water, regardless of the basis of right that distributes or sells water for ultimate resale to customers. "Agricultural water supplier" does not include the department."

Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Data:

"Aggregated farm-gate delivery data" means information reflecting the total volume of water an agricultural water supplier provides to its customers and is calculated by totaling its deliveries to individual customers (CWC §531.a)

Farm-gate:

"Farm-gate" means the point at which water is delivered from the agricultural water supplier's distribution system to each of its customers (CWC §531.f).

Best Professional Practices:

"Best professional practices" means practices attaining and maintaining accuracy of measurement and reporting devices and methods (CWC §531.d). This definition applies to agricultural water suppliers <10,000 acres (and less than 25,000 acres if no funding is made available to the water supplier).

"Best professional practices" means practices attaining to and maintaining accuracy of measurement and reporting devices and methods described in this article, such as operation and maintenance procedures and practices recommended by measurement device manufacturers, designers, and industry professionals (CCR 23 §597.2(a)(4)). This definition applies to agricultural water suppliers ≥10,000 acres.

Not Locally Cost-Effective:

The present value of the local benefits of implementing a water demand management measure is less than the present value of the local costs of implementing that measure. (SB X7-7 §10631.5 (a)(4)(B))

C. What Must an Agricultural Water Supplier Do to be Compliant with AB 1404 and SB X7-7 (Article 2)?

- 1. For those agricultural water suppliers providing farm-gate delivery data to DWR, they must:
 - a) Provide DWR with aggregated monthly or bimonthly farm-gate deliveries on an annual basis, and
 - b) Provide DWR with information on their farm-gate measurement program or practices to document that
 - i. They are using "Best Professional Practices" if they are suppliers providing water to less than 25,000 irrigated acres, excluding acres that receive only recycled water.
 - ii. They measure water delivered to customers in accordance with DWR's agriculture water measurement regulation if they are suppliers providing water to more than 25,000 irrigated acres, excluding acres that receive only recycled water.
 - iii. They measure water delivered to customers in accordance with DWR's agriculture water measurement regulation when funding is provided to them for the purpose, if they are suppliers providing water to 10,000 or more irrigated acres but less than 25,000 irrigated acres, excluding acres that receive only recycled water.
- 2. For those agricultural water suppliers greater than 2,000 acres not providing farm-gate delivery data to DWR, they must provide DWR with information that documents that the implementation of a program or practices to measure farm-gate deliveries using Best Professional Practices is not locally cost effective. Reporting is mandatory (local cost effectiveness does not apply) for those suppliers that provide water to more than 25,000 irrigated acres, excluding acres that receive only recycled water, and for those providing water to 10,000 or more irrigated acres but less than 25,000 irrigated acres, when funding is provided for the purpose of measurement.

D. Reporting Required Information

Agricultural water suppliers must submit the required information listed below to DWR using the *Agricultural Aggregated Farm-Gate Delivery Reporting Format (see Figure 3 in Chapter 6.9)*

- Report basic information about the water supplier.
- Report the water supplier representative's contact information.
- Report of the monthly or bimonthly aggregated farm-gate deliveries and to identify the Best Professional Practices used
- Provide DWR with comments and explanations if the implementation of a farm-gate measurement program or practices using Best Professional Practices are not locally cost effective.

E. Information of "Best Professional Practices" and "Not Locally Cost Effective" for purpose of water suppliers <10,000 irrigated acres to comply with AB 1404

AB1404 defines "Best Professional Practices" as "Practices attaining and maintaining accuracy of measurement and reporting devices and methods". It does not specify any method of measurement. The Water Code defines "Not Locally Cost Effective" as "The present value of the local benefits of implementing a water demand management measure is less than the present value of the local costs of implementing that measure". The Water Code does not require DWR to develop any methods, or standards on "Best Professional Practices" or "Not Locally Cost Effective", nor does it to require water suppliers to use any specific water measurement methods. The Water Code does not require DWR to evaluate or review any information provided by agricultural water suppliers.

As a technical assistance to water suppliers, DWR is providing different sources of information on "Best Professional Practices" and "Not Locally Cost Effective" to water suppliers.

The final report, "Independent Panel on Appropriate Measurement of Agricultural Water Use" (September 2003) contains information pertaining to farm-gate deliveries that could help a local water supplier in gaining more understanding about measurement programs and practices and their accuracies. It also includes some information related to costs and benefits of measurement programs and practices that might be helpful. The report can be found at http://calwater.ca.gov/calfed/library/Archive WUE.html.

The Agricultural Water Management Council's website contains information on measurement and has links to other sites with additional information on water measurement. The website is located at http://www.agwatercouncil.org/Measurement/Measurement-Resources/menu-id-69.html. Members of the Agricultural Water Management Council may also use the Net Benefit Analysis Tool to determine local cost effectiveness for water measurement. This method can be found on the Agricultural Water Management Council's web site at http://www.agwatercouncil.org/

F. Submitting the Annual Report

The completed form must be submitted by mail or e-mail to DWR each year beginning July 1, 2013. The completed forms should be sent to the following address:

Department of Water Resources Water Use and Efficiency Branch Agricultural Water Use Efficiency Unit P.O. Box 942836 Sacramento, CA 94236 Attention: Fethi BenJemaa

The completed electronic form may be submitted by e-mail to Fethi BenJemaa at jemaa@water.ca.gov

Any future submittal updates may be found on DWR's website at http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/

B.5 Guidance on Climate Change for Agricultural Water Management Plans

This section is provided as an example for compliance with SB X7-7 §10826 (c). The potential effects of climate change would not only impact local areas but would also result in statewide changes that could affect the supplier and its water supplies.

Snowpack in the Sierra Nevada provides 65 percent of California's water supply. Estimates indicate that by 2050 the Sierra snowpack will be significantly reduced. Much of the precipitation is expected to fall as rain instead of snow during winter and cannot be stored in our current water system for later use. The climate is also expected to become more variable and extreme, bringing more droughts and floods. Agricultural water suppliers will need to be prepared to adapt to greater variability in weather patterns.

A. Potential Climate Change Effects

Within the next 20 years, DWR expects that water supplies, water demand, sea level, and the occurrence and increased severity of floods will be affected by climate change. Some of these potential changes are presented below.

Water suppliers should consider the following climate change effects, many of which are already documented in California:

- 1. **Water Demand** Shorter winters, more hot days and nights, and a longer irrigation season will increase water demand.
- 2. **Water Supply and Quality** Reduced snowpack, shifting spring runoff to earlier in the year has the potential to impact water supply.
- 3. **Sea Level Rise** The Delta will be at greater risk to increased salinity due to sea level rise. It is expected that sea level will continue to rise due to the warming of the oceans. This will result in near-shore ocean changes such as stronger storm surges, more forceful wave energy, and more extreme tides. This will also affect levee stability in low-lying areas and increase flooding.
- 4. **Disaster** Disasters are expected to become more frequent as climate change brings increased climate variability, resulting in more extreme droughts and floods.

A thorough discussion in the AWMP is encouraged by agricultural water suppliers to address their potential actions and responses to these changes as part of addressing the effects of climate changes on future water supplies.

B. Specific points to consider

- 1. Irrigation demand is likely to increase as temperatures rise and rainfall becomes more variable.
- 2. Permanent crops such as fruit and nut trees will be adversely affected by climate change and are not easily shifted to alternative crops. Areas with significant water demand from these crops may have reduced flexibility for adapting to changing climatic conditions.
- 3. Flooding risk is expected to increase as a result of more severe rainfall patterns and warmer winter rains. This could affect water supply and conveyance.
- 4. Snowpack is expected to significantly diminish as the climate warms. Diminished snowfall in the mountains and earlier runoff will result in reduced water supply availability for agricultural water suppliers that rely on this source of water. A water supply source that depends upon snow-melt and barely meets water demands under existing conditions is more likely to be vulnerable to climate change.
- 5. The Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta is vulnerable to impacts of climate change, most notably sea level rise. Higher sea levels will make it more difficult to export water from the Delta with the existing infrastructure and may result in reduced water deliveries over time.

See "Climate Change Handbook for Regional Water Planning" (2011) for additional details: http://www.water.ca.gov/climatechange/CCHandbook.cfm

B.6 Legislative History, Current Legislation and Regulations, and Related Programs

A. Legislative History

1. AB 3616 Agricultural Efficient Water Management Act of 1990

This legislation required DWR to establish an advisory committee consisting of state, federal, and local agencies; agricultural communities, California university system; environmental and public interest groups; and other interested parties to develop a list of efficient water management practices for agricultural water suppliers. In addition, then California Governor Pete Wilson directed the AB 3616 Advisory Committee to develop a Memorandum of Understanding between the agricultural and environmental communities and other interested parties to further address efficient use of agricultural water in California.

2. Water Code §531.1 - AB 1404 (2007) Water Measurement Information

The AB 1404 requires agricultural water suppliers to submit to DWR an annual report that includes measured aggregated farm-gate deliveries data on a monthly or bi-monthly basis. The submittals are also to include farm-gate measurement programs or practices to document implementation of "Best Professional Practices" (BMPs). If water measurement is not locally cost-effective, then the agricultural water supplier may provide supporting documentation to DWR.

B. Current Legislation and Regulations

- 1. Water Conservation Bill of 2009 (SB X7-7)
- 2. Agricultural Water Measurement

(Title 23 California Code of Regulations, §597 et seq., 2011)

C. Related Programs

1. California Water Plan Update

http://www.waterplan.water.ca.gov/cwpu2013/index.cfm

- 2. California Agricultural Water Management Council Efficient Water Management Practices (EWMPs)
- 3. Integrated Regional Water Management Plans

http://www.water.ca.gov/irwm/index.cfm

4. Bureau of Reclamation Water management/conservation plans (CVPIA).

For the most current Standard Criteria, see:

http://www.usbr.gov/mp/watershare/documents/Water mgmt/index.html

5. Bureau of Reclamation RRA Plans

http://www.usbr.gov/rra/

6. Bureau of Reclamation 2008 Conservation Efficiency Standards (PL 102-575)

http://www.usbr.gov/mp/cvpia/title_34/public_law_complete.html

B.7 Text of CWC (SB X7-7) Pertaining to Agricultural Water Suppliers

[Indentations added for clarity]

Chapter 4. Agricultural Water Suppliers

10608.48.

- (a) On or before July 31, 2012, an agricultural water supplier shall implement efficient water management practices pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c).
- (b) Agricultural water suppliers shall implement all of the following critical efficient management practices:
 - (1) Measure the volume of water delivered to customers with sufficient accuracy to comply with subdivision (a) of Section 531.10 and to implement paragraph (2).
 - (2) Adopt a pricing structure for water customers based at least in part on quantity delivered.
- (c) Agricultural water suppliers shall implement additional efficient management practices, including, but not limited to, practices to accomplish all of the following, if the measures are locally cost effective and technically feasible:
 - (1) Facilitate alternative land use for lands with exceptionally high water duties or whose irrigation contributes to significant problems, including drainage.
 - (2) Facilitate use of available recycled water that otherwise would not be used beneficially, meets all health and safety criteria, and does not harm crops or soils.
 - (3) Facilitate the financing of capital improvements for on-farm irrigation systems.
 - (4) Implement an incentive pricing structure that promotes one or more of the following goals:
 - (A) More efficient water use at the farm level.
 - (B) Conjunctive use of groundwater.
 - (C) Appropriate increase of groundwater recharge.
 - (D) Reduction in problem drainage.
 - (E) Improved management of environmental resources.
 - (F) Effective management of all water sources throughout the year by adjusting seasonal pricing structures based on current conditions.

- (5) Expand line or pipe distribution systems, and construct regulatory reservoirs to increase distribution system flexibility and capacity, decrease maintenance, and reduce seepage.
- (6) Increase flexibility in water ordering by, and delivery to, water customers within operational limits.
- (7) Construct and operate supplier spill and tailwater recovery systems.
- (8) Increase planned conjunctive use of surface water and groundwater within the supplier service area.
- (9) Automate canal control structures.
- (10) Facilitate or promote customer pump testing and evaluation.
- (11) Designate a water conservation coordinator who will develop and implement the water management plan and prepare progress reports.
- (12) Provide for the availability of water management services to water users. These services may include, but are not limited to, all of the following:
 - (A) On-farm irrigation and drainage system evaluations.
 - (B) Normal year and real-time irrigation scheduling and crop evapotranspiration information.
 - (C) Surface water, groundwater, and drainage water quantity and quality data.
 - (D) Agricultural water management educational programs and materials for farmers, staff, and the public.
- (13) Evaluate the policies of agencies that provide the supplier with water to identify the potential for institutional changes to allow more flexible water deliveries and storage.
- (14) Evaluate and improve the efficiencies of the supplier's pumps.
- (d) Agricultural water suppliers shall include in the agricultural water management plans required pursuant to Part 2.8 (commencing with Section 10800) a report on which efficient water management practices have been implemented and are planned to be implemented, an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements that have occurred since the last report, and an estimate of the water use efficiency improvements estimated to occur five and 10 years in the future. If an agricultural water supplier determines that an efficient water management practice is not locally cost effective or technically feasible, the supplier shall submit information documenting that determination.
- (e) The data shall be reported using a standardized form developed pursuant to Section 10608.52.

- (f) An agricultural water supplier may meet the requirements of subdivisions (d) and (e) by submitting to the department a water conservation plan submitted to the United States Bureau of Reclamation that meets the requirements described in Section 10828.
- (g) On or before December 31, 2013, December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2021, the department, in consultation with the board, shall submit to the Legislature a report on the agricultural efficient water management practices that have been implemented and are planned to be implemented and an assessment of the manner in which the implementation of those efficient water management practices has affected and will affect agricultural operations, including estimated water use efficiency improvements, if any.
- (h) The department may update the efficient water management practices required pursuant to subdivision (c), in consultation with the Agricultural Water Management Council, the United States Bureau of Reclamation, and the board. All efficient water management practices for agricultural water use pursuant to this chapter shall be adopted or revised by the department only after the department conducts public hearings to allow participation of the diverse geographical areas and interests of the state.

(i)

- (1) The department shall adopt regulations that provide for a range of options that agricultural water suppliers may use or implement to comply with the measurement requirement in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b).
- (2) The initial adoption of a regulation authorized by this subdivision is deemed to address an emergency, for purposes of Sections 11346.1 and 11349.6 of the Government Code, and the department is hereby exempted for that purpose from the requirements of subdivision (b) of Section 11346.1 of the Government Code. After the initial adoption of an emergency regulation pursuant to this subdivision, the department shall not request approval from the Office of Administrative Law to readopt the regulation as an emergency regulation pursuant to Section 11346.1 of the Government Code.

Chapter 5. Sustainable Water Management

10608.50.

- (a) The department, in consultation with the board, shall promote implementation of regional water resources management practices through increased incentives and removal of barriers consistent with state and federal law. Potential changes may include, but are not limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) Revisions to the requirements for urban and agricultural water management plans.
 - (2) Revisions to the requirements for integrated regional water management plans.

- (3) Revisions to the eligibility for state water management grants and loans.
- (4) Revisions to state or local permitting requirements that increase water supply opportunities, but do not weaken water quality protection under state and federal law.
- (5) Increased funding for research, feasibility studies, and project construction.
- (6) Expanding technical and educational support for local land use and water management agencies.
- (b) No later than January 1, 2011, and updated as part of the California Water Plan, the department, in consultation with the board, and with public input, shall propose new statewide targets, or review and update existing statewide targets, for regional water resources management practices, including, but not limited to, recycled water, brackish groundwater desalination, and infiltration and direct use of urban stormwater runoff.

10608.64. The department, in consultation with the Agricultural Water Management Council, academic experts, and other stakeholders, shall develop a methodology for quantifying the efficiency of agricultural water use. Alternatives to be assessed shall include, but not be limited to, determination of efficiency levels based on crop type or irrigation system distribution uniformity. On or before December 31, 2011, the department shall report to the Legislature on a proposed methodology and a plan for implementation. The plan shall include the estimated implementation costs and the types of data needed to support the methodology. Nothing in this section authorizes the department to implement a methodology established pursuant to this section.

PART 2.8. AGRICULTURAL WATER MANAGEMENT PLANNING Chapter 1. General Declarations and Policy

- 10800. This part shall be known and may be cited as the Agricultural Water Management Planning Act.
- 10801. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:
 - (a) The waters of the state are a limited and renewable resource.
 - (b) The California Constitution requires that water in the state be used in a reasonable and beneficial manner.
 - (c) Urban water districts are required to adopt water management plans.
 - (d) The conservation of agricultural water supplies is of great statewide concern.
 - (e) There is a great amount of reuse of delivered water, both inside and outside the water service areas.

- (f) Significant noncrop beneficial uses are associated with agricultural water use, including streamflows and wildlife habitat.
- (g) Significant opportunities exist in some areas, through improved irrigation water management, to conserve water or to reduce the quantity of highly saline or toxic drainage water.
- (h) Changes in water management practices should be carefully planned and implemented to minimize adverse effects on other beneficial uses currently being served.
- (i) Agricultural water suppliers that receive water from the federal Central Valley Project are required by federal law to prepare and implement water conservation plans.
- (j) Agricultural water users applying for a permit to appropriate water from the board are required to prepare and implement water conservation plans.
- 10802. The Legislature finds and declares that all of the following are the policies of the state:
 - (a) The conservation of water shall be pursued actively to protect both the people of the state and the state's water resources.
 - (b) The conservation of agricultural water supplies shall be an important criterion in public decisions with regard to water.
 - (c) Agricultural water suppliers shall be required to prepare water management plans to achieve conservation of water.

Chapter 2. Definitions

- 10810. Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in this chapter govern the construction of this part.
- 10811. "Agricultural water management plan" or "plan" means an agricultural water management plan prepared pursuant to this part.
- 10812. "Agricultural water supplier" has the same meaning as defined in Section 10608.12.
- 10813. "Customer" means a purchaser of water from a water supplier who uses water for agricultural purposes.
- 10814. "Person" means any individual, firm, association, organization, partnership, business, trust, corporation, company, public agency, or any agency of that entity.
- 10815. "Public agency" means any city, county, city and county, special district, or other public entity.
- 10816. "Urban water supplier" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 10617.

10817. "Water conservation" means the efficient management of water resources for beneficial uses, preventing waste, or accomplishing additional benefits with the same amount of water.

Chapter 3. Agricultural Water Management Plans Article 1. General Provisions

10820.

- (a) An agricultural water supplier shall prepare and adopt an agricultural water management plan in the manner set forth in this chapter on or before December 31, 2012, and shall update that plan on December 31, 2015, and on or before December 31 every five years thereafter.
- (b) Every supplier that becomes an agricultural water supplier after December 31, 2012, shall prepare and adopt an agricultural water management plan within one year after the date it has become an agricultural water supplier.
- (c) A water supplier that indirectly provides water to customers for agricultural purposes shall not prepare a plan pursuant to this part without the consent of each agricultural water supplier that directly provides that water to its customers.

10821.

- (a) An agricultural water supplier required to prepare a plan pursuant to this part shall notify each city or county within which the supplier provides water supplies that the agricultural water supplier will be preparing the plan or reviewing the plan and considering amendments or changes to the plan. The agricultural water supplier may consult with, and obtain comments from, each city or county that receives notice pursuant to this subdivision.
- (b) The amendments to, or changes in, the plan shall be adopted and submitted in the manner set forth in Article 3 (commencing with Section 10840).

Article 2. Contents of Plans

10825.

- (a) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this part to allow levels of water management planning commensurate with the numbers of customers served and the volume of water supplied.
- (b) This part does not require the implementation of water conservation programs or practices that are not locally cost effective.

10826. An agricultural water management plan shall be adopted in accordance with this chapter. The plan shall do all of the following:

(a) Desc	ribe the agricultural water supplier and the service area, including all of the following:
	(1) Size of the service area.
	(2) Location of the service area and its water management facilities.
	(3) Terrain and soils.
	(4) Climate.
	(5) Operating rules and regulations.
	(6) Water delivery measurements or calculations.
	(7) Water rate schedules and billing.
	(8) Water shortage allocation policies.
	ribe the quantity and quality of water resources of the agricultural water supplier, g all of the following:
	(1) Surface water supply.
	(2) Groundwater supply.
	(3) Other water supplies.
	(4) Source water quality monitoring practices.
	(5) Water uses within the agricultural water supplier's service area, including all of the following:
	(A) Agricultural.
	(B) Environmental.
	(C) Recreational.
	(D) Municipal and industrial.
	(E) Groundwater recharge.
	(F) Transfers and exchanges.
	(G) Other water uses.
	(6) Drainage from the water supplier's service area.
	(7) Water accounting, including all of the following:

- (A) Quantifying the water supplier's water supplies.
- (B) Tabulating water uses.
- (C) Overall water budget.
- (8) Water supply reliability.
- (c) Include an analysis, based on available information, of the effect of climate change on future water supplies.
- (d) Describe previous water management activities.
- (e) Include in the plan the water use efficiency information required pursuant to Section 10608.48.

10827. Agricultural water suppliers that are members of the Agricultural Water Management Council, and that submit water management plans to that council in accordance with the "Memorandum of Understanding Regarding Efficient Water Management Practices By Agricultural Water Suppliers In California," dated January 1, 1999, may submit the water management plans identifying water demand management measures currently being implemented, or scheduled for implementation, to satisfy the requirements of Section 10826.

10828.

- (a) Agricultural water suppliers that are required to submit water conservation plans to the United States Bureau of Reclamation pursuant to either the Central Valley Project Improvement Act (Public Law 102-575) or the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982, or both, may submit those water conservation plans to satisfy the requirements of Section 10826, if both of the following apply:
 - (1) The agricultural water supplier has adopted and submitted the water conservation plan to the United States Bureau of Reclamation within the previous four years.
 - (2) The United States Bureau of Reclamation has accepted the water conservation plan as adequate.
- (b) This part does not require agricultural water suppliers that are required to submit water conservation plans to the United States Bureau of Reclamation pursuant to either the Central Valley Project Improvement Act (Public Law 102-575) or the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982, or both, to prepare and adopt water conservation plans according to a schedule that is different from that required by the United States Bureau of Reclamation.

10829. An agricultural water supplier may satisfy the requirements of this part by adopting an urban water management plan pursuant to Part 2.6 (commencing with Section 10610) or by participation in areawide, regional, watershed, or basinwide water management planning if those plans meet or exceed the requirements of this part.

Article 3. Adoption and Implementation of Plans

10840. Every agricultural water supplier shall prepare its plan pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 10825).

10841. Prior to adopting a plan, the agricultural water supplier shall make the proposed plan available for public inspection, and shall hold a public hearing on the plan. Prior to the hearing, notice of the time and place of hearing shall be published within the jurisdiction of the publicly owned agricultural water supplier pursuant to Section 6066 of the Government Code. A privately owned agricultural water supplier shall provide an equivalent notice within its service area and shall provide a reasonably equivalent opportunity that would otherwise be afforded through a public hearing process for interested parties to provide input on the plan. After the hearing, the plan shall be adopted as prepared or as modified during or after the hearing.

10842. An agricultural water supplier shall implement the plan adopted pursuant to this chapter in accordance with the schedule set forth in its plan, as determined by the governing body of the agricultural water supplier.

10843.

- (a) An agricultural water supplier shall submit to the entities identified in subdivision (b) a copy of its plan no later than 30 days after the adoption of the plan. Copies of amendments or changes to the plans shall be submitted to the entities identified in subdivision (b) within 30 days after the adoption of the amendments or changes.
- (b) An agricultural water supplier shall submit a copy of its plan and amendments or changes to the plan to each of the following entities:
 - (1) The department.
 - (2) Any city, county, or city and county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.
 - (3) Any groundwater management entity within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier extracts or provides water supplies.
 - (4) Any urban water supplier within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.
 - (5) Any city or county library within which jurisdiction the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.
 - (6) The California State Library.
 - (7) Any local agency formation commission serving a county within which the agricultural water supplier provides water supplies.

10844.

- (a) Not later than 30 days after the date of adopting its plan, the agricultural water supplier shall make the plan available for public review on the agricultural water supplier's Internet Web site.
- (b) An agricultural water supplier that does not have an Internet Web site shall submit to the department, not later than 30 days after the date of adopting its plan, a copy of the adopted plan in an electronic format. The department shall make the plan available for public review on the department's Internet Web site.

10845.

- (a) The department shall prepare and submit to the Legislature, on or before December 31, 2013, and thereafter in the years ending in six and years ending in one, a report summarizing the status of the plans adopted pursuant to this part.
- (b) The report prepared by the department shall identify the outstanding elements of any plan adopted pursuant to this part. The report shall include an evaluation of the effectiveness of this part in promoting efficient agricultural water management practices and recommendations relating to proposed changes to this part, as appropriate.
- (c) The department shall provide a copy of the report to each agricultural water supplier that has submitted its plan to the department. The department shall also prepare reports and provide data for any legislative hearing designed to consider the effectiveness of plans submitted pursuant to this part.
- (d) This section does not authorize the department, in preparing the report, to approve, disapprove, or critique individual plans submitted pursuant to this part.

Chapter 4. Miscellaneous Provisions

10850.

- (a) Any action or proceeding to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the acts or decisions of an agricultural water supplier on the grounds of noncompliance with this part shall be commenced as follows:
 - (1) An action or proceeding alleging failure to adopt a plan shall be commenced within 18 months after that adoption is required by this part.
 - (2) Any action or proceeding alleging that a plan, or action taken pursuant to the plan, does not comply with this part shall be commenced within 120 days after submitting the plan or amendments to the plan to entities in accordance with Section 10844 or the taking of that action.

(b) In an action or proceeding to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul a plan, or an action taken pursuant to the plan by an agricultural water supplier, on the grounds of noncompliance with this part, the inquiry shall extend only to whether there was a prejudicial abuse of discretion. Abuse of discretion is established if the agricultural water supplier has not proceeded in a manner required by law, or if the action by the agricultural water supplier is not supported by substantial evidence.

10851. The California Environmental Quality Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code) does not apply to the preparation and adoption of plans pursuant to this part. This part does not exempt projects for implementation of the plan or for expanded or additional water supplies from the California Environmental Quality Act.

10852. An agricultural water supplier is not eligible for a water grant or loan awarded or administered by the state unless the supplier complies with this part.

10853. No agricultural water supplier that provides water to less than 25,000 irrigated acres, excluding recycled water, shall be required to implement the requirements of this part or Part 2.55 (commencing with Section 10608) unless sufficient funding has specifically been provided to that water supplier for these purposes.

SEC. 5. This act shall take effect only if Senate Bill 1 and Senate Bill 6 of the 2009–10 Seventh Extraordinary Session of the Legislature are enacted and become effective.

B.8 California Code of Regulations, Title 23, §597 et seq. Agricultural Water Measurement

http://www.water.ca.gov/wateruseefficiency/sb7/committees/ag/a2/

§597. Agricultural Water Measurement

Under the authority included under California Water Code §10608.48(i)(1), the Department of Water Resources (Department) is required to adopt regulations that provide for a range of options that agricultural water suppliers may use or implement to comply with the measurement requirements in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of §10608.48.

For reference, §10608.48(b) of the California Water Code states that:

Agricultural water suppliers shall implement all of the following critical efficient management practices:

- (1) <u>Measure the volume of water delivered to customers with</u> sufficient accuracy to comply with subdivision (a) of Section 531.10 and to implement paragraph (2).
- (2) <u>Adopt a pricing structure for water customers based at least in part on quantity delivered.</u>

For further reference, §531.10(a) of the California Water Code requires that:

(a) <u>An agricultural water supplier shall submit an annual report to</u> the department that summarizes aggregated farm-gate delivery data, on a monthly or bi-monthly basis, using best professional practices.

Notes:

- (1) Paragraphs (1) and (2) of §10608.48(b) specify agricultural water suppliers' reporting of aggregated farm-gate water delivery and adopting a volumetric water pricing structure as the purposes of water measurement. However, this article only addresses developing a range of options for water measurement.
- (2) <u>Agricultural water suppliers reporting agricultural water deliveries measured under this article shall use the "Agricultural Aggregated Farm Gate Delivery Reporting Format for Article 2" (Rev. 6-20-12), developed for this article and hereby incorporated by reference.</u>

(3) The Department shall report on the availability of new commercially available water measurement technologies and impediments to implementation of this article when reporting to the Legislature the status of adopted Agricultural Water Management Plans in plan submittal years 2012, 2015 and every five years thereafter as required by California Water Code §10845. The Department shall also report the findings to the California Water Commission.

Note: Authority cited: Section 10608.48, Water Code. Reference: Sections 531.10, 10608.48 (b), 10608.48 (i), 10608.52 (b) and 10845 Water Code.

§597.1. Applicability

- (a) An agricultural water supplier providing water to 25,000 irrigated acres or more, excluding acres that receive only recycled water, is subject to this article.
- (b) A wholesale agricultural water supplier providing water to another agricultural water supplier (the receiving water supplier) for ultimate resale to customers is subject to this article at the location at which control of the water is transferred to the receiving water supplier. However, the wholesale agricultural water supplier is not required to measure the receiving agricultural water supplier's deliveries to its customers.
- (c) A water supplier providing water to wildlife refuges or habitat lands where (1) the refuges or habitat lands are under a contractual relationship with the water supplier, and (2) the water supplier meets the irrigated acreage criteria of Water Code §10608.12(a), is subject to this article.
- (d) An agricultural water supplier providing water to less than 10,000 irrigated acres, excluding acres that receive only recycled water, is not subject to this article.
- (e) An agricultural water supplier providing water to 10,000 or more irrigated acres but less than 25,000 irrigated acres, excluding acres that receive only recycled water, is not subject to this article unless sufficient funding is provided specifically for that purpose, as stated under Water Code §10853.
- (f) A canal authority or other entity that conveys or delivers water through facilities owned by a federal agency is not subject to this article.
- (g) <u>Pursuant to Water Code §10608.8(d)</u>, an agricultural water supplier "that is a party to the Quantification Settlement Agreement, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 1 of Chapter 617 of the Statutes of 2002, during the period within which the Quantification Settlement Agreement remains in effect," is not subject to this article.
- (h) Pursuant to Water Code §10608.12(a), the Department is not subject to this article.

Note: Authority cited: Section 10608.48, Water Code. Reference: Sections 10608.12 (a), 10608.48 (d), 10608.48 (f), 10828, and 10853 Water Code.

§597.2. Definitions

(a) For purposes of this article, the terms used are defined in this section.

- (1) "Accuracy" means the measured volume relative to the actual volume, expressed as a percent. The percent shall be calculated as 100 x (measured value actual value) / actual value, where "measured value" is the value indicated by the device or determined through calculations using a measured value by the device, such as flow rate, combined with a duration of flow, and "actual value" is the value as determined through laboratory, design or field testing protocols using best professional practices.
- (2) "Agricultural water supplier," as defined in Water Code §10608.12(a), means a water supplier, either publicly or privately owned, providing water to 10,000 or more irrigated acres, excluding acres that receive only recycled water. "Agricultural water supplier" includes a supplier or contractor for water, regardless of the basis of right, which distributes or sells water for ultimate resale to customers. "Agricultural water supplier" does not include the Department.
- (3) "Approved by an engineer" means a California-registered Professional Engineer has reviewed, signed and stamped the plans, design, testing, inspection, and/or documentation report for a measurement device as described in this article.
- (4) "Best professional practices" means practices attaining to and maintaining accuracy of measurement and reporting devices and methods described in this article, such as operation and maintenance procedures and practices recommended by measurement device manufacturers, designers, and industry professionals.
- (5) "Customer" means the purchaser of water from an agricultural water supplier who has a contractual arrangement with the agricultural water supplier for the service of conveying water to the customer delivery point.
- (6) "Delivery point" means the location at which the agricultural water supplier transfers control of delivered water to a customer or group of customers. In most instances, the transfer of control occurs at the farm-gate, which is therefore, a delivery point.
- (7) <u>"Existing measurement device," means a measurement device that was installed in the field prior to the effective date of this article.</u>
- (8) <u>"Farm-gate,"</u> as defined in Water Code §531(f), means the point at which water is delivered from the agricultural water supplier's distribution system to each of its customers.

- (9) <u>"Irrigated acres," for purposes of applicability of this article, is calculated as the average of the previous five-year acreage within the agricultural water supplier's service area that has received irrigation water from the agricultural water supplier.</u>
- (10) "Manufactured device" means a device that is manufactured by a commercial enterprise, often under exclusive legal rights of the manufacturer, for direct off-the-shelf purchase and installation. Such devices are capable of directly measuring flow rate, velocity, or accumulating the volume of water delivered, without the need for additional components that are built on-site or in-house.
- (11) "Measurement device" means a device by which an agricultural water supplier determines the numeric value of flow rate, velocity or volume of the water passing a designated delivery point. A measurement device may be a manufactured device, on-site built device or in-house built device.
- (12) "New or replacement measurement device" means a measurement device installed after the effective date of this article.
- (13) "Recycled water" is defined in subdivision (n) of §13050 of the Water Code as water that, as a result of treatment of waste, is suitable for a direct beneficial use or a controlled use that would not otherwise occur, and is therefore considered a valuable resource.
- (14) <u>"Type of device" means a measurement device that is manufactured or built to perform similar functions.</u> For example, rectangular, v-notch, and broad crested weirs are one type of device. Similarly, all submerged orifice gates are considered one type of device.

Note: Authority cited: Section 10608.48, Water Code. Reference: Sections 10608.12 (a), 10608.12 (m), 10608.48, and 10813 Water Code.

§597.3 Range of Options for Agricultural Water Measurement

An agricultural water supplier subject to this article shall measure surface water and groundwater that it delivers to its customers pursuant to the accuracy standards in this section. The supplier may choose any applicable single measurement option or combination of options listed in paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section. Measurement device accuracy and operation shall be certified, tested, inspected and/or analyzed as described in §597.4 of this article.

(a) Measurement Options at the Delivery Point or Farm-gate of a Single Customer

An agricultural water supplier shall measure water delivered at the delivery point or farm-gate of a single customer using one of the following measurement options. The stated numerical accuracy for each measurement option is for the volume delivered. If a device measures a value other than volume, for example, flow rate,

velocity or water elevation, the accuracy certification must incorporate the measurements or calculations required to convert the measured value to volume as described in §597.4(e).

(1) An existing measurement device shall be certified to be accurate to within ±12% by volume.

and,

- (2) A new or replacement measurement device shall be certified to be accurate to within:
 - (A) $\pm 5\%$ by volume in the laboratory if using a laboratory certification; (B) $\pm 10\%$ by volume in the field if using a non-laboratory certification.

(b) Measurement Options at a Location Upstream of the Delivery Points or Farm-gates of Multiple Customers

- (1) An agricultural water supplier may measure water delivered at a location upstream of the delivery points or farm-gates of multiple customers using one of the measurement options described in §597.3(a) if the downstream individual customer's delivery points meet either of the following conditions:
 - (A) The agricultural water supplier does not have legal access to the delivery points of individual customers or group of customers needed to install, measure, maintain, operate, and monitor a measurement device.

Or,

- (B) An engineer determines that, due to small differentials in water level or large fluctuations in flow rate or velocity that occur during the delivery season at a single farm-gate, accuracy standards of measurement options in §597.3(a) cannot be met by installing a measurement device or devices (manufactured or on-site built or in-house built devices with or without additional components such as gauging rod, water level control structure at the farm-gate, etc.). If conditions change such that the accuracy standards of measurement options in §597.3(a) at the farm-gate can be met, an agricultural water supplier shall include in its Agricultural Water Management
- agricultural water supplier shall include in its Agricultural Water Management Plan, a schedule, budget and finance plan to demonstrate progress to measure water at the farm-gate in compliance with §597.3(a) of this article.
- (2) An agricultural water supplier choosing an option under paragraph (b)(1) of this section shall provide the following current documentation in its Agricultural Water Management Plan(s) submitted pursuant to Water Code §10826:

- (A) When applicable, to demonstrate lack of legal access at delivery points of individual customers or group of customers downstream of the point of measurement, the agricultural water supplier's legal counsel shall certify to the Department that it does not have legal access to measure water at customers delivery points and that it has sought and been denied access from its customers to measure water at those points.
- (B) When applicable, the agricultural water supplier shall document the water measurement device unavailability and that the water level or flow conditions described in §597.3(b)(1)(B) exist at individual customer's delivery points downstream of the point of measurement as approved by an engineer.
- (C) The agricultural water supplier shall document all of the following criteria about the methodology it uses to apportion the volume of water delivered to the individual downstream customers:
 - (i) <u>How it accounts for differences in water use among the individual</u> <u>customers based on but not limited to the duration of water delivery to the individual customers, annual customer water use patterns, irrigated acreage, crops planted, and on-farm irrigation system,</u>

and;

(ii) That it is sufficient for establishing a pricing structure based at least in part on the volume delivered,

and;

(iii) That it was approved by the agricultural water supplier's governing board or body.

Note: Authority cited: Section 10608.48, Water Code. Reference: Sections 531.10, 10608.48 (i) (1), and 10826 Water Code.

§597.4 Accuracy Certification, Records Retention, Device Performance, and Reporting

(a) Initial Certification of Device Accuracy

The accuracy of an existing, new or replacement measurement device or type of device, as required in §597.3, shall be initially certified and documented as follows:

- (1) For existing measurement devices, the device accuracy required in section 597.3(a) shall be initially certified and documented by either:
 - (A) Field-testing that is completed on a random and statistically representative sample of the existing measurement devices as described in §597.4(b)(1) and §597.4(b)(2). Field-testing shall be performed by individuals trained in the use of field-testing equipment, and documented in a report approved by an engineer.

Or,

- (B) Field-inspections and analysis completed for every existing measurement device as described in §597.4(b)(3). Field-inspections and analysis shall be performed by trained individuals in the use of field inspection and analysis, and documented in a report approved by an engineer.
- (2) For new or replacement measurement devices, the device accuracy required in sections 597.3 (a)(2) shall be initially certified and documented by either:
 - (A) <u>Laboratory Certification prior to installation of a measurement device as</u> documented by the manufacturer or an entity, institution or individual that tested the device following industry-established protocols such as the National Institute for Standards and Testing (NIST) traceability standards. Documentation shall include the manufacturer's literature or the results of laboratory testing of an individual device or type of device.

Or,

- (B) Non-Laboratory Certification after the installation of a measurement device in the field, as documented by either:
- (i) An affidavit approved by an engineer submitted to the agricultural water supplier of either (1) the design and installation of an individual device at a specified location, or (2) the standardized design and installation for a group of measurement devices for each type of device installed at specified locations.

 Or,
- (ii) A report submitted to the agricultural water supplier and approved by an engineer documenting the field-testing performed on the installed measurement device or type of device, by individuals trained in the use of field testing equipment.

(b) Protocols for Field-Testing and Field-Inspection and Analysis of Existing Devices

- (1) Field-testing shall be performed for a sample of existing measurement devices according to manufacturer's recommendations or design specifications and following best professional practices. It is recommended that the sample size be no less than 10% of existing devices, with a minimum of 5, and not to exceed 100 individual devices for any particular device type. Alternatively, the supplier may develop its own sampling plan using an accepted statistical methodology.
 - (2) If during the field-testing of existing measurement devices, more than one quarter of the samples for any particular device type do not meet the criteria pursuant to §597.3(a), the agricultural water supplier shall provide in its Agricultural Water

Management Plan, a plan to test an additional 10% of its existing devices, with a minimum of 5, but not to exceed an additional 100 individual devices for the particular device type. This second round of field-testing and corrective actions shall be completed within three years of the initial field-testing.

(3) Field-inspections and analysis protocols shall be performed and the results shall be approved by an engineer for every existing measurement device to demonstrate that the design and installation standards used for the installation of existing measurement devices meet the accuracy standards of §597.3(a) and operation and maintenance protocols meet best professional practices.

(c) Records Retention

Records documenting compliance with the requirements in §597.3 and §597.4 shall be maintained by the agricultural water supplier for ten years or two Agricultural Water Management Plan cycles.

(d) **Performance Requirements**

- (1) All measurement devices shall be correctly installed, maintained, operated, inspected, and monitored as described by the manufacturer, the laboratory or the registered Professional Engineer that has signed and stamped certification of the device, and pursuant to best professional practices.
- (2) If an installed measurement device no longer meets the accuracy requirements of §597.3(a) based on either field-testing or field-inspections and analysis as defined in sections 597.4 (a) and (b) for either the initial accuracy certification or during operations and maintenance, then the agricultural water supplier shall take appropriate corrective action, including but not limited to, repair or replacement to achieve the requirements of this article.

(e) Reporting in Agricultural Water Management Plans

Agricultural water suppliers shall report the following information in their Agricultural Water Management Plan(s):

- (1) <u>Documentation as required to demonstrate compliance with §597.3 (b), as outlined in section §597.3(b)(2), and §597.4(b)(2).</u>
- (2) A description of best professional practices about, but not limited to, the (1) collection of water measurement data, (2) frequency of measurements, (3) method for determining irrigated acres, and (4) quality control and quality assurance procedures.
- (3) If a water measurement device measures flow rate, velocity or water elevation, and does not report the total volume of water delivered, the agricultural water supplier must document in its Agricultural Water Management Plan how it converted the

measured value to volume. The protocols must follow best professional practices and include the following methods for determining volumetric deliveries:

- (A) For devices that measure flow-rate, documentation shall describe protocols used to measure the duration of water delivery where volume is derived by the following formula: Volume = flow rate x duration of delivery.
- (B) For devices that measure velocity only, the documentation shall describe protocols associated with the measurement of the cross-sectional area of flow and duration of water delivery, where volume is derived by the following formula: Volume = velocity x cross-section flow area x duration of delivery.
- (C) For devices that measure water elevation at the device (e.g. flow over a weir or differential elevation on either side of a device), the documentation shall describe protocols associated with the measurement of elevation that was used to derive flow rate at the device. The documentation will also describe the method or formula used to derive volume from the measured elevation value(s).
- (4) If an existing water measurement device is determined to be out of compliance with §597.3, and the agricultural water supplier is unable to bring it into compliance before submitting its Agricultural Water Management Plan in December 2012, the agricultural water supplier shall provide in its 2012 plan, a schedule, budget and finance plan for taking corrective action in three years or less.

Note: Authority cited: Section 10608.48, Water Code. Reference: Sections 531.10, 10608.48 (i) (1), and 10826 Water Code.

Figure 3 Aggregated Farm-gate Delivery Report

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